## User's Manual

## பSER'S <br> MANபAL

## FRENIC-VG Series

UPAC Edition

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Though description in this manual is carefully prepared, contact the shop where you purchased this product, or our sales outlet as listed at the end of this manual, for any uncertainties or errors.

## Introduction

Thank you for purchasing option OPC-VG1-UPAC (hereinafter referred to as UPAC) and OPC-VG1-SIU (hereinafter referred to as Optical Link) of Fuji's general-purpose vector inverter FRENIC VG.
This User's Manual describes the procedure for operating FRENIC-VG using UPAC only or UPAC and Optical Link. Read through this User's Manual for correct operation.

This manual is prepared for those familiar with the operation methods of the SX-Programmer Expert (D300win) software and FRENIC-VG hardware. Therefore the operation method of each piece of software and the unit itself is not described in this manual. Refer to the following relevant manuals together with this manual.

| Title | Reference No. | Remarks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| High performance vector control <br> inverter catalog FRENIC-VG <br> Series | 24A1-E-0002 | Product explanations, characteristics, <br> specifications, outer dimensions, <br> options, etc. |
| Instruction manual <br> FRENIC-VG | INR-SI47-1563 | Instruction manual attached to product <br> Description concerning test operation <br> and connection only (attached to <br> purchased product) |
| FRENIC-VG USER'S MANUAL | 24A7-E-0019 | FRENIC-VG Unit Explanations |
| Unit Type, Function Code | FRENIC-VG USER'S MANUAL | 24A7-E-0018 |
| Stacks | FRENIC-VG Unit Explanations, Stacks |  |

## Structure of This Manual

This manual is structured as follows.

## Chapter 1. Preparation of System and Startup

Explains about the basic configuration of UPAC-based system, and preparations before starting operation.

## Chapter 2. Preparation and Basic Operation Examples

Explains basic operations with trial operation methods.

## Chapter 3. FRENIC-VG Interface

Explains detailed settings for operation and control configuration inside UPAC.

## Chapter 4. Package Software

Introduces package software for UPAC.

## Chapter 5. UPAC Programming Specification

Explains about UPAC programming specifications and connection with the VG unit.

## Chapter 6. Maintenance and Inspection

Explains about details of periodic inspection and procedures for battery exchange.

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## Safety Precautions

Read this manual carefully before installing, connecting (wiring), operating, servicing, or inspecting the inverter. Familiarize yourself with all safety features before using the inverter.
In this manual, safety messages are classified as follows:

| !WARNING | Improper operation may result in serious personal injury or death. |
| :---: | :--- |
| !CAUTION | Improper operation may result in slight to medium personal injury or property damage. |

Situations more serious than those covered by CAUTION will depend on prevailing circumstances.
Always follow instructions.

## Instructions on use

- This inverter is designed to drive a 3-phase induction motor and is not suitable for a
single-phasemotor or others.
A fire or malfunction may occur.
- This inverter may not be used (as is) as a component of a life-support system or other medical device
directly affecting the personal welfare of the user.
- This inverter is manufactured under strict quality control standards. However, safety equipment must
be installed if the failure of this device may result in personal injury and/or property damage.
Accident may result.

Installation
AWARNING

- Mount this inverter on an incombustible material such as metal.
- Do not mount it near a combustible material.


## There is a risk of fire.

- The protective structure for inverters of 30 kW or more is IPOO, and the main circuit terminal block section (active power section) may be touched. This also applies to cases where an optional DC reactor is used. In such cases, take care to mount the inverter in a place that is not easily accessible, etc.
Electric shock or injuries could occur.
- Do not hold or carry this inverter by the surface cover.
Inverter may be dropped causing injury.
- Ensure that the inverter and heat sink surfaces are kept free from foreign matter (lint, paper dust,small
chips of wood or metal chips).
- When changing installation bracket position, use the attached screws.
A fire or malfunction may occur.
- Do not install or operate an inverter with a damaged external or internal component.
A fire, accident or injury may occur.


## Instructions on wiring



- In cases where a device to detect leakage (zero phase current) appropriate for the power supply system is not attached, because it is not operationally favorable if the entire power supply system is stopped due to operation of a ground fault relay, etc., or for other reasons, attach individual circuit breaker (ELCB) to only shut down the inverter system.
- Connect each inverter to the power supply via wiring circuit breaker, leakage breaker (with overcurrent protection function). Use recommended types of wiring breakers and leakage breakers. Do not use units that exceed recommended capacity.
- Use the cables of the specified size.
- Fasten terminals with the specified fastening torque.
- When there are multiple combinations of inverter and motor, do not use a multi-core cable to house wirings for such multiple combinations.
- Do not attach a surge absorber to the output side (secondary side) of the inverter.
- When the power supply transformer has a capacity of 500 kVA or more, and when that capacity is ten times the larger than the rated capacity of the inverter, then the optional DC reactor must be connected.


## There is a risk of fire.

- Carry out grounding work of Type C or D in accordance with the inverter's input voltage system.
- Make sure to ground the grounding wire for the inverter's grounding terminal [

Electric shock or fire could occur.

- A licensed specialist must perform the wiring works.
- Wiring work must be done after verifying that power supply has been cut off.

Electric shock may result.

- Make sure to install the unit prior to wiring work.


## Electric shock or injuries could occur.

- Confirm that the phases and rated voltage of this product match those of the AC power supply.
- Do not connect power supply lines to the inverter's output terminals ( $\mathrm{U}, \mathrm{V}$ or W ).
- When a braking resistor is to be connected, do not connect it to terminals other than $\mathrm{P}(+)$-DB.


## A fire or malfunction may occur.

- Usually, reinforced insulation is not applied to the coating of control signal lines. Therefore, the insulated coating may be damaged for some reasons if control signal lines come into direct contact with the main circuit active power section. In such cases, take care to prevent the control signal lines from getting into contact with the main circuit active power section, in order to avoid the risk of high voltage of the main circuit getting applied to the control signal lines.
Accident or electric shock may result.


## \WARNING 4

- Before any switching, keep the power off for at least five minutes for 22 kW or less, and for at least ten minutes for 30 kW or less, make sure that the LED monitor and charging lamp are turned OFF. Further, make sure, using a multimeter or a similar instrument, that the DC link bus voltage between the terminals $\mathrm{P}(+)$ and $\mathrm{N}(-)$ has dropped to the safe level (+25 VDC or below).
Electric shock may result.


## CAUTION

- Electric noise is generated from the inverter, motor and wiring, which may cause surrounding sensors and devices to malfunction. In order to prevent such malfunction, take noise-proof measures.
Accident may result.


## Instructions on Operation

- Be sure to install the surface cover before turning on the power (closed). Do not remove the cover while power to the inverter is turned on.
- Do not operate the inverter with a wet hand.


## Electric shock may result.

- When the retry function is selected, the inverter may restart automatically after tripping. Design the machine to ensure personal safety in the event of restart.
- When the torque limiting function is selected, operating conditions may differ from preset conditions (acceleration/deceleration time or speed). In this case, personal safety must be assured.


## Accident may result.

- The (For) key on the keypad is only valid when the keypad operation is selected by function code F02. Separately prepare an emergency stop switch. If the operation command source is switched from the keypad by the link operation selection [LE], the sey becomes invalid.
- Eliminate the cause for the protective function to operate, verify that the operation command has been turned OFF, and cancel the alarm. If the alarm is cancelled while the operation command is still ON, the inverter starts to supply power to the motor, which may cause the motor to rotate and result in injury.


## Accident may result.

- If you select "Restart Mode after Momentary Power Failure" (F14 = 3 to 5), the inverter restarts upon power recovery. Design the machine to ensure personal safety in the event of restart.
- Fully understand this instruction manual and the user's manual before setting function codes. Careless alteration to function codes may cause motor rotation at a torque or speed that is not tolerable for the machine.


## Accident or injury may result.

- Even if the inverter has shut down power supply to the motor, voltage may be output to the inverter's output terminals $\mathrm{U}, \mathrm{V}$ and W , while voltage is applied to the main power supply input terminals $\mathrm{L} 1 / \mathrm{R}$, L2/S and L3/T.
- Voltage is also output to the inverter's output terminals $\mathrm{U}, \mathrm{V}$ and W , while the motor is stopped during DC braking action or pre-exciting action.


## Electric shock may result.

- High-speed setting can be easily set on this inverter. Fully understand the specifications of the motor and the machine before changing the settings.
Injury may result.


## CAUTION

- The heat sink or braking resistor become very hot. Do not touch.


## Burns may result.

- Do not use the inverter braking function for mechanical holding.


## Injury may result.

- The digital input terminals have functions to command start and stop (operation command [FWD], coast to stop command $[B X]$ ), or to change the speed command. Depending on the terminal states of digital input, operation may be started abruptly or speed may be changed substantially by simply changing the setting of function codes. Ensure sufficient safety before changing setting of function codes.
- In digital input, command sources for operation steps and speed commands may be assigned to switching functions ([SS1, 2, 4, 8], [N2/N1], [KP/PID], [IVS],[LE], etc.). When such signals are switched, operation may be started abruptly or speed may be changed substantially.


## Accident or injury may result.

## Instructions on maintenance, inspection, and replacement

## AWARNING

- Before proceeding to the maintenance/inspection jobs, turn OFF the power and wait at least five minutes for inverters of $\mathbf{2 2} \mathbf{k W}$ or below, or at least ten minutes for inverters of 33 kW or above. Make sure that the LED monitor and charging lamp are turned OFF. Further, make sure, using a multimeter or a similar instrument, that the DC link bus voltage between the terminals $P(+)$ and $N(-)$ has dropped to the safe level (+25 VDC or below).


## Electric shock may result.

Only authorized personnel should perform maintenance, inspection, and replacement operations.

- Take off metal jewelry, such as watches and rings.
- Use insulated tools.
- Never modify the product.

Electric shock or injuries could occur.
Instructions on disposal

- Treat as industrial waste when disposing it.
Injury may result.
- Battery used for this product is categorized as "primary battery", and should be disposed of in
accordance with the locally stipulated disposal method.

Speed control mode

\[

\]

## Accident or injury may result.

Torque control mode

## ! CAUTION

- If rotation is in progress on the load side at a torque exceeding the torque command under torque control, operation may be continued even if the operation command is turned OFF, because stopping conditions do not take effect.
In order to shut down inverter output in such cases, take appropriate measures such as deceleration to stop by switching to speed control; shutting down output by the coast to stop command: etc.


## Accident or injury may result.

## General Instructions

| CAUTION |
| :--- |
| Although figures in this manual may show the inverter with covers and safety screens removed <br> forexplanation purposes, do not operate the device until all such covers and screens have been replaced. |

## Icons

The following icons are used in this manual.

[^0]
## FRENIC-VG

## Chapter 1 Preparation of System and Startup

This chapter describes the basic system configuration of UPAC and startup preparation before the operation.

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### 1.1 System Configuration of UPAC

### 1.1.1 System Configuration

Install SX-Programmer Expert (D300win) + UPAC Upgrade to the PC to use it as a programming tool for the FRENIC-VG + UPAC + SIU system shown below. In the system without OPC-VG1-SIU, one FRENIC-VG unit can be controlled by UPAC.


Fig. 1-1-1

Table 1-1-1 Option card and other system component list

| Category | Name | Type | Function switch by <br> software | Specifications |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(*1) To be supported soon
(*2) If the following options are used, the ROM version of the main unit should be as shown below. OPC-VG1-UPAC,-PDP, SAFE, TBSI

MAIN: H10020 or later MTR: H20020 or later
OPC-VG1-DEV
MAIN: H10030 or later MTR: H20030 or later
OPC-VG1-SIU
MAIN: H10040 or later MTR: H20040 or later

Combination of control option configurations (number of units allowed)
Table 1-1-2

| CN | Port | Category | Pattern 1 | Pattern 2 | Pattern 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | A | Digital 8-bit, analog card | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | B | Digital 8-bit | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 6 | C | Field bus interface card | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 10 | D | Digital 16-bit | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 16 | E | Safety card | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | F | Control circuit terminal | 1 | 1 | 1 |

Limitations for installation of OPC control option
There are limitations for simultaneous installation, as shown in Table 6.1.3. OK: Can be installed simultaneously. NG: Cannot be installed simultaneously.

Table 1-1-3

| Type OPC-VG1 $\square$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{S} \\ & \mathrm{~N} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{F} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { A } \\ \text { I } \\ \text { O } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { D } \\ \text { I } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { D } \\ \text { I } \\ \text { O } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{T} \\ & \mathrm{~L} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~L} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{P} \\ & \mathrm{G} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{l\|} \hline P \\ M \\ P \\ G \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{l\|} \hline \mathrm{S} \\ \mathrm{P} \\ \mathrm{G} \\ \mathrm{~T} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{S} \\ \mathrm{I} \\ \mathrm{U} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{S} \\ & \mathrm{X} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{E} \\ & \mathrm{~S} \\ & \mathrm{X} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{U} \\ & \mathrm{P} \\ & \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{C} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{P} \\ & \mathrm{~N} \\ & \mathrm{E} \\ & \mathrm{~T} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & P \\ & D \\ & P \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{D} \\ & \mathrm{E} \\ & \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | S | T <br> B <br> S <br> I |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SN | NG |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FV | NG | NG |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AIO | NG | NG | NG |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DI | OK | OK | OK | OK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DIO | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TL | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | NG |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CCL | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | NG | NG |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PG/o | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | *2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PMPG/o | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | *2 | NG |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SPGT | *1 | *1 | *1 | OK | OK | OK | OK | NG | NG | NG |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SIU | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | NG |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SX | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | NG | OK | OK | OK | NG | NG |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ESX | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | NG | NG | OK | OK | OK | NG | NG | NG |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| UPAC | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | NG | NG | NG |  |  |  |  |  |
| PNET | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | NG | NG | OK | OK | OK | NG | NG | NG | NG | NG |  |  |  |  |
| PDP | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | NG | NG | OK | OK | OK | NG | NG | NG | NG | NG | NG |  |  |  |
| DEV | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | NG | NG | OK | OK | OK | NG | NG | NG | NG | NG | NG | NG |  |  |
| SAFE | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | NG |  |
| TBSI | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | NG | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | OK | NG |

*1) If this combination is required, contact our sales personnel.
*2) The following limitations will be applied when installing the PG interface card (OPC-VG1-PG/PGo) and synchronous motor drive PMPG interface card (OPC-VG1-PMPG/PMPGo).

Table 1-1-4

|  | VG1-PG/PGo(SD) <br> VG1-PMPG/PMPGo | VG1-PG/PGo(LD) | VG1-PG/PGo(PR) | VG1-PG/PGo(PD) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| VG1-PG/PGo(SD) <br> VG1-PMPG/PMPGo | NG |  |  |  |
| VG1-PG/PGo(LD) | OK | NG |  |  |
| VG1-PG/PGo(PR) | OK | NG | NG |  |
| VG1-PG/PGo(PD) | OK | NG | NG | NG |

### 1.1.2 Requirements of PC

Table 1-1-5

| Item | Requirement |
| :---: | :---: |
| PC | IBM-AT PC |
| CPU | Intel Pentium 400MHz or higher <br> * 800 MHz or higher is recommended. |
| Hard disk | Free space of 220MB or more (D300win:120MB, Standard expansion FB: 100MB) Note 1) |
| External storage device | Required for installation |
| CD-ROM drive | 1 or more * $4 x$ or faster is recommended. |
| Memory capacity | 64 MB or more ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 256MB or more is recommended. |
| Communication interface | RS-232C port |
| Mouse | One or more of USB mouse, bus mouse, or PS2 mouse should be supported. |
| Keyboard | 106 Japanese (A01) keyboard (Ctrl + Alphanumeric keys) |
| Display | Resolution: $800 \times 600$ dots <br> * $1024 \times 768$ dots or more are recommended. |
|  | Windows2000 Japanese or English edition |
| Operating system | Windows XP Japanese or English edition |
|  | Windows Vista Japanese or English edition |
|  | Windows 7 Japanese or English edition |
| Other software | Internet Explorer 5.0 or later .NET Framework 2.0 |
| Installer | Windows standard installer |
| Note 1) For FAT16 format, free space of 340MB or more (D300win:140MB, Standard expansion FB:180MB, UPAC: 20 MB ) is required. |  |

### 1.1.3 Difference from VG7 series UPAC option card

This product differs from OPC-VG7-UPAC as described below. Be very careful if you are reusing a project file or application program used with the VG7 series UPAC.
(1) Support tool interface

VG7 used a converter (NWOH-CNV) and connection cable (NP4H-CB2) to connect the UPAC card and PC.
FRENIC-VG uses a converter (NWOH-CNV) and dedicated connection cable (CB-VG1-UPAC-3S) for connection. If you are using a support tool (D300win) to control UPAC, you must prepare the dedicated connection cable (CB-VG1-UPAC-3S).
If you are using OPC-VG7-UPAC, you can use the current converter (NWOH-CNV). Refer to
Figure 1-1-1 for the connection diagram.
(2) Function code

Since the function codes of the VG7 series are almost the same as those of the FRENIC-VG series, the project files and/or application programs used with VG7 can be used without modification in many cases. However, some function codes are different.
If you are using the project files and/or application programs using these function codes with the FRENIC-VG series, you must modify them.
Refer to Section 12.5 of "FRENIC-VG USER'S MAMUAL" for the details.
[Outline]

- The function codes A35 to A50 for the third motor are changed to A101 to A154 with the FRENIC-VG series.
Note that the function list of the global variable worksheet uses the VG7 series function code system and does not need modification. (E.g., The VG7 function code A35 is changed to A102 with FRENIC-VG, but the variable name is still a35_f.) If you are using high-speed data update to manipulate the function codes, you need modification because the function code addresses are different.
- The following function codes use different value definitions:

Torque boost: A46, ASR-I integral constant: F62, magnetic pole position offset: o10, PTC operation level: E32

- Some M codes, including the model code: M23 and inverter ROM (main control) version: M25 need to be changed to the values for the FRENIC-VG series, project files and application programs using them need modification.
(3) Package software

Package software for VG7 also conforms to (2) above, and the following versions are required. You can download them from our Web site.

- WPS-VG1-DAN: To be supported soon
- WPS-VG1-POS: Version 13009 or later
- WPS-VG1-TEN: To be supported soon
(4) Support tool SX-Programmer Expert (D300win), UPAC upgrade software

Use D300win version 3.6.1.3 or later. Also use the UPAC upgrade software version 3.6.1.3 or later. (You can download them from our Web site.)
If you open a program created by an older version (2.x.x.x) of D300win, it may be launched with "no PC connection". In this case, open the "Communication Setting" screen shown in Figure 1-3-51 in Section 1.3.4.2 of "MICREX-SX Series USER 'S MANUAL - UPAC", and then click [OK] to change the status to "Operating".

### 1.2 Preparation of Option

### 1.2.1 OPC-VG1-UPAC option

### 1.2.1.1 Description of product

This card (User Programmable Application Card, UPAC hereafter) is an optional card for the inverter control installed on FRENIC-VG. This card gives you an additional higher level control over your inverter. You can also use engineering support tool SX-Programmer Expert (D300win) to facilitate programming the control applications being used for this card.
UPAC is an optional PLC card integrated into the inverter conforming to MICREX-SX series high performance CPU module (NP1PS-32). Since UPAC is slightly different in programming specification such as memory map and available instructions from that for the high performance CPU module, refer to "5) Programming Specifications" for more information. We recommend you to refer to "MICREX-SX Series USER 'S MANUAL - INSTRUCTIONS" when you design your application program.
-Main features
(1) Application execution function

Running application program
Task management (default, period, event) of application program
(2) Support tool interface

RS485 1 line
A dedicated cable (CB-VG1-UPAC-3S) and converter (NW0H-CNV) are used to connect UPAC and PC.
(3) RAS function

Executes self-diagnosis and notifies to the inverter.
(4) Other

Data memory backup with battery
This card enables you to realize controls such as dancer control, tension control, and orientation control easily.
With inverter link option (OPC-VG1-SIU), you can designate an inverter with UPAC installed as a master and connect up to twelve slave inverters (156 inverters for broadcasting) to control these individual inverters.
An application program of UPAC runs at minimum execution period of 1 ms . The execution period increases to $2,3,4, \ldots$ or 32000 ms depending on the size of a program.
You can assign up to 64 W from static variables used in an application program to the function codes U01 to U64 (user area) of FRENIC-VG. When you assign parameters for adjustment to this user area, you can use the KEYPAD of FRENIC-VG to refer to or change the data.
UPAC has some restrictions over SX series high performance CPU module (NP1PS-32). The calendar function is not available and SX specific instructions are removed. Read this document thoroughly for complete understanding.
[Limitation]
UPAC is equipped with a high-performance CPU installed in MICREX-SX, but the functions of UPAC are not fully equivalent. There are limitations in the following functions.

- Calendar and clock function is not supported.

Because of this, nothing is displayed in the "major failure time information" and "power shutdown history information" of detail RAS. The calendar/clock function of D300win always shows "January 01, 1970, 00:00:00."

- Because UPAC is not equipped with the key switch of MICREX-SX, the key state is always "TERM."
- HELP of UPAC system definition of D300win is not supported.
- "MICREX-SX" is displayed as the title of each dialog box of D300win.
- Batteries cannot be replaced while the inverter is powered on.


### 1.2.1.2 Specifications

Table 1-2-1 Performance

| Item |  | Requirement | Note (restrictions) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Instruction | Language | IEC language compatible (IEC61131-3) |  |
|  | Speed |  |  |
| Memory capacity | Program memory | 32kStep |  |
|  | Data memory | 8kW | 32kW for MICREX-SX series NP1PS-32 |
|  | Control function elements | Timer: 256 points Counter: 128 points Differential relay: 256 points Hold relay: 256 points |  |
| No. of I/O points | FRENIC-VG control variable | Max. 302W  <br> 6-unit system: 50W 6 units+2W <br> 12-unit system: 22 W 12 units+2W |  |
| Task | Level types | 0,1, default level |  |
|  | Priority | 0>1>default level |  |
|  | Number | Default task (cyclic scan): 1 <br> Fixed cycle task: <br> Event task: <br> Up to two in total |  |
| Cause of task start | Cause of interruption | Constant period, event | Up to two |
|  | Fixed period cycle | Integer multiple of fixed cycle interruption up to 32000 ms | Fixed cycle interruption from FRENIC-VG. Period is adjustable through loader. |
|  | Default task execution | Based on interrupt, executed in a period rounded up according to task execution time. <br> Example) Executed in 3 ms cycle where interrupt is 1 ms and task execution period is 2.3 ms . |  |
| PG number | 64 |  |  |
| 1POU length | max. 8kstep |  |  |
| Operation nesting | max. 1024 |  |  |
| FB•FCT numbers | System FCT | 185 types (such as transmission, string, analog, and 32 or more bit operation) |  |
|  | System FB | 28 types (such as flip-flop, timer, counter, file, analog, and pulse) | Calendar, message, and BANK_CHG available for MICREX-SX series NP1PS-32 are not available. |
|  | User FCT | 256 |  |
|  | User FB | 256 |  |
| User FCT •FB nesting | max.128-2 |  | 128 nestings including task switch available |
| Loader Interface | Transmission specification | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RS485 } \\ & \text { 4-line type } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | Transmission rate | 38400bps,19200bps,9600bps,4800bps |  |
|  | Transmission distance | Max. 10m |  |
|  | Isolation | None |  |
| Memory backup specification | Backup area | Retention area |  |
|  | Back up period | 5 years (storage temperature: $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | Never replace the batteries while the inverter is powered on. |

### 1.2.1.3 External dimensions and accessories



Fig. 1-2-1
Table 1-2-2 Backup battery (accessory)


Fig. 1-2-2

| WWRNING |
| :--- |
| Safety Precautions |
| This battery is a high-energy density battery using lithium (hazardous material) and thionyl chloride |
| (toxic substance) sealed inside. If it is used in a wrong way, it may get deformed or the internal fluid |
| may leak out, causing heat, bust, fire, or stimulative or corrosive gas. These may cause human injury |
| or damage to the equipment. You must follow the safety precautions below. |
| - Do not swallow the battery. |
| - Do not apply excessive force to the positive terminal. |
| - Do not drop the battery. |
| - Do not short both of the poles of the battery. |
| - Do not charge the battery. |
| - Do not forcibly discharge the battery. |

- Do not heat the battery.
- Do not throw the battery into fire.
- Do not dismantle the battery.
- Do not apply pressure to deform the battery.
- Insert the battery into the inverter in the correct direction.
- Do not touch fluid which leaked out from the battery.
- Do not leave a damaged battery in the inverter.

| CAUTION |
| :--- |
| Store the battery in a place where direct sunlight, high temperature, and high humidity as well as rain |
| drops are not applied. |
| The battery used with this product is a "primary battery" which must be discarded according to the local |
| regulation or law. |

$\square$
An ErA alarm may be developed when the option is turned on for the first time. If this happens, leave the power turned on for about 30 seconds, and turn the power off then on again.

### 1.2.1.4 Installation method

Refer to the Instruction Manual supplied with the OPC-VG1-UPAC option card.

### 1.2.2 OPC-VG1-SIU option (To be supported soon)

### 1.2.2.1 Description of product

The UPAC option is designed for a small to medium system for generalizing and driving about 10 inverters.

UPAC is installed on an arbitrary FRENIC-VG inverter. In order to control the second and later FRENIC-VG units from UPAC, the high-speed serial communication card

OPC-VG1-SIU (optical option, hereafter) is required.

Rigid digital system configured through optical communication
In conventional small to medium systems, a PLC, computer board or the like is installed externally and each inverter is generalized and driven through input/output basis or analog basis. When network connection is possible, digital control via the network (including open and private ones) can be


Fig. 1-2-3 made.

Using this optical option, the control based on inputs and outputs or analog signals can be replaced with a rigid high-speed maintenance-free digital system where a small wiring length can result in a reduced cost and noise immunity is high.

## Load distribution system

When a PLC or computer board in an upper-level system administrates each drive control group, deploying UPAC control groups at lower-level systems reduces the processing load, constructing a load distribution system. This allows the lower-level system to implement higher-response control dedicated for each drive control and the upper-level system to dedicated itself to administration of data from each drive control group.

Here, preparation for operation of multiple inverters using a link (optical link) connected via optical fiber cable (hereinafter referred to as optical cable) with UPAC being the master, is described, for customers having purchased the optical option of the FRENIC-VG inverter.

Read through this manual carefully before operating because there are some limitations in operation.

### 1.2.2.2 Specifications

Table 1-2-3 Hardware specifications

| Item | Specification | Remarks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Model | OPC-VG1-SIU | High-speed serial communication card <br> (optical option) |
| Connector | Transmission (TX)/ reception (RX) connector |  |
| Definition | Define "SIU using SW 2 on the option. <br> $(1,2)=($ ON, ON $)$ |  |
| Power supply | The power is supplied through the connector. |  |
| Accessory | Plastic optical fiber cable $(5 \mathrm{~m})$ |  |

Communication specifications

| Item | Specification | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connection style | Loop-back connection through plastic optical fiber cable |  |
| Communication speed | 1Mbps |  |
| Communication distance | 5 m Contact us when a longer distance is required. |  |
| Connection method | Master-slave method (Max. 12 units) <br> Broadcasting method (Max. 156 units) | Selection with function code |
| Number of connected units | Master-slave method <br> 6 -unit system: Max. 6 units ( 50 W inputs/outputs per unit) 12-unit system: Max. 12 units (22W inputs/outputs per unit) Broadcasting method <br> Max. 156 units ( 32 W outputs per unit) | Selection in D300win screen. The broadcasting method indicates the function where the same data is written from the master to all inverters. |
| Writing time | Master-slave method Time |  |
| Communication link establishment confirmation | Blinking green LED on option <br> The digital output indicates the communication state. | The lamp blinking at 500 ms interval indicates establishment of the communication link. <br> [0-D07] is used: 1 indicates establishment of the communication link. |
| Protective function | Inverter being stopped; <br> The protective function does not work if the communication link is not established. <br> Inverter running; <br> Protective function "inverter-to-inverter link error" is developed if the communication link is not established. | The conditions for failure of establishment of the communication link are: <br> - Illegal setting (function code, System Definition) <br> - Broken wire in communication link (broken wire, bending at 35 mm or larger curvature, etc.) |
| Fail-soft operation | The option is not compatible with fail-soft operation. <br> $\rightarrow$ When inverters are connected via optical link in a system consisting of total $n$ units ( $2 \leq n \leq 156$ : $n$ is an integer), the communication link is lost if $x(1 \leq x \leq n-1$ : $x$ is an integer) units of inverters are turned off. Turn on all n units of inverters (or control power of the inverters). |  |

Software specifications

| Item | Specification | Remarks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Main unit ROM <br> version | H10040 or later, H20040 or later <br> Operate at the above ROM versions. (Use the I/O check at the keypad <br> panel to check the ROM version). |  |
| Definition of <br> connection | Master-slave function code o35, o36 |  |
| - o38 set only at master |  |  |$\quad$| Master-slave method |
| :--- |
| I/Q area; 50W, 22W selection |
| Function code area; |
| Only the master (with UPAC) can read and write all codes. |
| Ine slave inverter can only write 4W function code data. |
| Broadcasting method |
| Q area only; 32W (Only the master can refer to 18W in the I area.) |

### 1.2.2.3 External dimensions and accessories



Unit: mm
Fig. 1-2-4 External dimensions of option PCB

## Plastic optical fiber cable



Fig. 1-2-5 Plastic optical fiber cable

### 1.2.2.4 Installation method

Refer to the Instruction Manual supplied with the OPC-VG1-SIU option card.

### 1.2.2.5 Confirmation and setting procedures

1) Confirmation, connection and setting of optical option

Perform the following setting and connection.
(1) Set the rotary switch (SW1) on the optical option. Master $=0$, each slave $=1$.
(2) Check the setting of DIP switch SW2. (SW 2-1, SW 2-2) $=(\mathrm{ON}, \mathrm{ON})$ fixed.
(3) Connect the optical cable attached to the optical option (5-meter long, one cable attached to each optical option).
2) Switch setting


Table 1-2-4 Switch on card (SW1)

| Part No. | SW1 setting | Function | Remark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| SW1 <br> rotary switch | 0 | Master | Define the inverter, on which UPAC is installed, to be the <br> master. If "0" is set for an inverter without UPAC, operation <br> procedure alarm "Er6" is caused. |
|  | 1 | Slave <br> 1 to 11 | Set all slaves to "1". Setting a slave to other than "1" causes <br> the operation procedure error "Er6." |
|  | 2 to 9 | Invalid | Do not set in these positions. Otherwise operation procedure <br> alarm "Er6" is caused. |



Set the station switch of the master at " 0 " and that of all the slaves at "1."
The station with SW1 being 0 is defined to be the master, while that with SW1 being 1 is defined to be a slave.

Fig. 1-2-6
Table 1-2-5 Switch on card (SW2)

| Part No. | SW2-1 setting | SW2-2 setting | Function |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| SW2 <br> DIP switch | OFF | OFF |  | Remark |
|  | ON | OFF | - | Do not set. |
|  | OFF | ON |  |  |
|  | ON | ON | UPAC+ <br> SIU system | The optical option is used in the UPAC <br> system. Set all optical options to the same <br> settings whether it is a master or slave. |



DIP switch SW2 shown on the left is located at the lower end of the option. Set to ON, ON.
After the above settings are given, the optical option becomes available as a UPAC system.

Fig. 1-2-7
3) Connection of optical cable

## - CAUTION

- If the optical cable is bent at a curvature smaller than 35 mm for a long time, optical communication does not function correctly and inverter-to-inverter link error "Erb" is caused. Avoid routing the cable at curvatures smaller than 35 mm .

Connect the optical option via the accessory optical cable.
As shown in the figure on the right, the connectors for transmission and reception are located at the lower end of the optical option.
Each connector is identified with the color. Connect the gray plug with the gray connector, and the dark brown plug with the dark brown connector.

Configure a loop when connecting. The communication originated at the master is sent to a slave and the communication sent from the slave is received at the adjacent slave. The communication received at the last slave is sent and returns to the master in the connection pattern.
Table 1-2-6 Optical connector on SIU card


Fig. 1-2-8

| Part No. | Name | Color | Outline |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| T-1528 | TX | Gray | Transmitter (transmission) |
| R-2528 | RX | Dark <br> brown | Receiver (reception) |

Notes) If the optical cable is not connected or it is inserted improperly, correct communication is impossible.

- If the communication link fails due to a broken line in the communication path under power application, an inverter-to-inverter link error "Erb" is caused.
- If the communication link is not established when power is turned on, the communication link is not established but no alarm is displayed. When an operation command is issued, an inverter-to-inverter link error "Erb" is caused as a protective action.

Table 1-2-7 Absolute maximum rating of optical cable (accessory)

| Item | Min. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Storage temperature range | -40 | +75 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Tensile force |  | 50 | N | Within 30 minutes |
| Short-time bending radius | 10 | - | mm | Failure to operate within one hour; an inverter-to-inverter link error "Erb" is caused. |
| Long-time bending radius | 35 | - | mm | A curvature shorter than 35 mm for a long time may cause an inverter-to-inverter link error "Erb." Be sure to assure 35 mm or a larger curvature. |
| Tensile strength (long time) | - | 1 | N |  |
| Flexibility | - | 1000 | times | Bending at $90^{\circ}$ on 10 mm mandrel (core rod, spindle) |
| Impact | - | 0.5 | Kg | Impact test as per MIL-1678, Method 2030, Procedure 1 |
| Guaranteed maximum distance |  |  | m | Guaranteed minimum value due to transmission loss ( 0 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Weight |  |  | $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{m}$ |  |

### 1.3 Preparation of Software

### 1.3.1 Installation Method

### 1.3.1.1 Installing the SX-Programmer Expert (D300win) software package

This section describes how to install the D300win software package using a Windows XP PC as an example. The same procedure can be used to install the standard expansion FB.
The procedures are the same for other OSes (e.g., Windows 2000).

- Stop any application programs running and disable the anti-virus software as well as the screen saver.
- When you insert the product CD-ROM into the CD-ROM drive while Windows is running, the following screen will automatically appear.


Fig. 1-3-1
Note) If the installation screen does not automatically appear, follow the procedure below.
Click the [Start] -> [Run] on the Windows desktop, enter
"CD-ROM_drive_name¥autorun.exe", and then click [OK].

- Click "Set up SX-Programmer Expert (D300win)" on the initial screen to open the following screen.


Fig. 1-3-2
Note 1) Be sure to install it as "Administrator."
Note 2) If the following warning appears while installing the software on a Windows 2000 PC, Install the Windows installer by clicking [.NET Framework] $\rightarrow$ [Windows installer 3.1 (2000/XP)] on the initial screen, and set up SX-Programmer Expert (D300win) again.


Fig. 1-3-3

- Clicking [OK] on the information screen launches the installer.


Fig. 1-3-4

- Clicking [Next] displays the License Agreement screen. Read the contents and click [Yes] if you agree with them.


Fig. 1-3-5

The "Select installation folder" screen appears. The default is "C:¥ D300win."
Click [Next] if you accept the default location.


Fig. 1-3-6

- If you want to change the installation folder, click [Browse] button to open "Choose directory" dialog box. Choose or enter the desired directory name and click [OK].


Fig. 1-3-7

- The "Setup type" screen appears. Choose the setup type from "Standard", "Compact", and "Custom", and then click [Next].


Fig. 1-3-8
<Setup types>
Each of the "Standard", "Compact", and "Custom" setup types installs the components listed below.
■ The standard setup type installs the following components.

- SX-Programmer Expert (D300win) program
- MICREX-SX definition file
- MICREX-SX PU256E template
- MICREX-SX PS245 template
- MICREX-SX PS74 template
- MICREX-SX PS32 template
- MICREX-SX PM256E template
- MICREX-SX PM48R template
- MICREX-SX PH16 template
- MICREX-SX SPB definition file
- MICREX-SX NW60C template
- MICREX-SX NW40C template
- MICREX-SX NW30 template
- Board controller definition file
- MICREX-SX NW32-42C definition file
- MICREX-SX NW08-41C definition file
- Training template•Page layout
- SX control utilities •POD link support

■ The compact setup type installs the following components.

- SX-Programmer Expert (D300win) program
- MICREX-SX definition file
- MICREX-SX PU256E template
- MICREX-SX PS245 template
- MICREX-SX PS74 template
- MICREX-SX PS32 template
- MICREX-SX PM256E template
- MICREX-SX PM48R template
- MICREX-SX PH16 template
- MICREX-SX SPB definition file
- MICREX-SX NW60C template
- MICREX-SX NW40C template
- MICREX-SX NW30 template
- Board controller definition file
- MICREX-SX NW32-42C template
- MICREX-SX NW08-41C template
- SX control utilities
- MICREX-SX PU048E template
- MICREX-SX PS117 template
- MICREX-SX PS74D template
- MICREX-SX PM256H template
- MICREX-SX PM48E template
- MICREX-SX PH08 template
- MICREX-SX NW60 template
- MICREX-SX NW40 template
- MICREX-SX NW20 template
- MICREX-SX NW16-42C template

■ For the custom setup type, you choose the components to install.
If you choose "Custom" on the "Setup type" screen and click [Next], the "Choose components" screen appears.


Fig. 1-3-9

- Choose the components to install and click [Next].
- The "Copy files" screen appears. Confirm the selection and click [Next].


Fig. 1-3-10

- The setup process starts.


Fig. 1-3-11
Note) If you use a product CD of V3.4.2.0 or later and .NET Framework 2.0 does not exist on the target PC, .NET Framework 2.0 will be automatically installed.
Installation of .NET Framework 2.0 takes several minutes.
(Time required for installation depends on the performance of the PC.)

- You may encounter "A locked file was detected" message during installation. This appears when the installer tries to write to a file used by the Windows system. In this case, click [OK] as directed on the dialog box, and then click [Resume].
- When the setup process completes, a dialog box appears to ask you if you want to back up the projects created by the versions 1 and 2 of D300win. Click [Yes] if you want to back them up now. Click [No] if you want to back them up later, or you do not want backup.
Note) Refer to "Backup Utility" in "SX-Programmer Expert (D300win) Reference" for how to back up projects.


Fig. 1-3-12

- The warning dialog box shown below appears. It appears if the SX simulator is installed. This warning tells you that the TCP/IP protocol is required to use the SX simulator.


Fig. 1-3-13

- Clicking [OK] on the warning dialog box opens the following screen.

You need to restart the PC to launch D300win.
Choose "Yes, restart the computer now." and click [Finish] to restart the PC. This completes installation of D300win.


Fig. 1-3-14

### 1.3.1.2 Installing UPAC support function

Use an installation program to install.
The installation program executes the following process.
Adds the UPAC support function to SX-Programmer Expert (D300win).

1) Before installing


If you have installed the UPAC support function, uninstall the UPAC support function for safety. Though you can overwrite to install without uninstalling, you will have such a problem as you cannot uninstall the UPAC support function completely. When you upgrade the version, we recommend that you uninstall first and then install again.

1) Installation

This process adds the UPAC support function to installed SX-Programmer Expert (D300win). Follow the procedure below.
(1) Insert the CD-ROM containing the installation program (WPS-VG1-STR) into the CD-ROM drive of the PC.
(2) Double-click "upac_up3613" on the CD-ROM to display the disk1 folder.
(3) Double-click "setup.exe" in the disk1 folder to start installation of the UPAC support function.
(4) The following screen appears. Quit all the running applications and click [OK].


Fig. 1-3-16
(5) When the following screen appears, click [Next]. When the license agreement screen appears, read it and click [Next].


Fig. 1-3-17
(6) The function selection screen appwars. Choose the function $s$ to install and click [Next].


Fig. 1-3-18
(7) The folder where D300win is installed is automatically detected and used as the installation folder. Confirm and click [Next].


Fig. 1-3-19
(8) The necessary files are copied.


Fig. 1-3-20
(9) After the files are copied, installation completes.


Fig. 1-3-21

### 1.3.2 Changing the SX-Programmer Expert (D300win) settings

Option programs can be added or deleted to/from the D300win system having been installed, or the program having been set up can be installed again.

- Open the Add/Remove Programs from the Control Panel, choose SX-Programmer Expert (D300win), and then click [Add/Remove].


Fig. 1-3-22

- The following screen appears. Click [OK] to open the "Welcome" screen.

Click [Change] and [Next].


Fig. 1-3-23

- The "Choose components" screen appears. Select the check box for a component to add and deselect the check box for a component to remove, and then click [Next].


Fig. 1-3-24
After setup is completed, the "Finish InstallShield" screen appears. Click the [Finish] button to restart the computer. This completes changing the D300win system settings.


Fig. 1-3-25

### 1.3.3 Uninstallation

Uninstallation removes the SX-Programmer Expert (D300win) system files from the PC.
Follow the procedure below to uninstall the program.

```
Closing the Message Manager
    \downarrow
Uninstalling the UPAC support function
    \downarrow
Uninstalling SX-Programmer Expert (D300win)
```


### 1.3.3.1 Closing the Message Manager

If the message manager is running, close it before uninstllation. (The Message Manager launches when the PC is connected to UPAC or PLC for transferring programs or monitoring them.)


Fig. 1-3-26

- Right-click the Message Manager icon. Choose "Close Message Manager" from the context menu to open the confirmation dialog box.


Fig. 1-3-27

- Click [Yes] to close the Message Manager.


### 1.3.3.2 Uninstalling the UPAC support function

- Uninstallation procedure
(1) Open the Add/Remove Programs from the Control Panel.
(2) Choose the UPAC support loader version 3.6.1.3 and click [Add/Remove].


Fig. 1-3-28
(3) When the following dialog box opens, click [Yes].


Fig. 1-3-29
(4) The files are deleted from the PC.


Fig. 1-3-30
(5) Uninstallation completes. Click [Finish] to close the dialog box.


Fig. 1-3-31

### 1.3.3.3 Uninstalling SX-Programmer Expert (D300win)

- Open the Add/Remove Programs from the Control Panel and choose SX-Programmer Expert (D300win). Click [Add/Remove].


Fig. 1-3-32

- The following screen appears. Click [OK] to open the "Welcome" screen. Click [Remove] and [Next].


Fig. 1-3-33

- The "Confirm File Deletion" message box is displayed. Click [OK] to start deleting files.


Fig. 1-3-34

* You may encounter "A locked file was detected" message during uninstallation. In this case, click [OK] as directed on the dialog box, and then click [Resume].
- When all the files have been deleted, the "Maintenance Completed" screen appears. Click [Finish] to complete changing the D300win system settings.


Fig. 1-3-35

### 1.3.4 Launching SX-Programmer Expert (D300win)

### 1.3.4.1 How to launch SX-Programmer Expert (D300win)

- From the SX-Programmer Expert (D300win) program group, run SX-Programmer Expert (D300win).


Fig. 1-3-36
SX-Programmer Expert (D300win) launches.

### 1.3.4.2 Creating a project and configuring basing settings

After D300win is started, the screen shown below is displayed.


Fig. 1-3-37

- Opening a UPAC project

The first step after you have started D300win is to produce a new UPAC project or to open an existing UPAC project. This section describes steps required to create a new UPAC project.

1) Creating new project using UPAC template

If you use this method to create a new project, D300win will copy the selected template to project as "Untitled". The template consists of POUs, worksheets, and configuration elements required for the PLC type. You can save the project "Untitled" with a name you want to use.
(1) Creating new project with mouse

Select the New Project menu item from the File submenu. The New Project dialog box appears.
(2) Creating new project with keyboard

Press ALT + F to open the File submenu and press N. The New Project dialog box appears.


Fig. 1-3-38. New Project dialog box containing available project templates
(3) Using New Project dialog box

Left-click to select "FRENIC-VG_6 UPAC" or "VFRENIC-VG_12 UPAC" template.
(4) A new project named "Untitled" is created and the project tree shown to the right appears.

Library:
Register a project used as a library. No libraries are registered in the template of UPAC.
Data type:
Declare user-defined data types in addition to basic data types defined in IEC1131-3. No user-defined data types are registered in the template of UPAC.

Program configuration:
The project "Untitled" includes one POU - a program "LADDER" as default. There are three worksheets in POU.


Fig. 1-3-39 Project "Untitled" including program "LADDER" and its worksheets

- Description worksheet for POU document (optional), "LADDERT"
- Variable worksheet for declaring variables and FB instances, "LADDERV"
- Code body worksheet for defining code body, "LADDER"

You can change some of the properties of this program. The default language for the first program inserted automatically is LD and you cannot change it. If you need a program in other language, insert a new POU.

Physical Hardware:
This node defines the UPAC constitution. Use icons under the Physical Hardware node in the project tree in Fig. 1-3-39 to define the constitution.

Configuration
System definition
Resources
Task


Global variable

Fig. 1-3-40 Icons for Physical Hardware

- Configuration:
- System definition:
- Resources:
- Tasks:
- Global variable: Declares global variables common to multiple POUs.

Global variables declare control variables and function variables used
by UPAC in advance.
Control variables: Global variables listed in IQ memory of FRENIC-VG.

Function variables: Global variables listed in MW memory of FRENIC-VG
Double-click the individual icons to display and set dialog boxes if you need. The following section describes items required for UPAC.
2) PC type and CPU type of UPAC

The dialog boxes displayed when you display or insert the properties of the individual icons contain fields for the PLC type and the CPU type when needed. Set as below according to the hardware you use.
Table 1-3-1 PLC type and CPU type of UPAC

| Hardware used |  | PLC type | CPU Type |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of inverters | Link type between inverters |  |  |
| 1 to 6 units | Optical link (OPC-VG1-S1) | FRENIC-VG_6 | UPAC |
|  |  | FRENIC-VG_12 |  |

## - Resource setting

Resource setting for UPAC is the same as the standard setting steps except for the following three points.

- You use the communication setting dialog box that appears when you click the [Communication setting] button in the Resource setting dialog box to set the communication between the personal computer and UPAC, and use the system definition to set the station number on RS485 of UPAC. See "System definition" in this manual for more information.
- UPAC operates based on the commands from FRENIC-VG regardless of the specified action when turned on.


Use the Running specification at power on radio button in the CPU running definition dialog box to specify the action when you turn on. However, UPAC starts based on the command mode from FRENIC-VG regardless of your selection.

Fig. 1-3-41 CPU running definition dialog box

- One resource of UPAC can exist for one configuration.


Fig. 1-3-42 Error message displayed when you open system definition with multiple resources

UPAC cannot handle multiple resources in one configuration. When you try to open the system definition in a project with multiple resources, you will get the following error message and cannot conduct the system definition.
Delete unnecessary resources to remove the error in the system definition.

## - Registering task and program

If you run a program, you should insert a task and associate the program with the task, or determine on which task you run the program. Though inserting a task and associating a program with the task is the same as that in the standard procedure, the setting range is different in UPAC. You can select 0 to 3 in the Priority field in the Task setting dialog box in the following figure, but UPAC can execute only 0 or 1.


Fig. 1-3-43 Task setting dialog box


- When you try to open a system definition of a project including tasks with priority 2 or 3 , you will get an error message in Fig. 1-3-44, and you will not be able to conduct the system definition.

Fig. 1-3-44 Error message when you open system definition with invalid task settings

System definition

1) Starting system definition

When you double-click the System_Definition icon in the project tree, the UPAC system definition screen appears.


Fig. 1-3-45 How to start system definition

The UPAC system definition screen includes the following property sheet with five property pages classified by the setting item.

- System configuration definition
- CPU operation definition
- Memory boundary definition
- I/O group setting
- Communication setting

2) System configuration definition

The first property page of the UPAC system definition screen. You define the hardware constitution such as inverter to be used and type of inter-inverter link on this sheet.


Fig. 1-3-46 System configuration definition screen

The operation method is described in the table below.
Table 1-3-2 Operation on System configuration definition screen

| Item | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Number of inverters | Displays whether six-inverter system or twelve-inverter system. |
| Equipment | Mark the check box of a device you use (an inverter without check mark will be <br> considered as "not installed") . You can not remove the last check mark. |
| SX station | Displays the SX station number of inverters. |
| [HOLD mode change] button <br> (or double click inverter list) | Specifies the HOLD mode of the inverter selected in the list (HOLD mode/Reset <br> mode). <br> You cannot select this button if the selected inverter is not installed. |
| Tact cycle | The normal value displays standard value (1ms to 3 ms) automatically according to the <br> number of inverters to be used. Click the [ $\downarrow$ ] button to copy the normal value to the <br> setting. You can select the [ $\downarrow]$ button only if the normal value and the setting are <br> different. "Default (1.0ms), $1.0 \mathrm{~ms}, 2.0 m s, 3.0 \mathrm{~ms}$ " are listed both for optical link and <br> simplified RS485 in the setting combo box and select from them. Smaller values than <br> the normal value are masked and are not available. |
| Link type between inverters | Select "Optical link". |
| Initialization method selection | Sets whether to execute the advanced memory diagnosis or not. |

3) CPU operation definition


Fig. 1-3-47 CPU operation definition screen
4) Memory boundary definition


Fig. 1-3-48 Memory boundary definition screen

The second property page of the UPAC system definition screen.

The watch dog timer setting in the Resource setting dialog box is displayed as in the left figure.

The third property page of the UPAC system definition screen.

The memory boundary set in the Resource setting dialog box is displayed as in the left figure.
5) I/O group setting


The fourth property page of the UPAC system definition screen.

Associate the task level of UPAC with the I/O data area of the inverter and define the refresh timing.

Fig. 1-3-49 I/O group setting screen

The operation method is described in the table below.
Table 1-3-3 Operation method in I/O group setting screen

| Item | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Level | The priority of the task included in the resource is listed. If you select (the priority <br> of) a task, current setting will be displayed. |
| Input selection | Select the input device used with UPAC. Selecting a check box selects all the input <br> data from the selected device. Select an input device and click the [Detail] button to <br> specify the input data for that device. |
| Output selection | Select the output device used with UPAC. Selecting a check box selects all the <br> output data from the selected device. Select an output device and click the [Detail] <br> button to specify the output data for that device. |
| Selected number | The numerator indicates the number of input or output data items for the selected <br> device. <br> The denominator indicates the total number of items for the selected device. |
| [Details] button <br> (or double click an item) | Displays the input/output data selection screen for the selected device (Figure <br> $1-3-50)$. |

* All devices can be set without relations to installation of each device.

Detail operation method of selection check box
The check box is displayed or operated as described below.

- If all items are used, they are displayed as
- If all items are used, they are displayed as gray.
- If all items are not used, they are displayed as $\square$.
- Each time you click the check box, the state changes as follows.


Detail setting method of each word


Press the [Details (D)] button or double-click on the item to display the detail setting screen.

Figure 1-3-50 Detail setting screen for each device

The operation method is described in the table below.
Table 1-3-4 Operation method of detail setting screen

| Item | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| [Use] check box | Set use or no use for each word. |
| Word No. | Shows word number beginning with 1. |
| Name | Shows the data name. |
| [All] button | Selects all the items at once for use or not use. If the majority of the selected buttons <br> are used, clicking this button causes all items not to be used. If the majority of the <br> selected buttons are not used, clicking this button causes all items not to used. |

6) Communication setting


Fig. 1-3-51 Communication setting screen

Printing UPAC system definition


Fig. 1-3-52 Printing system definition

You use the Properties of printer screen displayed when you click the [Print (P)] button on the property sheet to print the system definition of UPAC.

When you click [Print (P)], the following dialog box will appear.

To print other items than the system definition, follow the standard procedure using the menu item Print or Print Project.

Printed example of system definition A printed example for 12 -unit system is listed below.

```
Project : UNTITLED C:YDocuments and Settings#All Users¥Application DetaYFuji Electric#SX-Programmer E;
Update : 2013/09/09 12:50:18
Printed : 2013/09/09 14:26:17
[System configuration]
    :Number of Inverters = 6
\begin{tabular}{cccl} 
[Equipment] & \multicolumn{2}{c}{ SX station No. } & mode \\
Inverter & 1 & 1 & RESET mode \\
* Inverter & 2 & 2 & RESET mode \\
* Inverter & 3 & 3 & RESET mode \\
* Inverter & 4 & 4 & RESET mode \\
Inverter & 5 & 5 & RESET node \\
* Inverter 6 & 6 & RESET mode \\
* Option I/0 & 7 & RESET mode
\end{tabular}
    :Tact cycle }=3.0\textrm{ms
    :Link type between inverters = Simple RS485 links
    :Initialization method selection = Menory diagnosis not execute
[CPU operation definition]
    :Watch dog tiner setting = Default
```



```
    :Reserve memory size per POU
        Use reserve memory = Selected POUs
        Non retain memory = 10
        Retain memory }=1
        User FB memory }=1
[I/0 group setting] - Default
    [Input selection - Input signal]
    ll
    1 Speed setting 4/frequency reference monitor
    Torque reference 2
    3 Torque current reference (final)
    4 \text { Magnetic-flux reference (final)}
    5 \text { Real speed(detected speed value)}
    6 \text { Control data(CW) (standard+DIOA;16bit)}
    7 \text { Operation status(SW)}
    8 Speed setting 1/frequency reference(v/f)
    9 Line speed input
    10 pulse train position reference(PG(PR))
    11 Position detection (build-in or PG(PD))
    1 2 \text { Position detection (Z phase input) (PG(PD))}
    1 3 \text { Position reference}
    1 4 \text { DI of INV (DIOB option;16bit)}
    15 Ai of INV (Ail)
    16 Ai of INY (Ai2)
    17 Ai of INY (AIO option, Ai3) 
    [Input selection - Option I/O input]
    1 I/0 Module DI }16\mathrm{ points
Use
0
    [Output selection - Output signal]
Use inverter
```



Fig. 1-3-53 Example of printed system definition

## FRENIC-VG

## 2

## Chapter 2 Preparation and Basic Operation Examples

This chapter describes the basic operation with the test operation.

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### 2.1 Examination of System

### 2.1.1 Application to Small to Medium Systems

## ICAUTION

- UPAC has been developed for small to medium systems driving and controlling maximum about 10 inverters. It is not for large systems where several tens of inverters are generalized and controlled. When applying UPAC, carefully examine the specifications of UPAC and design a system while allowing an extra room in the specifications.

UPAC has been developed for small to medium systems (for from one to about ten inverters) controlling winding (dancer, tension), ratio (draw), position and synchronization and so on. A system having been controlled by an external PLC can be transformed into a rigid and high-speed entirely digital system, using the UPAC.

On the other hand, in a medium system, a distributed control system can be configured where driving control groups requiring high-speed control are generalized through the UPAC and the host PLC generalizes and controls each group with operation commands and initial value setup or the like.

When compared with large systems, the above-mentioned system may not satisfy all the requirements because of lack of a control distribution function for two or more UPACs, poor I/0 point count, and poor trace memory. Deliberate system examination is necessary according to the size of the system. Refer to this section for approximate guidelines useful for the first examination of specifications.

1) Example of application to small system

The figure below shows an example of tension control using an SIU (optical link) option to link three FRENIC-VG inverters.

If I/O points are insufficient, an extension I/0 option (DIO in the figure below) is used and the PG option (high-speed pulse counter) is applied for line speed detection. The built-in I/0 is used to control I/0 of general-purpose inverters.

Tension commands and line speed commands are given in a digital or analog quantity from the external PLC or computer. These small tension control systems can sufficiently be supported by one UPAC.


Fig. 2-1-1
2) Application to medium system

The figure below is an illustration where multiple FRENIC-VGs are linked via the SIU (optical link) option to form a small driving control group and PLC or a computer is installed in the host as a system controller to integrate and control other driving control groups.
A digital command from PLC is transferred to each inverter, while a command, from UPAC, driving and controlling FRENIC-VGs is transferred to each FRENIC-VG within the driving control group via the SIU (optical link) option.

At this time, the generalizing and controlling PLC or computer sends operation commands and initial settings to each driving control group while receiving monitor data from each group. UPAC functions as a master station in each control group and sends various commands for driving the motor via a high-speed optical link that is superior in noise immunity.
A distributed control system can be configured in this way where the host and subordinate units play clearly divided roles.


## PLC or Process Controller

Fig. 2-1-2

### 2.1.2 Examination of Specification

## ©caution

Be aware of the following limitations when examining the specifications.

- If the system (FRN_VG_6UPAC, FRN_VG_12UPAC) of the project is determined first, modification to the other system becomes impossible.
- Function codes cannot be read from slave FRENIC-VG (FRENIC-VG without UPAC) connected via the optical link.


### 2.1.2.1 System selection

After project creation is selected from D300win, the dialog box shown on the right is displayed. The UPAC system has the following system options from which you can select the desired one.
If the system is selected first, modification to the other system becomes impossible. Examine the system first before selecting.
Table 2-1-1

| System | Selection |
| :--- | :--- |
| Broadcasting | FRN_VG_6UPAC |
| System consisting of 6 or fewer units | FRN_VG_12UPAC |
| Broadcasting |  |



Fig. 2-1-3

The satisfaction of the applicable system specification or controllability must be examined in advance according to the number of FRENIC-VG inverter units controlled by UPAC, controlling method, number of operated I/0 points, refresh time and other particulars. A general guideline for examination is indicated here. Read the description of each part for details to avoid errors during first examination of specifications.
Table 2-1-2

|  | Broadcasting |  | Master slave |  | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | FRN_VG_6UPAC | FRN_VG_12UPAC | FRN_VG_6UPAC | FRN_VG_12UPAC |  |
| Number of connected units | 1 to 156 |  | 1 to 6 | 1 to 12 |  |
| Number of pieces of OPC-VG1-UPAC | 1 |  |  |  | Two or more UPACs cannot be installed inside the system. |
| Number of pieces of OPC-VG1-SIU | Number of units (number > 1) |  |  |  | Unnecessary for a system consisting of only one unit |
| I/Q memory\|lamber$\begin{aligned} & \text { Numemori } \\ & \text { mem }\end{aligned}$ | All 32W | All 14W | All 50W x 6 units | All $22 \mathrm{~W} \times 12$ units | Memory for high-speed data exchange |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 32W } \\ & \text { UPAC } \rightarrow \text { VG : 32W } \\ & \text { (Slave: 18W) } \\ & \text { VG } \rightarrow \text { UPAC : } 18 \mathrm{~W} \\ & \text { (Slave: None) } \end{aligned}$ | 14W UPAC $\rightarrow$ VG : 14W (Slave: 8W) VG $\rightarrow$ UPAC : 8W (Slave: None) | 50W UPAC $\rightarrow$ VG: 32 W (Slave: 18W) VG $\rightarrow$ UPAC: 18 W (Slave: 18 W ) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 22 \mathrm{~W} \\ & \text { UPAC } \rightarrow \text { VG : } 14 \mathrm{~W} \\ & \text { (Slave: 8) } \\ & \text { VG } \rightarrow \text { UPAC : } 8 \mathrm{~W} \\ & \text { (Slave: 8W) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | In the master-slave link, data can be written or referenced for each slave. |
| Type | Operation command, speed setting 1, 4, torque reference, torque current reference, magnetic flux reference, torque limiter 1, 2, acceleration / deceleration time, PG pulse count, position command, torque bias, auxiliary speed reference, function code 4W, standard and extended inputs and outputs, etc. |  |  |  |  |
| Writing time | Minimum 1ms <br> Writing same data to slave |  | 1 unit: Minimum 1 ms <br> 2 units: Minimum 2 ms to 12 units: <br> Minimum 22 ms <br> Minimum time $(\mathrm{ms})=($ Number of units -1$)$ <br> $\times 2$ <br> $*$ With 2 or more units, the reading period <br> is twice the value |  | The refresh time between FRENIC-VG and UPAC is the value on the left according to the number of connected units even if the task operates for 1 ms . |
| IO points (DI) | Standard 11 points + extended I/O | Standard 11 points | Standard 11 points + extended I/O | Standard 11 points | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Extended I/O (OPC-VG1-DIOB, } \\ & \text { OPC-VG1-AIO) } \\ & \text { cannot be accessed } \\ & \text { in the 12-unit system. } \end{aligned}$ |
| IO points (AI) | Standard 3 points + extended I/O | Standard 3 points | Standard 3 points + extended I/O | Standard 3 points |  |
| IO points (DO) | Standard 5 points + extended I/O | Standard 5 points | Standard 5 points + extended I/O | Standard 5 points |  |
| 1 O points (AO) | Standard 3 points + extended I/O | Standard 3 points | Standard 3 points + extended I/O | Standard 3 points |  |
| High-speed counter | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Built-in PG } \\ & \text { OPC-VG1-PG(PGo) } \end{aligned}$ | Impossible | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Built-in PG } \\ & \text { OPC-VG1-PG(PGo) } \end{aligned}$ | Impossible | The counter function (position, synchronization, and wiring control) is unavailable in the 12-unit system. |
| Function code | Writing to or reading from all areas (F, E, C, P, H, A, o, L, U, M) 60 ms refresh <br> $M$ code is read only |  |  |  |  |
| Access to master |  |  |  |  | Function to master only (FRENIC-VG equipped with UPAC) |
| Access to slave | 4W writing possible Reading impossible | Writing impossible <br> Reading impossible | 4W writing possible Reading impossible | Writing impossible Reading impossible | High-speed exchange using I/Q area of both master and slave |

### 2.1.2.2 Designing the number of inputs and outputs

## CAUTION

Examine the following items in advance when designing the number of inputs and outputs.

- The number of I/O expansion cards installed in each FRENIC-VG unit is two. An optical link connected to the SIU card reduces the number of expansion cards by one.
- The synchronous motor drive (PMPG card necessary) and position control (PG card necessary) reduces the number of expansion cards by one, too.
- In the 12-unit system, the I/O expansion option cannot be operated (DIOA card can be operated).

The standard I/0 and the I/0 of the expansion card can be operated from the UPAC.
Two expansion cards can be installed. The number of inputs and outputs is restricted in this capacity.

One SIU (optical link) card reduces the number of installed cards by one, though all the inputs and outputs of the linked FRENIC-VG become expandable ( $+\boldsymbol{\alpha}$ ). However, the I/0 expansion option cannot be operated with a 12-unit system selected.

Table 2-1-3 Maximum number of inputs and outputs controlled with one unit of FRENIC-VG

|  | Standard | DIOA | DIOB | AIO | Combination of option (Total I/O points) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | DIOB+AIO | SIU+DIOA | SIU+DIOB | SIU+AIO |  |  |
| DI | 9 | 4 | 16 | - | 29 | 13 | 25 | $13+\alpha$ | $25+\alpha$ |  |
| DO | 5 | 8 | 10 | - | 23 | 13 | 15 | $13+\alpha$ | $15+\alpha$ |  |
| AI | 3 <br> $(12$ <br> inputs) | - | - | 2 | 3 | 3 | 5 | $3+\alpha$ |  |  |
| AO | 3 | - | - | 2 | 3 | 3 | 5 | $3+\alpha$ | $3+\alpha$ |  |

The maximum number of inputs and outputs controlled from the UPAC is shown in the table below for a system consisting of three units ( $\mathbf{\alpha}=3$ ).

|  | Combination of option (DIOB, AIO) (Total I/O points) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $(3,0)$ | $(2,1)$ | $(1,2)$ | $(0,3)$ |
| DI | $75\left(9^{*} 3+16^{*} 3\right)$ | $59\left(9^{*} 3+16^{*} 2\right)$ | $43\left(9^{*} 3+16^{*} 1\right)$ | $27\left(9^{*} 3+16^{*} 0\right)$ |
| DO | $45\left(5^{*} 3+10^{*} 3\right)$ | $35\left(5^{*} 3+10^{*} 2\right)$ | $25\left(5^{*} 3+10^{*} 1\right)$ | $15\left(5^{*} 3+10^{*} 0\right)$ |
| AI | $9\left(3^{*} 3+2^{*} 0\right)$ | $11\left(3^{*} 3+2^{*} 1\right)$ | $13\left(3^{*} 3+2^{*} 2\right)$ | $15\left(3^{*} 3+2^{*} 3\right)$ |
| AO | $9\left(3^{*} 3+2^{*} 0\right)$ | $11\left(3^{*} 3+2^{*} 1\right)$ | $13\left(3^{*} 3+2^{*} 2\right)$ | $15\left(3^{*} 3+2^{*} 3\right)$ |

In the above table, the maximum number of inputs and outputs with one high-speed pulse counter (PG card) is as shown in the table below.

|  | Combination of option (DIOB, AIO) (Total I/O points) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $(2,0)$ | $(1,1)$ | $(0,2)$ |  |
|  | $59\left(9^{*} 3+16^{*} 2\right)$ | $43\left(9^{*} 3+16^{*} 1\right)$ | $27\left(9^{*} 3+16^{*} 0\right)$ |  |
|  | $35\left(5^{*} 3+10^{*} 2\right)$ | $25\left(5^{*} 3+10^{*} 1\right)$ | $15\left(5^{*} 3+10^{*} 0\right)$ |  |
|  | $9\left(3^{*} 3+2^{*} 0\right)$ | $11\left(3^{*} 3+2^{*} 1\right)$ | $13\left(3^{*} 3+2^{*} 2\right)$ |  |
|  | $9\left(3^{*} 3+2^{*} 0\right)$ | $11\left(3^{*} 3+2^{*} 1\right)$ | $13\left(3^{*} 3+2^{*} 2\right)$ |  |
| PG | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |

[^1]
### 2.2 Individual Operation of UPAC

Basic operation and test operation in a system consisting of one unit of FRENIC-VG without optical option are described here.

### 2.2.1 Preparation

## - - CAUTION

After finishing installation, wiring and switch setting, check the following items before turning the inverter on.

- Check if wiring is correct.
- Check if wire dust, screws or the like is left.
- Check if the screws and terminals are tight.
- Check if some element wires at the crimp terminal are in contact with another terminal.

The following preparation, confirmation and setting are necessary.
(1) Turn on the main power supply (R/L1, S/L2, T/L3) or control power supply (R0, T0).
(2) The UPAC option is recognized.
(3) Set the function codes.

Refer to Chapter 3 "Preparation for Operation and Test Operation" for preparation for operation of the FRENIC-VG inverter.

1) Power-on

## - $\$ CAUTION

- If the option is turned on for the first time, the ErA alarm may be displayed. If this happens, leave the power turned on for about 30 seconds, and turn the power off then on again.
(1) Recognition of UPAC option

Page 10 on the I/O check screen in the keypad appears as shown at right with the UPAC option installed.
D: If "VG1-UPAC" is not displayed, the inverter does not recognize the UPAC option. Check the installation state of the UPAC option in this case.

| OPTION |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| D: VG1-UPAC |  |
| E: $(5)$ |  |
| F: $(6)$ |  |
| $\wedge \vee \rightarrow$ PAGE | Switch |
| 10 |  |

(2) Confirmation of ROM version

## CAUTION

- Some of options are not compatible with early ROM versions of FRENIC-VG. The operation does not function correctly with early versions. Be sure to check the ROM version shown in maintenance information of the keypad. If the version is uncertain, contact us.

Before installing the option, check the ROM version of the main body. If the option is already installed, check the ROM version of the main body in that state.
See the information displayed on the right of MAIN and MTR in the maintenance information of the keypad.
The screen shown on the right is page 5 in the maintenance information.

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| MAIN=H1×××× MTR $=\mathrm{H} 2 \times \times \times x$ |  |
| KP =K x××x |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \wedge \vee \rightarrow \mathrm{PAGE} \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | Switch | Press the V key at the keypad to go to page 5.

Table 2-2-1

| Model of option | ROM version |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MAIN | MTR |
| OPC-VG1-UPAC | H10020 or more | H20020 or more |

### 2.2.2 Settings on FRENIC-VG side

## ACAUTION

- When " 0 " is set at o38 "UPAC start/stop" or a "stop (S)" command is issued form the control of D300win, data exchange does not occur between UPAC and FRENIC-VG.
- o38 cannot be controlled from the UPAC program.
- If the break point is set in the monitor screen of D300win and, in a broken state, "0" (stop) is set at o38, UPAC alarm "ErA" is caused. Do not operate o38 during break operation.
- Do not select zero clear at o39 "UPAC memory mode" for the FM and SFM areas.


### 2.2.2.1 Starting or stopping UPAC

Though the CPU of UPAC is always active without relations to the setting of the o38 function code (UPAC start/stop) and the control state of D300win, set " 1 " or "2" at o38 and give a "start (W)" command from the control of D300win to arrange the data exchange state between UPAC system and FRENIC-VG. This data exchange state is defined in the table below as "startup."

The user must select and prepare the pieces of data exchanged between UPAC and FRENIC-VG in the System Definition (UPAC system definition) screen of D300win. The System Definition is described in details in section 2.2.3 "Settings on D300win side" and in Chapter 3.

Table 2-2-2 Starting and stopping condition of UPAC

| Function code o38 | D300win control | UPAC system | Outline of operation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | "Stop (S)" command | Stop (data exchange) | Data exchange between UPAC and FRENIC-VG is stopped. |
|  | "Start (W)" command |  |  |
|  | "Stop (S)" command |  |  |
| $1$ <br> Hot start | "Start (W)" command | Start (data exchange) | Data exchange between UPAC and FRENIC-VG is possible. <br> Started with memory retention when UPAC starts. |
|  | "Stop (S)" command | Stop (data exchange) | Data exchange between UPAC and FRENIC-VG is stopped. |
| $2$ <br> Cold start | "Start (W)" command | Start (data exchange) | Data exchange between UPAC and FRENIC-VG is possible. <br> Started with cleared memory when UPAC starts. |

In a system using UPAC, make it a rule to set " 1 " or " 2 " at o38 and start or stop from the control of D300win.
This is important when UPAC is temporarily stopped for system definition downloading or reset command issuance. In such an instance, do not manipulate o38 but control the D300win control.
Because function code o38 controls UPAC directly, UPAC cannot operate o38.

### 2.2.2.2 UPAC memory mode

You can select whether to clear the memory to zero or to hold at the state immediately before a stop, in the stopping state of UPAC. The memory area of UPAC includes the IQ, M, RM, FM and SFM areas. Clear/hold selection can be made for each memory area individually. The o39 setting is reflected when UPAC is being stopped and the starting UPAC is stopped. The I area (FRENIC-VG->UPAC) of the IQ memory is updated immediately after it is cleared by FRENIC-VG, so that it cannot be cleared.

Leave the "hold" setting for the FM and SFM areas.

Definition of function code o39 "UPAC memory mode"


Bit 0: IQ area. 0: Hold,
1: Clear $\underset{\text { definition of } D 300 \mathrm{win} \text { ) }}{\text { (OR condition }}$ definition of D300win)
Bit 1: M area.
0: Hold,
1: Clear
Bit 2: RM area. 0: Hold,
1: Clear
Bit 3: FM area. 0: Hold, 1: Clear (Set at "0.")
Bit 4: SFM area. 0: Hold, 1: Clear (Set at "0.")

[^2]The IQ memory is determined through combination with the coupled HOLD definition in System Definition-system configuration definition of D300win as shown in the figure.


Fig. 2-2-1

## 1) $I Q$ area

The IQ area is defined through combination between function code o39 "UPAC memory mode" and the coupled HOLD definition in System Definition.

Table 2-2-3 IQ memory clearing condition

| IQ area bit of <br> function code o39 | System Definition | Description of <br> memory | Outline of operation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | HOLD mode | Hold | The IQ memory is held in the state before stoppage of <br> UPAC. |
|  | Reset mode | Clear | The IQ memory is cleared to zero upon stoppage of <br> UPAC. |
|  | HOLD mode |  |  |

## 2) $M, R M, F M$ and SFM areas

The M, RM, FM, and SFM areas are defined with function code o39 "UPAC memory mode."
Table 2-2-4 M, RM, FM and SFM memory clearing condition

| Bit of M, RM, FM or SFM area of function code |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| o39 | | Description |
| :---: |
| of memory |$\quad$ Outline of operation | Hold | The corresponding memory is held at the state <br> before stoppage of UPAC. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | Clear | The corresponding memory is cleared to zero upon <br> stoppage of UPAC. |
| 1 |  |  |

### 2.2.3 Settings on D300win Side

Preparation has been made in section 2.2 .2 to operate UPAC through the settings on the FRENIC-VG side.

To reflect the data calculated by UPAC to FRENIC-VG or to refer to the data on the FRENIC-VG side, definition must be given to the System Definition of UPAC (UPAC system definition) with D300win.

The concrete example for giving a "speed setting from UPAC to FRENIC-VG" is described below. Read the description carefully to fully understand it.

### 2.2.3.1 FRENIC-VG interface

Determine the destination of connection of the UPAC's speed setting to the FRENIC-VG control.

Suppose that you want to select speed setting 1 among speed setting 1 (before acceleration / deceleration calculation) and speed setting 4 (ASR input).
To register the definition to D300win, place a check mark $\sqrt{ }$ at Speed setting 1 / frequency reference (V/f) in the output selection screen (screen shown on the right) in the I/O Group setting of the System Definition.
After clicking on OK, download the system definition when a speed command program (program is omitted) is compiled and downloaded, and give a reset command.
Upon this, the control on the FRENIC-VG side changes as shown in the figure below.


Fig. 2-2-2


Fig. 2-2-3

### 2.2.3.2 I/O group setting

I/0 group setting is on the fourth property sheet of the UPAC system definition screen. The setting method is described here.

Associate the task level of UPAC with the I/0 data area of the inverter and define the refresh timing.


Fig. 2-2-4 I/O group setting screen
The operation method is described in the table below.
Table 2-2-5 Operation method in I/O group setting screen

| Item | Description | Initial <br> value |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Level | The priority of the task included in the resource is listed. Select the desired task <br> (priority) to display the current setting. |  |
| Input selection | Select an input device to be used in UPAC. Place a check mark to select all input <br> data on the devices selected. After selecting an input device, pressing the [Detail <br> (D)] specifies input date of the device. | All OFF |
| Output selection | Select an output device to be used in UPAC. Place a check mark to select all <br> output data on the devices selected. After selecting an output device, pressing <br> the [Detail (D)] specifies output date of the device. | All OFF |
| Selected number | The number of pieces of data selected for input/output of a selected device <br> appears on the numerator side. <br> The number of pieces of decision branch data for a specified device appears on <br> the denominator side. |  |
| [Details (D)] button (or | The input/output data selection screen of a selected device appears (Figure <br> 2-2-5). |  |

* All devices can be set without relations to installation of each device.


## Detail operation method of selection check box

The check box is displayed or operated as described below.

- A check mark is placed lif the service state of all devices is ON.
- A check mark is placed in the gray check box lif the service state of some devices is ON.
- No check mark is placed $\square$ if the service state of all devices is OFF.
- When clicked on, the state of the check box changes as shown below.


Detail setting method of each word
Press the [Details (D)] button or double-click on the item to display the detail setting screen shown in thefigure below.


Fig. 2-2-5 Detail setting screen for each word

The operation method is described in the table below.
Table 2-2-6 Operation method of detail setting screen

| Item | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| [Use] check box | Set use or no use for each word. |
| Word No. | The word number starting at "1" is displayed. |
| Name | The data name is displayed. |
| $[$ All $]$ button | All points are turned on or off in a batch. If ON buttons are more than half, all words are <br> turned off; if not, all words are turned on. |

### 2.2.3.3 Precautions for I/O group setting

## ©CAUTION

- If output selection exceeds the predetermined number of words (6-unit system: 19W or more, 12-unit system: 9W or more) in the I/O group setting of the system definition of D300win, an illegal setting is judged and operation procedure alarm "Er6" is issued as a warning sign for safety.

In this section, cases in which an operation procedure alarm is developed are described. For the operation method of D300win or UPAC and VGFRENIC-VG interface setting, refer to the corresponding manual.

1) 6-unit system


Fig. 2-2-6
2) 12-unit system


Fig. 2-2-7

In the 6 -unit system, 19 W or more outputs cannot be selected for the output selection in the I/O group setting of the system definition.
The data sent from UPAC to FRENIC-VG does not exceed 19W during regular operation. If 19 W or more items are selected (check marks are placed), a setting error of the user is probable. In this state, FRENIC-VG may cause illegal actions, accompanying danger.
For this reason an operation procedure alarm is output to disable inverter operation.
In the case of input selection, UPAC can refer to all the information of FRENIC-VG connected via the optical link.

In the 12-unit system, 9 W or more outputs cannot be selected for the output selection in the I/O group setting of the system definition.
The data sent from UPAC to FRENIC-VG does not exceed 9W during regular operation. If 9 W or more items are selected (check marks are placed), a setting error of the user is probable. In this state, FRENIC-VG may cause illegal actions, accompanying danger.

For this reason an operation procedure alarm is output to disable inverter operation.
In the case of input selection, UPAC can refer to all the information of FRENIC-VG connected via the optical link.

### 2.2.3.4 Downloading

## CAUTION

- Download programs and system definition from D300win during stoppage of the inverter. The data is not downloaded during operation of the inverter.
- Be sure to issue a reset command to allow data referencing and updating between FRENIC-VG and UPAC after downloading system definition from D300win. As well, wait for about 10 seconds after resetting before starting UPAC.

Refer to the MICREX-SX reference manual for details of downloading of programs and system definition

In this section, conditions characteristic to UPAC are described.

## 1) Downloading and resetting conditions

The program and system definition can be downloaded or reset command for UPAC can be handled during stoppage of both the inverter and UPAC. Mere deactivation of operation commands is not judged to be stoppage of the inverter. Operation commands must be deactivated and the speed must be zero, and the inverter output must be shut off (with voltage output tuned off) before stoppage is judged.

To stop the UPAC, function code o38 may be set to "0" at the keypad; however, when considering operability, do not operate the keypad but give a stop (S) command from the control of D300win to stop. Stop the UPAC system after arranging the downloading and resetting conditions described in the table below.

Table 2-2-7 UPAC downloading and resetting condition

| Function code 038 | D300win control | UPAC system | FRENIC-VG | Downloading and resetting conditions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | "Stop (S)" command | Stop (data exchange) | Output shutoff (stop) | Possible ( $\triangle$ ) |
|  |  |  | Operating | Impossible *1 |
|  | "Start (W)" command |  | Output shutoff (stop) | Possible ( $\Delta$ ) |
|  |  |  | Operating | Impossible *1 |
| 1 | "Stop (S)" command |  | Output shutoff (stop) | Possible (recommended) |
|  |  |  | Operating | Impossible *1 |
|  | "Start (W)" command | Start (data exchange) | Output shutoff (stop) | Impossible *2 |
|  |  |  | Operating | Impossible *1 |
| 2 | "Stop (S)" command | Stop (data exchange) | Output shutoff (stop) | Possible (recommended) |
|  |  |  | Operating | Impossible *1 |
|  | "Start (W)" command | Start (data exchange) | Output shutoff (stop) | Impossible *2 |
|  |  |  | Operating | Impossible *1 |

*1: Downloading and resetting are impossible during operation of FRENIC-VG. Stop FRENIC-VG temporarily.
*2: Downloading and resetting are impossible after UPAC has started. Issue a stop command from D300win temporarily.

## 2) Reset command

When a reset command is issued from D300win to UPAC, no response for confirmation of resetting may be displayed on the screen of the PC or it may be invisible even if displayed. UPAC takes about 10 seconds to process a reset command. Wait for 10 seconds after a reset command is issued before starting UPAC.

### 2.3 Operation of Multiple Units via Optical Option (OPC-VG1-SIU)

Basic operation and test operation of two or more units of FRENIC-VG linked with the optical option under control of UPAC are described.

Operation methods are based on description in section 2.2 Individual Operation of UPAC. Read section 2.2 first.

### 2.3.1 Preparation

## - ©caution

After finishing installation, wiring and switch setting, inspect the following items before turning the inverter on.

- Check if wiring is correct.
- Check if wire dust, screws or the like is left.
- Check if the screws and terminals are tight.
- Check if some element wires at the crimp terminal are in contact with another terminal.
- Check if SW1 and SW2 settings are correct.

The following preparation, confirmation and setting are necessary.
(1) Turn on the main power supply (R/L1, S/L2, T/L3) or control power supply (R0, T0).
(2) Confirm that the optical option is recognized and check the ROM version.
(3) Set the function codes.

Refer to Chapter 3 "Operation Preparation and Test Operation" in the User's Manual of the main body for operation preparation of the main body of FRENIC-VG.

1) Power-on

## - Caution

- If operation is started without turning even one unit on in the UPAC system, an inverter-to-inverter link error "Erb" is caused. Because optical communication is not compatible with fail-soft operation, turn on all the units linked via optical cables.


## Power-on sequence

The master and slave units may not be turned on simultaneously. As well, there is no definite power-on sequence. However, all the units linked via optical cables must be turned on before operation is started. If even one unit is not turned on in the system, optical communication does not function correctly.
As well, units do not issue warning display (alarm state output) until an operation command (FWD or REV) is issued.

Use the following two methods to check if the optical communication link is established.
If the master is turned off then on after the communication link is established, an alarm is caused.
(1) Check using LED on optical option

Check the blinking state of the green LED on the optical option to check the communication state. In this method, open the cover of the unit so that the printed circuit board of the optical option is visible.

Table 2-3-1 LED blink and communication state

| No | LED blinking <br> pattern | State of <br> operation | State transition |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Blink at 500 ms <br> intervals | Correct <br> operation | Optical communication is in correct operation state. <br> When the option is turned on for the first time after purchase, the function <br> code setting is not accurate and the No. 2 state is caused without correct <br> operation. |
| 2 | Three blinks at 100 <br> ms intervals then <br> 500 ms OFF | Correct <br> operation <br> (Communication <br> link not <br> established) | Optical communication is not in correct operation state. <br> - If the setting at switches SW1 or SW2 is wrong, turn the power off and <br> correct the setting, and then turn the power on. <br> For setting errors of function codes, correct the settings and turn the <br> power off then on again. <br> - If there is a broken wire in the communication link, remove the cause <br> of the broken wire. |
| 3 | Always ON <br> (or OFF) | Option <br> CPU error | An early ROM version of the main body of FRENIC-VG is probable. <br> Contact us. |

(2) UPAC application check

## - CAUTION

- If the communication link is broken due to a broken wire or the like after the link is established when the power is turned on, the inverter-to-inverter link error "Erb" is caused at all units. If the communication link is broken before the power is turned on, the protective function is not effective during stoppage. When the operation command (FWD or REV) is issued, the inverter-to-inverter link error (Erb) is issued with a voltage output by the inverter to activate the protective function, but design the UPAC application to monitor the communication link to assure safety.

The communication state can be checked on the UPAC application side. Use this function for confirmation upon system startup or for assurance of reliability of the application during system stoppage.
Digital output
A digital output is issued in a UPAC + SIU system when the communication link between optical options is established.
Select one out of digital output terminals Y1 to Y5 and Y11 to Y18 (DI0A option) of the master inverter where UPAC is installed, and assign 45; [C-D07].

45; [C-D07] 1: Communication link established (Correct operation in UPAC + SIU)

## 0 : Not established

Monitor the information of function code M14 "output terminal Y1 to Y18" at UPAC or connect the DO output at the terminal block (DIOA: connector) to an external device. Setting example:
To assign the Y1 terminal for the check of communication link establishment, set 45 ; [C-D07] at function code E15 "Y1 function selection" at the keypad.

The communication link is established without relations to the o38 "UPAC start/stop" stetting or D300win control command if connection is correct.
2) Option recognition and ROM version confirmation
!CAUTION

- Even if the optical option is physically installed, the communication link is not established if the connector is not inserted completely or there is poor continuity. Be sure to check on the I/O check screen of FRENIC-VG if "VG1-SIU" is recognized correctly.
- The optical option is not compatible with FRENIC-VG of early ROM versions. The communication link is not established with an early version. Be sure to check the ROM version shown in maintenance information of the keypad. If the version is uncertain, contact us.
(1) Recognition of optical option

If the optical option is installed and switch SW2 on the optical option is set at (ON, ON), the screen on page 9 of the I/O check screen at the keypad is displayed as shown at right. (In this case, SIU card is installed in port A.)
D: If "VG1-SIU" is not displayed, the inverter does not recognize the UPAC option.

In this case, check the installation state of the optical option and the
$\wedge v \rightarrow$ PAGE Switch state of SW2 again.
(2) ROM version confirmation

Check the ROM version of the main body of FRENIC-VG (no optical option or keypad).
See the information displayed on the right of MAIN and MTR in the maintenance information of the keypad.

The screen shown on the right is page 5 in the maintenance information. Press the $V$ key at the keypad to go to page 5 .

Table 2-3-2 ROM version

| Maintenance information | Version to which optical option is effective |
| :--- | :--- |
| MAIN | H10040 or later |
| MTR | H20040 or later |

### 2.3.2 Setting the Function Code

## WARNING

- Errors in the data of the function code may cause a dangerous state. To avoid this, check the data after setting or writing it.


## Otherwise accidents may be caused.

## caution

- Set " 0 " for o38 "UPAC start / stop" of the master unit or issue a "stop" command at the D300wincontrol to stop the UPAC + SIU system.
- Be sure to set 035 and o36 at all units. After the number of connected units and the connection order are determined, a unique setting is determined. If this setting is illegal, operation procedure alarm "Er6" or inverter-to-inverter link error "Erb" gives a warning.
- After changing o35 or o36, turn the power off then on again to reflect the new setting.
(1) Operation on o38

Set function code o38 on the master side (inverter with UPAC). o38 cannot be set on the slave side. The UPAC + SIU system does not function if o38 is set at "0." If this happens, each inverter operates on the individual operation command and speed command.

The UPAC + SIU system does not function if o38 is set at " 0 ."

| Master o38 | UPAC+SIU <br> link system | Outline of operation |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | Inactive | The communication link continues but various command data is not reflected at the <br> inverters connected via the optical cable if there is no trouble in communication. |
| 1,2 | Active | The communication link is established and various commands and monitor data <br> are reflected at the inverters connected via the optical cable if there is no trouble in <br> communication. |

(2) Address setting rule

- The o35 setting specifies between broadcasting and master-slave communication. The setting must be given at all units.
- Set the number of slave units at o36. Subtract one from the number of all units (to obtain the number of slave units). The setting must be given at all units.

Table 2-3-4 Special function code for optical option

| No. | Parameter name |  | Setting range | Description of setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Name | Keypad indication |  |  |
| 035 | Optical option station address | Link address | 0 to 255 | Define the link address of the optical option for the UPAC link <br> 0 : Master address <br> 1 to 11: Slave address <br> 100: Master address (broadcasting) <br> 101 to 255: Slave address (broadcasting) |
| o36 | Number of slave stations of optical system | Link system slave station | 1 to 155 | Number of slave inverters connected via optical options with the one equipped with UPAC being the master. |

(2) -1 How to set o35

No duplication is allowed for function code o35 among all units connected via the optical cables. After the number of connected units is determined and the master-slave connection sequence is determined, a unique number is determined. Set the serial number of the connection sequence of the optical cable ( 0 for master, 1 for the next slave, 2 for the next slave, ...).

## Table 2-3-5 Setting of function code o35

| Function <br> code | Setting | Function | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 035 | 0 | Master | Set for master-slave connection. The master-slave connection state <br> indicates the state where UPAC writes or reads data to/from each slave <br> inverter. |
|  | 1 to 11 | Slave 1 to 11 | Set for broadcasting. The broadcasting mode is used to write the same <br> data from UPAC to all inverters at a high speed. Writing to or reading <br> from specific inverters is impossible. |
|  | 100 | Master | 101 to 255 |

Note: If a value larger than o36 is set at o35 (o35>o36) or a value between 12 and 99 is set at o35, an operation procedure alarm is caused. If, though o35 $\leq o 36$, the same value is set at o35 for two or more inverters, the communication link is not established and an inverter-to-inverter link error is caused.
(2) -2 o36 setting method

The number of slave units connected via the optical cable must be set at function code o36. This is not the number including the master unit.

Table 2-3-6 Number of connected units and function code

| Function <br> code | Function | o36 setting | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 036 |  | 1 | Setting for a system of two units (1 master + 1 slave) |
|  |  | 2 | Setting for a system of three units (1 master + 2 slaves) |
|  |  | - |  |
|  |  | 10 | Setting for a system of 11 units (1 master + 10 slaves) |
|  |  | 11 | Setting for a system of 12 units (1 master +11 slaves) |

Note: If the o36 value does not agree with the number of slave units, the communication link is not established. If operation is performed in this state, inverter-to-inverter link error "Erb" is issued to warn of a setting error.
(2) - 3 Process after change

After changing o35 or o36 data, turn the power off then on again. The reset button at the terminal block (RST) or at the keypad is not effective.
Note: H31 is the address for identification in the data writing or reading process for the master unit (PLC, PC, etc.) connected with built-in RS485.
Table 2-3-7 RS485 address rule

| No. | Parameter name |  | Setting range | Description of setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Name | Keypad indication |  |  |
| H31 | Station address | RS485 address | 0 to 255 | Station number for identification in a system connected to host device (POD, PC, etc.) via the built-in RS485. 0 (RTU), 99 (FGI): Broadcasting 1 to 255: Address |

### 2.3.3 Connection

Description is made for the rule of connection setting in master-slave connection or broadcasting connection or accesses of a PC or the like to each inverter via the built-in RS485.

## 1) Master-slave connection

The figure on the right indicates connection of $n$ units.
The division between the master and slave is given with SW1.
Table 2-3-8

| SW1 | SIU option definition |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0 | Master |
| 1 | Slave |
| 2 to 9 | Er6 or Erb is caused. |
| o35 gives <br> address. |  |

Number of slave units: $\mathrm{n}-1(2 \leq \mathrm{n} \leq$
12), total $n$ units

Table 2-3-9

| o35 | o36 | SIU option definition |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 0 | $\mathrm{n}-1$ | Master |
| 1 | $\mathrm{n}-1$ | Slave 1 |
| 2 | $\mathrm{n}-1$ | Slave 2 |
|  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{n}-1$ | $\mathrm{n}-1$ | Slave n |
| $\geq \mathrm{n}$ |  | Er6 or Erb is caused. |

## 2) Broadcasting connection

The figure on the right indicates connection of $n$ units.
The division between the receiving and transmitting stations is given with SW1.

Table 2-3-10

| SW1 | SIU option definition |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0 | Transmitter |
| 1 | Receiver |
| 2 to 9 | Er6 or Erb is caused. |
| o35 gives | definition of the link | address.

Number of slave units: $\mathrm{n}-1(2 \leq \mathrm{n} \leq$ 12), total $n$ units

Table 2-3-11

| o35 | o36 | SIU option definition |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 100 | $\mathrm{n}-1$ | Master |
| 101 | $\mathrm{n}-1$ | Slave 1 |
| 102 | $\mathrm{n}-1$ | Slave 2 |
|  |  |  |
| $99+\mathrm{n}$ | $\mathrm{n}-1$ | Slave n |
| $\geq \mathrm{n}$ |  | Er6 or Erb is caused. |



Fig. 2-3-2

### 2.4 Basic Operation Examples

In this section, a series of operations from concrete specification determination, preparation of programs, downloading to UPAC, to FRENIC-VG control by UPAC are described through simple examples for giving speed commands.
The most basic and important description is made here. Read through the description and fully understand.

Description assumes that you are already familiar with basic operations of D300win. For details of operation of D300win, refer to the D300win user's manual.

### 2.4.1 Determination of Specification

## [Specification]

- Give FRENIC-VG the data set at function code UN0. 01 as a speed command, to control the motor.
[Supplement]
FRENIC-VG can be operated with speed commands given at the keypad or data preset to multiple speeds. While this is the standard function, you cannot use the user area (UN0. 01 to 64) of the function code to give speed commands. Though this is a simple example, the user can customize FRENIC-VG voluntarily using UPAC.


### 2.4.2 Creating a Program

Create a program according to the specification.
Start D300win and select File (F), New Project.
The New Project selection screen opens. Select FRN-VG_6 UPAC.


Fig. 2-4-1

A prototype project is created under project name "Untitled."

Next, select File (F), Save/ Project As/Zip Project As (A) to give a file name and save. Let the file name be "SPEED_CONTROL." (Do not exceed 24 characters when entering the file name.)


Fig. 2-4-2

Define the setting for referring to function code UNO. 01 .
(1) Double-click on LADDER*, the worksheet of LADDER, which is a default POU. A blank worksheet opens on the right side.
(2) Click the right mouse button on the worksheet. Select "Variable (V)" from the pull-down menu.


Fig. 2-4-3
(3) Select function code UN0. 01 (u01_f) from the variable list.


Select [OK] in the previous page to give the variable of u01_f (UNO. 01) to a worksheet as shown in the figure below.


Fig. 2-4-5
Next, connect the speed command given to FRENIC-VG, in the variable of u01_f.
(4) Select control variable speed setting 1 (INV118_SPDREF1) from the variable 1ist.


Fig. 2-4-6

The INV118_SPDREF1 variable appears on the worksheet. Select "u01_f" to connect.


Fig. 2-4-7

Continue to compile the program in the Build (B) and Make (M) method. If there is no error in the program, "Error 0 " is displayed as a result. If a warning has been issued, the program can be operated. (Confirmation of the intended range of the warning contents is recommended.)

## (1)



Fig. 2-4-8

Double-click on System_Definition in the tree structure of the project.


Fig. 2-4-9
Speed setting $1 /$ frequency reference (V/f) only is checked with the I/0 Group setting in the I/0 group setting. Do not use the [All (A)] button to place check marks for all data items.

### 2.4.3 Downloading

1) Connecting


Fig. 2-4-10
Download the program and system definition created in section 2.4.2, to UPAC.
To download, connect the PC with OPC-VG1-UPAC via the CB-VG1-UPAC-3S connection cable. When connecting the connector of CB-VG1 - UPAC-3S, insert it in the direction shown in the figure above. Open the front cover of FRENIC-VG to expose and connect the control PCB as shown in the figure on the right. Refer to the section describing the installation method of the option, for how to open the front cover.

## 2) Checking the state of UPAC

After physically connecting the PC with OPC-VG1-UPAC via the CB-VG1-UPAC-3S cable, select Online (N), Resource Control (R) to display the control screen on the screen.
When the communication link is established, the "Run (Nonfatal failure)" state is displayed in the control screen on the right side of the figure shown below. If "Stop (Nonfatal failure)" is displayed, the o38 "UPAC start / stop" setting is "0." Change to " 1 " at the keypad.
When the communication link is not established, "PC is not connected" is displayed as a state in the control screen on the left side of the figure shown below.

## caution

When a program created with SX-Programmer Expert(D300win) Version 2.x.x.x is opened In some cases, the program may start in the state "PC is not connected." If this is the case, you can open the [Communication setting] screen of Section 1.3.4.2 and then click on OK to change to the Run state.


Fig. 2-4-11
3) Stopping UPAC

Click on the [Stop (S)] button of the control. A Stop dialog box appears. Select [Yes (Y) ].


Fig. 2-4-12
4) Downloading

Check that the state of the control is "Stop" as shown in the figure below, and click on the [Download (D)] button.
If the state of the control is "Run," click on the [Stop (S)] button again to change to "Stop."
Next, in the "Download loader $\Rightarrow$ CPU" screen, place a check mark in all of the Program, Clear retention memory ( $\% \mathbf{M} *$. 3) area, and System definition check boxes.


Fig. 2-4-13

When downloading, the "downloading project" bar graph is displayed at the bottom of the screen to show the progress of downloading. In the project in the example, the process finishes in about two to ten seconds.


Fig. 2-4-14

## 5) Resetting

Click on the [Reset (R)] button in the control screen. A Reset dialog box appears. Select [Yes (Y)]. After Yes (Y) is clicked, the reset processing takes about ten seconds.


Fig. 2-4-15
6) Starting UPAC

Click on the [Start (W)] button in the control screen. A Start dialog box appears.
Select [Yes (Y)]. Check that the state of the control screen changes to "Run.


Fig. 2-4-16

### 2.4.4 Simulating and Monitoring

## 1) Preparation

Click on the [Close] button to exit from the control screen.
Next, select [Online (N)], [Debug (D)].
Check that " 00000 " is displayed below the variables (u01_f, INV118_SPDREF1) on the worksheet.
In this state, the state of the UPAC is monitored at the real time.


Fig. 2-4-17

## 2) Entering data from the keypad

Change function code UNO. 01 from " 0 " to " 1000 " at the keypad.
Check that " 00000 " changes to " 01000 " on the D300win monitor screen.
From this, it is known that UPAC refers to the UNO. 01 data on the FRENIC-VG side and writes the data in the speed interface of the IQ memory of UPAC.


Fig. 2-4-18
Next, change settings as follows.
F01 "Speed setting N1" $=" 0$ "
F02 "Operation" = "0"
F03 "Max. speed" = "1500"
P01 "M1 control method" = "2": Simulation mode
H30 "Link operation" = "0"
Turn off all contact signals related to the speed change such as multi-step operation.
[Explanation of setting]
Turn off the relevant contacts such as F01, F02 and H30 to validate operation commands and speed commands entered at the keypad.

P01 makes simulation (speed control simulation) possible. This becomes inertia simulation for driving a rotating body having an inertia of function code H51 "M1 load inertia." At this time, the inverter does not output a voltage, so that there is no need to connect a motor.
To drive an actual motor, refer to the FRENIC-VG User's Manual for wiring and test operation of the motor.

## 3) Checking at the keypad

Whether the " 1000 " data is written from UPAC to FRENIC-VG as a speed setting or not can be checked at the 7 -segment LED.
The speed data is converted into a scale where " 20000 " indicates the maximum speed ( $\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ ).
Data 1000 x maximum speed ( $1500 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ ) / $20000=75 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$
The " $75 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ " speed setting is indicated with blinking " 75 " during stoppage of the inverter (with LCD monitor of the keypad displaying STOP).

In this state, correct operation of the UPAC function and data exchange between UPAC and FRENIC-VG has been verified. Press the FWD or REV key on the keypad to start simulation (simulation speed) at $75 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$.

When "20000" is entered to UN0.01, the speed setting becomes:
$20000 \times$ maximum speed ( $1500 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ ) / $20000=\underline{1500 ~ r / m i n}$.

## FRENIC-VG

## Chapter 3 FRENIC-VG Interface

This chapter describes the detailed setting for the operation and the control configuration in UPAC.

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### 3.1 Memory Interface

### 3.1.1 Giving Basic Commands

### 3.1.1.1 Operation command

## - caution

- To operate from UPAC, short-circuit [FWD] and [REV] with [CM] at the terminal block. If only one terminal is short-circuited, the motor rotates when o38 "UPAC start/stop" is set at " 0 : Stop." Be sure to short-circuit across [FWD] and [CM] and across [REV] and [CM].
(1) 6-unit system (broadcasting)

Table 3-1-1

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \%QW $\square .22$ | 5 | Control data (CW) (standard + DIOA 16-bit) | Type: 32 | WORD | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG |  |

ஏ: 1 to 6 (INV1 to INV6)
(2) 12-unit system (broadcasting)

Table 3-1-2

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \%QW $\square .10$ | 5 | Control data (CW) (standard + DIOA 16-bit) | Type: 32 | WORD | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG |  |

$\square: 1$ to 12 (INV1 to INV12)
There are two methods to issue an operation command ([FWD], [REV]): (1) operation at other than UPAC and (2) operation at UPAC. The features of the operation command concerning UPAC are operation under AND condition between external command and UPAC command and that the operation command becomes invalid if the command of both [FWD] and [REV] are ON.

1) How to use

The operation command is issued basically at the terminal block, keypad or communication system. UPAC can issue or stop these external commands under the AND logic condition shown in the figure below. This is the operation of UPAC.
When control data is disabled in UPAC System_Definition (I/O group setting), operation can be made with external commands alone (other than those from UPAC) without relations to UPAC.


Fig. 3-1-1
The memory for giving forward or reverse rotation command from UPAC is two bits in the lower order of the control data (CW). " 0 " at the corresponding bit is OFF, while " 1 " is ON.
Control data (CW): operation command: type [32]

0) [FWD] (Forward rotation operation command)

1) [REV] (Reverse rotation operation command)
2) to 15) [X1] to [X14], [RST]
3) Operation from outside (other than UPAC) To operate without relations to UPAC according to operation commands from external device
Disable the control data (CW) in the I/O
 Group setting screen of output definition at System_Definition - I/O group setting of UPAC (Do not select the check box).
This operation makes operation of [FWD], [REV], [X1] through [X14] operation commands and control input commands of UPAC invalid.
In the figure on the right, the link from UPAC concerning the forward rotation command is canceled.
Because this causes word-level control including [FWD], [REV], and [X1] through [X14], there is the following precaution.


Fig. 3-1-2

Note: To invalidate [FWD] and [REV] operations of UPAC while validating control over [X1] through [X14], enable the control data (CW) (select the check box) and, according to the AND logic condition, OR the content of the corresponding memory with the following data and write the result to the control data (CW).
0000000000000011 (binary)
3) Operation from UPAC

To issue operation commands from UPAC
Enable the control data (CW) (select the check box) in the I/O Group setting screen of output definition at System_Definition - l/O group setting of UPAC.
This makes operation of [FWD], [REV], and [X1] through [X14] operation commands and control input commands of UPAC valid.

In the figure on the right, the operation from UPAC concerning the forward rotation command is validated.

Because of operation from UPAC, external commands must be always turned on (short-circuited at terminal block).
If only one terminal is short-circuited at the terminal block when UPAC is stopped with "0" at o38 "UPAC start/stop," the motor keeps operating. Make sure that both [FWD] and [REV] are short-circuited at the terminal block.
Simultaneous inputs result in output shutdown.


Fig. 3-1-3

### 3.1.1.2 Setting the speed

## Acaution

- When an operation command is given and the speed is written to speed setting 4 first, the motor does not stop even if the operation command is turned off. Be sure to set the speed setting 4 data at " 0 " before turning off the operation command.
Otherwise injuries may be caused.
(1) 6-unit system (broadcasting)

Table 3-1-3

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \%QW $\square .18$ | 1 | Speed setting 1/frequency <br> reference (during V/f) | $20000 /$ Nmax | INT | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG | Before multi-step <br> speed setting |
| \%QW $\square .28$ | 11 | Speed setting 4/frequency <br> reference (during V/f) | $20000 /$ Nmax | INT | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG | Before ASR input |

]: 1 to 6 (INV1 to INV6)
(2) 12-unit system (broadcasting)

Table 3-1-4

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \%QW $\square .8$ | 1 | Speed setting 1/frequency <br> reference (during V/f) | $20000 /$ Nmax | INT | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG | Before multi-step <br> speed setting |
| \%QW $\square .16$ | 11 | Speed setting 4/frequency <br> reference (during V/f) | $20000 /$ Nmax | INT | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG | Before ASR input |

$\square: 1$ to 12 (INV1 to INV12)
There are two methods for setting the speed: operation of speed setting 1 and operation of speed setting 4. Because speed setting 1 is inserted at the front stage of the control of FRENIC-VG, standard speed control systems of FRENIC-VG including acceleration/deceleration calculator, speed limit, and ASR input filter can be used. Because speed setting 4 is inserted immediately before ASR, it is useful for quick responses where speed outputs of position control are reflected on the FRENIC-VG side.

1) How to use

To reflect the speed setting calculated at UPAC on FRENIC-VG, enable (use) speed setting 1 or speed setting 4 in System_Definition, then download the system definition and reset to change the switches. In the figure below, speed setting 1 is changed.


Fig. 3-1-4
Enable (select the check box for) the speed setting 1/frequency reference (during V/f) in the I/O Group setting screen of output definition at System_Definition I/O group setting of the D300win screen.
The speed setting data is converted into a 20000 scale.
Data $\times$ maximum speed/20000
(Example) To write
" 3000 " for a maximum speed setting of $1500 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$
$3000 \times 1500 / 20000=225 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$


Fig. 3-1-5
[Limitation]
When speed setting 4 is used, the acceleration/deceleration calculator does not function. Therefore function code M14 or acceleration (ACC) and deceleration (DEC) in the "operation state" information of IQ memory SW do not function correctly.

### 3.1.1.3 Auxiliary speed setting

- CAUTION
- The auxiliary speed setting cannot be used when function code F01 or C25 is set at " 0 ," " 3 ," " 4 " or " 5 ."

The auxiliary speed setting can be given at UPAC.
(1) 6 -unit system (broadcasting)

Table 3-1-5

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \%QW $\square .31$ | 14 | Auxiliary speed setting | $20000 /$ Nmax | INT | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG |  |

D: 1 to 6 (INV1 to INV6)

1) How to use

To reflect the auxiliary speed setting calculated at UPAC on FRENIC-VG, enable (use) auxiliary speed setting in System_Definition, then download the system definition and reset to change the switches. In the figure below, connection is switched to the auxiliary speed setting.
As shown in the block diagram, the auxiliary speed setting from UPAC is canceled if function code F01 or C25 (validated one) is set at " 0, " " 3 ," " 4 " or " 5 ."


Fig. 3-1-6
Enable (select the check box for) the auxiliary speed setting in the I/O Group setting screen of output definition at System_Definition - I/O group setting of the D300win screen.
The auxiliary speed setting data is converted into a 20000 scale.
Data $\times$ maximum speed/20000
(Example) To write
"3000" for a maximum speed
setting of $1500 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$
$3000 \times 1500 / 20000=225 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$


Fig. 3-1-7

### 3.1.1.4 Torque reference

## \CAUTION

- After the operation command is turned on and a torque reference is given, the motor does not turn off even if the operation command is turned off. To stop after giving a torque reference, turn the operation command off and turn on coast-to-stop [BX].
Otherwise injuries may be caused.
(1) 6-unit system (broadcasting)

Table 3-1-6

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \%QW $\square .19$ | 2 | Torque reference 1 | $10000 / 100 \%$ | INT | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG | Before torque limit |
| $\%$ QW $\square .29$ | 12 | Torque reference 2 | $10000 / 100 \%$ | INT | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG | After torque limit |

$\square: 1$ to 6 (INV1 to INV6)
(2) 12-unit system (broadcasting)

Table 3-1-7

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\%$ QW $\square .19$ | 2 | Torque reference 1 | $10000 / 100 \%$ | INT | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG | Before torque limit |

1 to 12 (INV1 to INV12)
There are two methods for the torque reference: operation of torque reference 1 and operation of torque reference 2 (available only for a 6 -unit system). Because torque reference 1 is inserted immediately after the ASR output of the FRENIC-VG control, torque bias and torque limit in the standard torque control systems of FRENIC-VG can be used. Torque reference 2 is inserted immediately before the torque current reference calculation.

1) How to use

To reflect the torque reference calculated at UPAC on FRENIC-VG, enable (use) torque reference 1, torque reference 2 (available only for a 6-unit system) in System_Definition, then download the system definition and reset to change the switches. In the figure below, torque reference 1 is switched.


Fig. 3-1-8
Enable (select the check box for) the torque reference 1 in the I/O Group setting screen of output definition at System_Definition - I/O group setting of the D300win screen.
The torque reference data is converted, assuming that " 10000 " is the $100 \%$ torque (with the rated torque being 100\%).

## Data/10000 = Torque \%

(Example) To give a $60 \%$ torque reference, write "6000."


Fig. 3-1-9
[Limitation]
Because the acceleration/deceleration calculator does not function when the torque reference is used, function code M14 or acceleration (ACC) and deceleration (DEC) in the SW "operation state" information of the IQ memory do not function correctly.

### 3.1.1.5 Torque limit

(1) 6-unit system (broadcasting)

Table 3-1-8

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \%QW $\square .26$ | 9 | Torque limiter level 1 | $10000 / 100 \%$ | INT | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG |  |
| $\%$ QW $\square .27$ | 10 | Torque limiter level 2 | $10000 / 100 \%$ | INT | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG |  |

$\square$ : 1 to 6 (INV1 to INV6)
(2) 12-unit system (broadcasting)

Table 3-1-9

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\%$ QW $\square .14$ | 9 | Torque limiter level 1 | $10000 / 100 \%$ | INT | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG |  |
| $\%$ QW $\square .15$ | 10 | Torque limiter level 2 | $10000 / 100 \%$ | INT | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG |  |

$\square$ : 1 to 12 (INV1 to INV12)
Operate torque limiter levels 1 and 2 according to the user specification (separation between driving and braking, same level between driving and braking, etc.). Refer to the FRENIC-VG User's Manual for how to use the torque limit.

1) How to use

To reflect the torque limit calculated at UPAC on FRENIC-VG, enable (use) torque limiter level 1, torque limiter level 2 in System_Definition, then download the system definition and reset to change the switches. In the figure below, torque limiter 1 is switched.


Fig. 3-1-10
Enable (select the check box for) the torque limiter level 1 in the I/O Group setting screen of output definition at System_Definition - I/O group setting of the D300win screen.
The torque limit data is converted, assuming that " 10000 " is the $100 \%$ torque (with the rated torque being 100\%).

## Data/10000 = Torque \%

(Example) To give a $60 \%$ torque limit, write "6000."


Fig. 3-1-11

### 3.1.1.6 Torque bias

## CAUTION

- After the operation command is turned on and a torque bias command is given, the motor does not turn off even if the operation command is turned off. To stop after giving a torque bias command, turn the operation command off and turn on coast-to-stop [BX].
Otherwise injuries may be caused.
The torque bias can be given at UPAC.
(1) 6-unit system (broadcasting)

Table 3-1-10

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\%$ QW $\square .30$ | 13 | Torque bias | $10000 / 100 \%$ | INT | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG |  |

$\square: 1$ to 6 (INV1 to INV6)
The torque bias command is added immediately after the ASR output of FRENIC-VG control, thus observer function and torque limit in the standard torque control systems of FRENIC-VG can be used.

1) How to use

To reflect the torque bias command calculated at UPAC on FRENIC-VG, enable (use) torque bias in System_Definition, then download the system definition and reset to change the switches. In the figure below, the torque bias command is switched from other torque bias.


Fig. 3-1-12

Enable (select the check box for) the torque bias in the I/O Group setting screen of output definition at System_Definition - I/O group setting of the D300win screen.
The torque bias data is converted, assuming that " 10000 " is the $100 \%$ torque (with the rated torque being 100\%).
Data/10000 = Torque \%
(Example) To give a $60 \%$ torque bias, write " 6000 ."


Fig. 3-1-13

### 3.1.2 Referencing or Updating Function Codes

## - caution

- There are some write-protected function codes in UPAC.

Write-protected codes: P02, H01, H02, H03, H68, H71, o35-o40, S01-S12

- The data is written from UPAC to RAM (where the data evaporated when the power is turned off). Because the data evaporates when the power is turned off, change the default value at the keypad.

There are two methods for the referencing and writing of function codes: referencing and writing at 60 ms refreshment intervals and high-speed (tact cycle) writing. Use the former one for the data to be referred to or changed when the power is turned on, and use the latter for the data changed dynamically in interlock with the control.

### 3.1.2.1 Referencing and updating at $\mathbf{6 0} \mathbf{~ m s}$ refreshment intervals

Use the data for calculation at UPAC based on referenced function code (F, E, C, ... U) data or for modification of function codes in the power-up sequence.
Refer to the type in the function code list for scale conversion of the data. For example, "data type 5" of function code F44 "Torque limit (level 1)" indicates a signed value with two decimal places. Therefore "1000" indicates 10.00.
The data updated at the keypad of FRENIC-VG or via the communication system (RS485, T-link, etc.) is reflected on UPAC within 60 ms . Similarly, on the other hand, the data changed on the UPAC side is recognized by RENIC-VG within 60 ms .
No setting is required for the system definition to refer to or update function code data. Write in the worksheet of the program to finish the work.

1) How to use

When function code F03 "M1 max. speed" is referred to from UPAC, variables are defined on the worksheet. When a global variable worksheet is opened as shown in the figure below, a list is shown in thevariable Properies $\quad x$ bt "f03_f" from the list.


Fig. 3-1-14
Click on OK to open the Automatic Variables Declaration dialog box. In the dialog box, the address and variable definition of function code F03 are "\%MW11.3" and "UINT."
The user can select from the list the address and variable definition of F03 without entering them.


Fig. 3-1-15

### 3.1.2.2 High-speed data updating

(1) 6-unit system (broadcasting)

Table 3-1-11

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \%QW $\square .33$ | 16 | Address of function code 1 of INV $\square$ | Judge from data type of each function code. | WORD | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG |  |
| \%QW $\square .34$ | 17 | Data of function code 1 of INV $\square$ |  | INT | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG |  |
| \%QWD. 35 | 18 | Address of function code 2 of INV $\square$ |  | WORD | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG |  |
| \%QWD.36 | 19 | Data of function code 2 of INV $\square$ |  | INT | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG |  |
| \%QW口. 37 | 20 | Address of function code 3 of INV $\square$ |  | WORD | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG |  |
| \%QW $\square .38$ | 21 | Data of function code 3 of INV $\square$ |  | INT | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG |  |
| \%QW $\square .39$ | 22 | Address of function code 4 of INV $\square$ |  | WORD | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG |  |
| \%QW $\square .40$ | 23 | Data of function code 4 of INV $\square$ |  | INT | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG |  |

च: 1 to 6 (INV1 to INV6)
Use to change a function code ( $F, E, C, \ldots$, U ) dynamically in interlock with the control. If the data is written by UPAC in a tact cycle, the data written from FRENIC-VG via the keypad or communication system (RS485, T-link, etc.) is overwritten by UPAC at the next period.

Unavailable for 12-unit system.


Fig. 3-1-16

After enabling torque limiter level 1, torque limiter level 2 in System_Definition, download the system definition and reset to enable the high-speed updating of function code data. Be careful that the usage of high-speed data updating is different from that of 60 ms refreshment.

1) How to use

Description is given here for the case to overwrite function code F61 "ASR1 P gain" from UPAC according to the controlling state as an example.
For example, suppose an application where the gain of speed control changes in a winding system according to the winding diameter (large winding diameter $\rightarrow$ large inertia $\rightarrow$ large gain, small winding diameter $\rightarrow$ small inertia $\rightarrow$ small gain).
The figure on the right shows an example where "20.0" (data: 200) is written from UPAC to F61 data.
To reflect the change on FRENIC-VG, set the address (3Dh) of function code F61 and data (200d) on the worksheet.
Select the address from the communication address 485 NO of the function code list.

To reflect the data, enable (use) Address of function code and Data of function code in System_Definition, download the system definition and reset.

Enable (select the check boxes for) the INV function code address and data in the I/O Group setting screen of output definition at System_Definition - I/O group setting of the D300win screen.


Fig. 3-1-17

### 3.1.2.3 Using user code

There are the following two methods for using the user code (UNO: function code U).

1) Using the user code as a parameter for writing the control and sequence program from UPAC Assign a control parameter to UNO to adjust UNO using the keypad or other standard equipment of FRENIC-VG when you have no PC to be used for maintenance.
2) Placing a PLC for generalization and control outside FRENIC-VG
Use UNO as a buffer for data exchange between the PLC and UPAC.


Fig. 3-1-18

The user code is the 64 pieces of word of data (UNO. 01 to 64) shown in the table below.
Table 3-1-12

| No. | $485 N O$ |  | Name of parameter |  | Setting range | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $485 N O$ | Link NO | Name | Keypad indication |  |  |
| UNO.01 | B01h | DBh | USER P1 | USER P1 | -32768 to 32767 |  |
| UNO.02 | B02h | DCh | USER P2 | USER P2 | -32768 to 32767 |  |
| UNO.03 | B03h | DDh | USER P3 | USER P3 | -32768 to 32767 |  |
| UNO.04 | B04h | DEh | USER P4 | USER P4 | -32768 to 32767 |  |
| UNO.05 | B05h | DFh | USER P5 | USER P5 | -32768 to 32767 |  |
| UNO.06 | B06h | E0h | USER P6 | USER P6 | -32768 to 32767 |  |
| UNO.07 | B07h | E1h | USER P7 | USER P7 | -32768 to 32767 |  |
| UNO.08 | B08h | E2h | USER P8 | USER P8 | -32768 to 32767 |  |
| UNO.09 | B09h | E3h | USER P9 | USER P9 | -32768 to 32767 |  |
| UNO.10 | B0Ah | E4h | USER P10 | USER P10 | -32768 to 32767 |  |
| UNO.11 | B0Bh | - | USER P11 | USER P11 | -32768 to 32767 |  |
| to |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| UNO.60 | B3Ch | - | USER P60 | USER P60 | -32768 to 32767 |  |
| UNO.61 | B3Dh | - | USER P61 | USER P61 | -32768 to 32767 |  |
| UNO.62 | B3Eh | - | USER P62 | USER P62 | -32768 to 32767 |  |
| UNO.63 | B3Fh | - | USER P63 | USER P63 | -32768 to 32767 |  |
| UNO.64 | B40h | - | USER P64 | USER P64 | -32768 to 32767 |  |

[Limitations on usage]

- The range of the data and name are fixed as shown above. UPAC cannot control the indication shown at the keypad.
- Only 10 words (UNO. 01 to 10 assigned to link NO) can be changed or referred to from the PLC.
- The UNO data is written to the RAM (evaporative memory) from UPAC. To retain memory even after the power is turned off, there are the following two methods.

1) Write manually at the keypad.
2) Select "Retain" (retention form) memory definition on the UPAC side.

Note: H01 "All save" cannot be accessed from UPAC.

### 3.1.2.4 Operation of acceleration/deceleration time

(1) 6-unit system (broadcasting)

Table 3-1-13

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \%QW $\square .24$ | 7 | Acceleration time | $1 / 0.1 \mathrm{~s}$ | INT | FRENIC-VG $\rightarrow$ UPAC |  |
| $\%$ QW $\square .25$ | 8 | Deceleration time | $1 / 0.1 \mathrm{~s}$ | INT | FRENIC-VG $\rightarrow$ UPAC |  |

$\square: 1$ to 6 (INV1 to INV6)
(2) 12-unit system (broadcasting)

Table 3-1-14

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\%$ QW $\square .12$ | 7 | Acceleration time | $1 / 0.1 \mathrm{~s}$ | INT | FRENIC-VG $\rightarrow$ UPAC |  |
| $\%$ QW $\square .13$ | 8 | Deceleration time | $1 / 0.1 \mathrm{~s}$ | INT | FRENIC-VG $\rightarrow$ UPAC |  |

$\square: 1$ to 12 (INV1 to INV12)
There are two methods to operate the acceleration time and deceleration time from UPAC: accessing the I/Q memory and writing the function code.
Write the function code (F07, F08, ...) using function code variables (\%M).
Access the IQ memory using the above address (\%Q). The F07 and F08 data is overwritten as shown in the block diagram on the right. Therefore validate parameter 1 ([RT1], [RT2] = OFF, OFF) when using the IQ memory.
S08 and S09 written by the link system are overwritten with the data of UPAC.


Fig. 3-1-19

### 3.1.3 Operating Inputs and Outputs

### 3.1.3.1 Referring to digital inputs

## Acaution

- To use control inputs [X1] to [X9] and [X11] to [X14] (DIOA) only for monitoring from UPAC, set function codes E01 to E13 at "25" to assign each control input to universal DI [U-DI] so that activation and deactivation of the contact do not give effects on the control function of the main body.
(1) 6-unit system (not applicable to broadcasting)

Table 3-1-15

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \%IW $\square .5$ | 6 | Control data (CW) (standard + DIOA, <br> 16-bit) | Type: 32 | wORD | FRENIC-VG <br> $\rightarrow$ UPAC | Define [U-DI] to allow <br> UPAC to use the [DI] <br> terminal for the <br> control input. |
| $\%$ IW $\square .13$ | 14 | DI of INV $\square$ (DIOB option, 16-bit) | Type: 26 | wORD | FRENIC-VG <br> $\rightarrow$ UPAC | Extended I/O <br> exclusively for UPAC |
| $\square: 1$ to 6 (INV1 to INV6) |  |  |  |  |  |  |

$\square: 1$ to 6 (INV1 to INV6)
(2) 12-unit system (not applicable to broadcasting)

Table 3-1-16

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \%IW $\square .3$ | 6 | Control data (CW) (standard + DIOA, <br> 16-bit) | Type: 32 | WORD | FRENIC-VG <br> $\rightarrow$ UPAC | Define [U-DI] to allow <br> UPAC to use the [DI] <br> terminal for the <br> control input. |

$\square: 1$ to 12 (INV1 to INV12)
The digital inputs referred to by UPAC are the standard DI ([X1] to [X9]), DIOA option ([X11] to [X14]) and DIOB option ([X21] to [X36]) (only for 6-unit system).

1) How to use

The control input can refer to terminal information ([X1] to [X9], [X11] to [X14], and [X21] to [X36]) and communication input information ([X1] to [X9], [RST], and [X11] to [X14]).
The communication input information needs the setting of function code H30 "link operation." For details of the communication input, refer to Chapter 4 of the User's Manual for the main body.
To refer to the data, enable (use) control data (CW), INV $\square$ DI in System_Definition , download the system definition, and reset.
Enable (select the check boxes for) the corresponding data items in the I/O Group setting screen of input definition at System_Definition - I/O group setting of D300win.


Fig. 3-1-20

Each control input must be assigned to universal DI if referencing only is the purpose when the ON/OFF state of [X1] to [X9] and [X11] to [X14] is referred to from UPAC. For example, [X1] is assigned to [SS0] in the factory shipment setting. When this signal is turned on, multi-step speed 1 becomes valid. To avoid this, set [U-DI] to refer to the state of [X1] without using the multi-step speed function.
2) Decomposition of word data

The data of the control input is referred to in word information. The data format is as shown below.
(1) Control data (CW): operation command: type [32]

0) [FWD] (Forward operation command)

1) $[R E V]$ (Reverse operation command)
2) to 15) [X1] to [X14], [RST]
(2) DIOB option: type [26]


After acquiring, develop the word information into bits. An example in the IL language is shown below.


| Yariable | Data type | Usage | Comment | Address | Init | RETAIN | T... |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - LADDERY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INY105_CW | WORD | YAR_EXT... | INY1 Control data (CW) (standard+DIOA;16bit) |  |  | $\Gamma$ | $\Gamma$ |
| DI_INPUT | B00L | YAR |  |  |  | $\Gamma$ | $\Gamma$ |
| X1_INPUT | B00L | YAR |  |  |  | $\Gamma$ | $\Gamma$ |
| X2_INPUT | B00L | YAR |  |  |  | $\Gamma$ | $\Gamma$ |

An example in the FBD language is shown in the figure on the right.


Fig. 3-1-21

### 3.1.3.2 Referring to analog inputs

## ©CAUTION

- To use analog inputs [Ai1], [Ai2], [Ai3], and [Ai4] (AIO option) only for monitoring from UPAC, set function codes E49 to E52 at "14" to assign each analog input to universal AI [U-AI] so that the analog inputs do not give effects on the control function of the main body.
(1) 6-unit system (not applicable to broadcasting)

Table 3-1-17

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\%$ IW $\square .14$ | 15 | Ai of INV $\square(\mathrm{Ai} 1)$ | $\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | INT | FRENIC-VG $\rightarrow$ UPAC | Define [U-AI] to <br> allow UPAC to <br> use the [AI] <br> terminal for <br> control inputs. |
| $\%$ IW $\square .15$ | 16 | Ai of INV $\square(\mathrm{Ai} 2)$ | $\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | INT | FRENIC-VG $\rightarrow$ UPAC |  |

: 1 to 6 (INV1 to INV6)
(2) 12-unit system (not applicable to broadcasting)

Table 3-1-18

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\%$ IW $\square .6$ | 15 | Ai of INV $\square(\mathrm{Ai} 1)$ | $\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | INT | FRENIC-VG $\rightarrow$ UPAC | Define [U-AI] to allow UPAC to use |
| \%IW $\square .7$ | 16 | Ai of INV $\square(\mathrm{Ai} 2)$ | $\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | INT | FRENIC-VG $\rightarrow$ UPAC | the $[\mathrm{Al}]$ terminal for control inputs. |

1 to 12 (INV1 to INV12)
The analog inputs referred to by UPAC are the standard AI ([Ai1] and [Ai2]) and AIO option ([Ai3] and [Ai4]) (only for 6-unit system).

1) How to use

To refer to the data, enable (use) Ai of INV $\square$ in System_Definition , download the system definition, and reset.
Enable (select the check boxes for) the corresponding data items in the I/O Group setting screen of input definition at System_Definition - I/O group setting of D300win.
Each input must be assigned to universal Al [U-AI] when the state of [ Ai 1$],[\mathrm{Ai} 2],[\mathrm{Ai} 3]$ and $[\mathrm{Ai} 4]$ is referred to from UPAC.
Each analog input is assigned to [OFF] (input shutoff signal) in the factory shipment setting.
$\mathrm{A} \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ analog input is converted into a $\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h}( \pm 16384 \mathrm{~d})$ digital value and read into UPAC.
The standard function includes the gain, bias, filter, increment/decrement limiter, polarity inversion, and zero hold. For details, refer to Chapter 4 of the User's Manual for the main body.
The state of analog inputs can be checked using the I/O check at the keypad. If "15555" (type: INT) is displayed when an AI_DATA variable is monitored as shown in the figure on the right, the actual input is $9.49 \mathrm{~V}(10 \mathrm{~V} x$ $15555 / 16384$ ) when the gain is " 1 " and the bias is " 0 .


Fig. 3-1-22

### 3.1.3.3 Operation of digital output

## ©CAUTION

- To operate control outputs [Y1] to [Y5A] and [Y11] to [Y18] (DIOA) from UPAC, set function codes E15 to E27 at " 25 " to assign each output to the universal DO [U-DO] so that the control state of FRENIC-VG (running, speed agreement, etc.) do not give effects on the output signals.
(1) 6-unit system (broadcasting)

Table 3-1-19

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\%$ QW $\square .23$ | 6 | DO1 of INV $\square$ (standard + DIOA <br> 13-bit) | Type: 33 | WORD | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FR <br> ENIC-VG | Define [U-DO]. |
| $\%$ QW $\square .42$ | 25 | DO2 of INV $\square$ (DIOB option, 10-bit) | Type: 37 | WORD | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FR <br> ENIC-VG | Extended I/O <br> exclusively for <br> UPAC |

]: 1 to 6 (INV1 to INV6)
(2) 12-unit system (broadcasting)

Table 3-1-20

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\%$ QW $\square .11$ | 6 | DO1 of INV $\square$ (standard + DIOA <br> 13-bit) | Type: 33 | WORD | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FR <br> ENIC-VG | Define [U-DO]. |

$\square: 1$ to 12 (INV1 to INV12)
The digital outputs that can be controlled by UPAC are the standard DO ([Y1] to [Y5A]), DIOA option ([Y11] to [Y18]), and DIOB option ([Y21] to [Y30]) (only for 6-unit system).

1) How to use

To manipulate the data, enable (use) DO1 of INV $\square$, DO2 of INV $\square$ in System_Definition
, download the system definition, and reset.
Enable (select the check box for) the corresponding data item in the I/O Group setting screen of output definition at System_Definition - I/O group setting of D300win.
To operate [Y1] to [Y5A] and [Y11] to [Y18] from UPAC, assign each control output to the universal DO so that the control state of the main body of FRENIC-VG is not reflected on the output (running, speed agreement, etc.).


Fig. 3-1-23

For example, $[\mathrm{Y} 1]$ is assigned to speed existence $[\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{EX}]$ in the factory shipment value. When the motor rotates actually, [Y1] is turned on or off according to the speed. To operate [Y1] from UPAC only, assign the [U-DO] function to stop reflection of the state inside the control.
2) Composition into word data

The control output data is composed in a word data before it is reflected. The data format is as shown below.
(1) DO1 of INV $\square$ (standard + DIOA; 13-bit): type [33]

(2) DO2 of INV $\square$ (DIOB option; 10-bit): type [27]


Compose the bits into word data before reflecting. An example of composition in the IL language is shown below.

| (*Acquire output information.*) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD Y1_OUTPUT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BOOL_TO_WORD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SHL_WORD | UINT\#0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ST | DO_OUTPUT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LD Y2_OUTPUT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BOOL_TO_WORD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SHL_WORD | UINT\#1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OR | DO_OUTPUT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ST INV123_UNIDO1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yariable | Data type | Usage | Comment | Address | Init | RETAIN | T... |
| - LADDERY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INV123_UNID01 | WORD | VAR_EXT... | INY1 D01 of INY1(standard+DI0A; 13bit) |  |  | $\Gamma$ | $\Gamma$ |
| DO_OUTPUT | WORD | VAR $\quad$ - |  |  |  | $\Gamma$ | $\Gamma$ |
| Y1_OUTPUT | B00L | VAR |  |  |  | Г | $\Gamma$ |
| Y2_OUTPUT | B00L | VAR |  |  |  | $\Gamma$ | $\Gamma$ |



Fig. 3-1-24

### 3.1.3.4 Operation of analog output

## - CAUTION

- To control analog outputs [A01] to [A03], [A04] and [A05] (AIO option) from UPAC, set function codes E69 to E73 at " 30 " to assign the analog outputs to the universal AO [U-AO] so that the control function of the main body does not give effects.
(1) 6-unit system (broadcasting)

Table 3-1-21

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \%QW $\square .43$ | 26 | AO of INV $\square$ (AO1) | $\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | INT | $\underset{-\mathrm{VG}}{\rightarrow \mathrm{FRENIC}}$ | Define [U-AO] to allow UPAC to control the |
| \%QW $\square .44$ | 27 | AO of INV $\square$ (AO2) | $\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | INT | $\begin{gathered} \text { UPAC } \rightarrow \text { FRENIC } \\ -\mathrm{VG} \end{gathered}$ | [AO] terminal. |
| \%QW $\square .45$ | 28 | AO of INV $\square$ (AO3) | $\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | INT | $\begin{gathered} \text { UPAC } \rightarrow \text { FRENIC } \\ -\mathrm{VG} \end{gathered}$ |  |
| \%QW $\square .46$ | 29 | AO of INV $\square$ (AIO option, AO4) | $\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | INT | $\begin{gathered} \text { UPAC } \rightarrow \text { FRENIC } \\ - \text { VG } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| \%QW $\square .47$ | 30 | AO of INV $\square$ (AIO option, AO5) | $\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | INT | $\begin{gathered} \text { UPAC } \rightarrow \text { FRENIC } \\ -\mathrm{VG} \end{gathered}$ |  |

$\square$ : 1 to 6 (INV1 to INV6)
(2) 12-unit system (broadcasting)

Table 3-1-22

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| \%QW $\square .17$ | 26 | AO of INV $\square$ (AO1) | $\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | INT | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG | Define [U-AO] to allow |
| \%QW $\square .18$ | 27 | AO of INV $\square$ (AO2) | $\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | INT | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG UPAC to control the |  |
| \%QW $\square .19$ | 28 | AO of INV $\square$ (AO3) | $\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | INT | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG | [AO] terminal. |

$\square: 1$ to 12 (INV1 to INV12)
The analog outputs controlled by UPAC are the standard AO ([AO1], [AO2] and [AO3]) and AIO option ([AO4] and [AO5]) (only for 6-unit system).

1) How to use

To refer to the data, enable (use) AO of INV $\square$ in System_Definition
, download the system definition, and reset.
Enable (select the check box for) the corresponding data item in the I/O Group setting screen of output definition at System_Definition - I/O group setting of D300win.
To operate the state of [AO1], [AO2], [AO3], [AO4] and [AO5] from UPAC, assign each output to the universal AO [U-AO].
Each analog output is assigned to various purposes such as the torque current command in the factory shipment. To shut off these functions, assignment of [ $\mathrm{U}-\mathrm{AO}$ ] is necessary.
A $\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h}$ ( $\pm 16384 \mathrm{~d}$ ) digital amount is calculated and converted by UPAC into a $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ analog output.
The gain, bias and filter functions can be used as standard features. Refer to Chapter 4 for details.
Use the I/O check at the keypad to monitor the analog output.
If "15555" (type: INT) is displayed when an AO_DATA variable is monitored as shown in the figure on the right, the actual output is
$9.49 \mathrm{~V}(10 \mathrm{~V} \times 15555 / 16384)$ when the


Fig. 3-1-25

### 3.1.4 Monitoring Data

UPAC can refer to the speed, torque data, and operation state (running, accelerating, etc.).
There are two sampling methods: high-speed sampling using the IQ area, and 60 ms sampling using the $M$ code area. The IQ area method allows you to refer to all the data of FRENIC-VG connected via the optical link. Using the M code area, you can refer to the data of only the FRENIC-VG (INV1) equipped with UPAC.

### 3.1.4.1 Speed command monitor (high speed)

(1) 6-unit system (not applicable to broadcasting)

Table 3-1-23

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \%IW $\square .0$ | 1 | Speed setting 4/frequency reference <br> monitor | $20000 /$ Nmax | INT | FRENIC-VG <br> $\rightarrow$ UPAC | Before ASR input |
| \%IW $\square .7$ | 8Speed setting 1/frequency reference <br> (during V/f) | $20000 /$ Nmax | INT | FRENIC-VG <br> $\rightarrow$ UPAC | Before multi-step <br> speed setting |  |

$\square: 1$ to 6 (INV1 to INV6)
(2) 12-unit system (not applicable to broadcasting)

Table 3-1-24

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\%$ IW $\square .0$ | 1 | Speed setting 4/frequency reference monitor | $20000 /$ Nmax | INT | FRENIC-VG $\rightarrow$ <br> UPAC | Before ASR input |

$\square$ : 1 to 12 (INV1 to INV12)
The speed command monitor refers to the data of speed setting 1 (only for the 6-unit system) before multi-step speed calculation of FRENIC-VG control, and speed setting 4 refers to the data immediately before ASR input.

1) How to use


Fig. 3-1-26
Enable (select the check boxes for) Speed setting 4/frequency reference monitor, Speed setting $1 /$ frequency reference (V/f) in the I/O Group setting screen of input definition at System_Definition - I/O group setting of D300win. Next, download the system definition, and reset.
The speed setting data is converted into the scale where " 20000 " indicates the maximum speed.
Data $\times$ maximum speed/20000
(Example) If " 3000 " is obtained when data is referred in a system where the maximum speed is set at $1500 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$. $3000 \times 1500 / 20000=225 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$


Fig. 3-1-27

### 3.1.4.2 Speed monitor (high speed)

(1) 6-unit system (not applicable to broadcasting)

Table 3-1-25

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\%$ IW $\square .4$ | 5 | Real speed | $20000 /$ Nmax | INT | FRENIC-VG <br> $\rightarrow$ UPAC | Before filter |

1 to 6 (INV1 to INV6)
(2) 12-unit system (not applicable to broadcasting)

Table 3-1-26

| Address | N <br> 0 | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\%$ IW $\square .2$ | 5 | Real speed | $20000 /$ Nmax | INT | FRENIC-VG <br> $\rightarrow$ UPAC | Before filter |

$\square: 1$ to 12 (INV1 to INV12)
In speed monitoring, the speed data (real speed) detected by the encoder, before filtering, is referred to. The value functions as an estimated speed for operation without sensors.

1) How to use


Fig. 3-1-28
Enable (select the check box for) the real speed (detected speed value) in the I/O Group setting screen of input definition at System_Definition - I/O group setting of D300win. Next, download the system definition and reset.
The speed setting data is converted into the scale where " 20000 " indicates the maximum speed.

$$
\text { Data } \times \text { max. speed/20000 }
$$

(Example) If "3000" is obtained in a system where the maximum speed setting is $1500 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ $3000 \times 1500 / 20000=225 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$


Fig. 3-1-29

### 3.1.4.3 Torque monitor (high speed)

(1) 6-unit system (not applicable to broadcasting)

Table 3-1-27

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\%$ IW $\square .1$ | 2 | Torque reference 2 | $10000 / 100 \%$ | INT | FRENIC-VG <br> $\rightarrow$ UPAC | After torque limit |
| $\%$ IW $\square .2$ | 3 | Torque current reference | $10000 / 100 \%$ | INT | FRENIC-VG <br> $\rightarrow$ UPAC |  |

D: 1 to 6 (INV1 to INV6)
(2) 12-unit system (not applicable to broadcasting)

Table 3-1-28

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\%$ IW $\square .1$ | 2 | Torque reference 2 | $10000 / 100 \%$ | INT | FRENIC-VG <br> $\rightarrow$ UPAC | After torque limit |

D: 1 to 12 (INV1 to INV12)
There are two methods for torque monitoring: torque reference 2 after torque limit, and torque current reference (only for 6 -unit system) where torque reference 2 is divided by the magnetic-flux reference.

1) How to use


Fig. 3-1-30
Enable (select the check box for) either torque reference 2 or torque current reference or both of them in the I/O Group setting screen of input definition at System_Definition - I/O group setting of D300win. Next, download the system definition and reset.
The torque reference 2 data and torque current reference data are converted into a value where " 10000 " indicates the $100 \%$ torque (with the rated torque being 100\%).
Data/10000 = Torque \%
(Example) If "6000" is read, " $60 \%$ " is judged.


Fig. 3-1-31

### 3.1.4.4 Status monitor (high speed)

(1) 6-unit system (not applicable to broadcasting)

Table 3-1-29

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\%$ IW $\square .5$ | 6 | Control data (CW) <br> (standard + DIOA, 16-bit) | Type: 32 | WORD | FRENIC-VG $\rightarrow$ UPAC |  |
| $\%$ IW $\square .6$ | 7 | Operation status (SW) | Type: 21 | WORD | FRENIC-VG $\rightarrow$ UPAC |  |

1 to 6 (INV1 to INV6)
(2) 12-unit system (not applicable to broadcasting)

Table 3-1-30

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\%$ IW $\square .3$ | 6 | Control data (CW) <br> (standard + DIOA, 16-bit) | Type: 32 | WORD | FRENIC-VG $\rightarrow$ UPAC |  |
| $\%$ IW $\square .4$ | 7 | Operation status (SW) | Type: 21 | WORD | FRENIC-VG $\rightarrow$ UPAC |  |

1 to 12 (INV1 to INV12)
The high-speed status monitor consists of control data ([FWD], [REV], [X1] to [X9], and [X11] to [X14]) and operation status.

1) How to use

To refer to the data, enable (use) Control data (CW) and Operation status (SW) in the I/O Group setting screen of input definition at System_Definition - I/O group setting of D300win, download the system definition and reset.


Fig. 3-1-32
The control input and operation status data are referred to in word information. The data format is as shown below.
Control data (CW), operation status


### 3.1.4.5 Status monitor ( 60 ms sampling)

The $M$ area of the function code can be monitored at a refresh rate of 60 ms.

The figure on the right shows a program referring to the motor output and cumulative operation hours in the M code area.
The $M$ code can be selected from the function list of the global variables similarly to other function codes.

For details of the data, refer to the function code list.


Fig. 3-1-33

Table 3-1-31 Monitor code list
(Refer to the function code list for details.)

| Fcode | $60 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{updating/referencing} \mathrm{data}$ |  |  | High-spee d updating address | Name | Data range | Type | Written by UPAC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Variable name | Type | Address |  |  |  |  |  |
| M01 | m01_f | INT | \%MW11.611 | Impossible | Speed setting 4 (ASR input) | -24000 to 24000 | 31 | Impossible |
| M02 | m02_f | UINT | \%MW11.612 | Impossible | Torque reference | 0.01\%/1d | 7 | Impossible |
| M03 | m03_f | UINT | \%MW11.613 | Impossible | Torque current reference | 0.01\%/1d | 7 | Impossible |
| M04 | m04_f | UINT | \%MW11.614 | Impossible | Magnetic flux reference | 0.01\%/1d | 7 | Impossible |
| M05 | m05_f | UINT | \%MW11.615 | Impossible | Output frequency reference | $0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} / 1 \mathrm{~d}$ | 2 | Impossible |
| M06 | m06_f | INT | \%MW11.616 | Impossible | Speed detection value | -24000 to 24000 | 31 | Impossible |
| M07 | m07_f | UINT | \%MW11.617 | Impossible | Calculated torque value | 0.01\%/1d | 7 | Impossible |
| M08 | m08_f | UINT | \%MW11.618 | Impossible | Calculated torque current | 0.01\%/1d | 7 | Impossible |
| M09 | m09_f | UINT | \%MW11.619 | Impossible | Output frequency | $0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} / 1 \mathrm{~d}$ | 2 | Impossible |
| M10 | m10_f | UINT | \%MW11.620 | Impossible | Motor output | $0.1 \mathrm{~kW} / 1 \mathrm{~d}$ | 2 | Impossible |
| M11 | m11_f | UINT | \%MW11.621 | Impossible | Effective output current | 0.1A/1d | 2 | Impossible |
| to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| M56 | m56_f | WORD | \%MW11.666 | Impossible | Option monitor 2 | 0000 to FFFF | 9 | Impossible |
| M57 | m57_f | UINT | \%MW11.667 | Impossible | Option monitor 3 | 0 to 65535 | 0 | Impossible |
| M58 | m58_f | UINT | \%MW11.668 | Impossible | Option monitor 4 | 0 to 65535 | 0 | Impossible |
| M59 | m59_f | INT | \%MW11.669 | Impossible | Option monitor 5 | -32768 to 32767 | 5 | Impossible |
| M60 | m60_f | INT | \%MW11.670 | Impossible | Option monitor 6 | -32768 to 32767 | 5 | Impossible |

### 3.1.4.6 Displaying data at keypad

The data of UPAC can be displayed at the 7-segment LED (red 4-digit LED display) at real time using six points (option monitor 1 to 6 ).

Write the UPAC data you wish to display into op1 to op6 under Function_List of global variables.


Fig. 3-1-34
As shown in the figure on the right, connect the speed data (user variable) with option monitor 5 on the worksheet to display the data. Select one of the option monitors 1 to 6 according to the data type.
For example, to display a signed decimal (DEC) for the speed data, select option monitor 5 or 6.
To display the status using bits, select option monitor 1 or 2 for a hexadecimal (HEX).


Fig. 3-1-35

## - - caution

UPAC data cannot be displayed on option monitors 1 to 4 and 6 depending on the function setting of the main body. Refer to the following table for details.

Table 3-1-32 Displaying data type of monitor

| Monitor | Display | Data range | Usage constraints (when the function below is enabled, UPAC <br> data cannot be displayed) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Option monitor 1 | HEX | 0000 to FFFF | When the synchronized operation command (with [SYC] <br> assigned to the $X$ terminal) is enabled |
| Option monitor 2 | HEX | 0000 to FFFF | When the synchronized operation command (with [SYC] <br> assigned to the X terminal) is enabled |
| Option monitor 3 | DEC | 0 to 65535 | - Controlling a synchronous motor <br> - When the fixed S-curve pattern setting L04 is 1 or 2 |
| Option monitor 4 | DEC | 0 to 65535 | When the fixed S-curve pattern setting L04 is 1 or 2 |
| Option monitor 5 | DEC | -32768 to 32767 | No constraints <br> Option monitor 6 DEC |

### 3.1.5 Using Pulse Data

Table 3-1-33

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \%IW $\square .9$ | 10 | Pulse train position reference (PG (PR)) | -32768 to 32767 <br> $/ 1$ pulse | INT | FRENIC-VG <br> $\rightarrow$ UPAC |  |
| $\%$ IW $\square .10$ | 11 | Position detection (built-in or PG (PD)) | -32768 to 32767 <br> $/ 1$ pulse | INT | FRENIC-VG <br> $\rightarrow$ UPAC |  |
| $\%$ IW $\square .11$ | 12 | Position detection (Z-phase input) (PG (PD)) | -32768 to 32767 <br> $/ 1$ pulse | INT | FRENIC-VG <br> $\rightarrow$ UPAC |  |
| $\%$ IW $\square .12$ | 13 | S05: Position reference | -32768 to 32767 <br> $/ 1$ pulse | INT | FRENIC-VG <br> $\rightarrow$ UPAC |  |

$\square: 1$ to 6 (INV1 to INV6)

### 3.1.5.1 Acquiring pulses



Fig. 3-1-36
Enable (use) pulse train position reference (PG (PR)) in the I/O Group setting screen of input definition at System_Definition - I/O group setting of D300win, download the system definition and reset.


Fig. 3-1-37

### 3.1.5.2 Data acquisition method

1) For forward rotation of $P G$ encoder

The PG pulse data increases during B-phase rotation (forward rotation). The difference between the sampling data of the previous and current cycles sampled at a $\mathrm{t}(\mathrm{ms})$ interval is added at every $\mathrm{t}(\mathrm{ms})$ time to obtain the pulse count.
Because the pulse count is obtained from four times the encoder input value, 4 multiplied by the number of encoder pulses divided by 1 revolution is the pulse count per encoder revolution


Fig. 3-1-38
Example of program for acquiring cumulative PG pulse count (PG_CNT) in IL language

| LD | INIT_FLAG |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JMPC | PULSE_GET |  |
| LD | INV110_POSDET | (*Store the data built in the PG immediately after power is turned on.*) |
| ST | PG_DATA |  |
| LD | BOOL\#1 |  |
| ST | INIT_FLAG |  |
| JMP | MAIN_END |  |
| PULSE_GET: |  | (**This routine is repeated in the second and the following cycles after the power is turned on.) |
| LD | INV110_POSDET | (*Store the current value of data built-in the PG.*) |
| SUB | PG_DATA | (*Store the difference between the previous and current values of the data built in the PG.*) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { INT_TO_DI } \\ & \text { NT } \end{aligned}$ |  | (*Extend to 32 bits. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ) |
| ADD | PG_CNT | (*Add the difference data.*) |
| ST | PG_CNT | (32-bit pulse count value) |
| LD | INV110_POSDET | (*Store the previous value of the data built in the PG.*) |
| ST | PG_DATA |  |
| MAIN_END: |  |  |

[Concrete example with values]
Suppose that the motor equipped with a $1024 \mathrm{P} / \mathrm{R}$ encoder rotates once at $60 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$. Then, each piece of memory data is counted as follows.

PG_CNT $=00000000 \rightarrow 00004096$ (32bit)
PG_DATA $=0004$ or 0005 (during rotation), or 0000 when stopped

## [Speed calculation example]

When the difference data (PG_DATA) sampled at 100 ms intervals is +5000 pulses, the speed of the rotor (motor, mechanical shaft, or line) to which the PG (1024 P/R) is connected, is calculated to be $732 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ in the following equation.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { Speed of rotor }(\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}) & =+5000(p) \times \frac{1}{4 \times 1024}(r / p) \times \frac{1000(\mathrm{~ms} / \mathrm{s})}{100(\mathrm{~ms})}(1 / \mathrm{s}) \times 60(\mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{min}) \\
& =732.4(r / \mathrm{min})
\end{aligned}
$$

[Example of calculation of winding diameter]
Suppose to acquire data from the PG installed to the winding shaft. When the line speed is 100 $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{min}$ and the difference data (PG_DATA) sampled at 100 ms intervals is +5000 pulses, the winding diameter of the winding shaft to which the PG (1024 P/R) is connected, is calculated to be 21.7 mm in the following equation.

$$
\text { Winding diameter } \begin{aligned}
(\mathrm{m}) & =100(\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}) \times \frac{1}{2 \pi \times 732.4}(\mathrm{~min}) \\
& =0.0217(\mathrm{~m})
\end{aligned}
$$

## 2) For reverse rotation of PG encoder

The PG pulse data decreases during A-phase rotation (reverse rotation). The difference between the sampling data of the previous and current cycles sampled at at $(\mathrm{ms})$ interval is added at every $\mathrm{t}(\mathrm{ms})$ time to obtain the pulse count. Because the pulse count is obtained from four times the encoder value, 4 multiplied by the number of encoder pulses divided by 1 revolution is the pulse count per encoder revolution.


Fig. 3-1-39

### 3.1.5.3 Z-phase detection method

## © caution

- To detect the Z-phase for the first time after the power is turned on, the encoder shaft speed equipped with the Z-phase must be $60 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ or faster. The later sequence is processed with software and therefore there is no problem if the speed is smaller than $60 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$. Program a special sequence for Z-phase detection to be called only immediately after the power is turned on.
6-unit system (not applicable to broadcasting)
Table 3-1-34

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| ---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\%$ IW $\square .10$ | 11 | Position detection (built-in or PG (PD)) | -32768 to 32767 <br> $/ 1$ pulse | INT | FRENIC-VG $\rightarrow$ UPAC |  |
| \%IW $\square .11$ | 12 | Position detection (Z-phase input) (PG <br> (PD)) | -32768 to 32767 <br> $/ 1$ pulse | INT | FRENIC-VG $\rightarrow$ UPAC |  |

Detection of the Z-phase reference position is effective for models equipped with the OPC-VG1-PG (PD) option.
For details of the PG option, refer to the description of operation in the FRENIC-VG User's Manual.

The PG pulse acquisition method is similar to that described in section 3.1.5.2 "PG pulse acquisition method." When the results of differentiation of the above two memories in the task are PG_CNT and PG_CNT_Z, the PG_CNT_Z data is reset to zero upon detection of hardware Z-phase as shown in the figure on the right. Thus, Z-phase detection is judged when PG_CNT and PG_CNT_Z disagree each other.


Fig. 3-1-40

Example of Z-phase detection program in IL language

| LD | INV110_POSDET | (*No. 11 position detection data*) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SUB | POS_DATA |  |
| ST | PG_CNT | (*Acquisition of count at execution task period through differentiation*) |
| LD | INV111_POS_Z | (*Position detection data with No. 12 Z-phase detection function*) |
| SUB | POS_ZDATA |  |
| ST | PG_CNT_Z | (*Acquisition of count at execution task period through differentiation*) |
| ADD | ORT_DATA | (*Absolute reference position data in 0000 to 0FFF range*) |
| INT_TO_WORD |  |  |
| AND | WORD\#16\#0FFF | (*With 1024 P/R encoder, multiplication by four, that is, 4096 (OFFF) counts*) |
| WORD_TO_INT |  | (*AND OFFF for automatic Z-phase detection in software*) |
| ST | ORT_DATA | (*Absolute reference position data in 0000 to 0FFF range*) |
| LD | INV110_POSDET | (*Store the previous value.*) |
| ST | PG_CNT |  |
| LD | INV111_POS_Z | (*Store the previous value.*) |
| ST | PG_CNT_Z |  |
| LD | PG_CNT |  |
| EQ | PG_CNT_Z | (*Judge Z-phase detection.*) |
| JMPC | NOT_ZPHASE | (*Z-phase detection is judged because PG_CNT is not equal to PG_CNT_Z.*) |
| LD | PG_CNT_Z |  |
| ST | ORT_DATA |  |
| LD | BOOL\#1 |  |
| ST | ZPHASE_DETECT | (*"1" upon detection of Z-phase. Remains "1" until the power is turned off.*) |
| NOT_ZPHASE: |  |  |

### 3.1.6 Dynamic Control Switching

## - caution

- The dynamic switch must be set for dynamic control switching. Dynamic control switching is effective when the corresponding bit of the dynamic switch is " 0 " (OFF), while dynamic control switching is ineffective when the bit is " 1 " (ON).
(1) 6-unit system (broadcasting)

Table 3-1-35

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\%$ QD $\square .48$ | 31 | Dynamic switch (DSW1) | Refer to the data format. | DWO | FRENIC-V | Dynamic switching |
|  | 32 | Dynamic switch (DSW2) |  | RD | GUPAC |  |

: 1 to 6 (INV1 to INV6)
(2) 12-unit system (broadcasting)

Table 3-1-36

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\%$ QD $\square .20$ | 31 | Dynamic switch (DSW1) | Refer to the data format. | DWO | FRENIC-V | Dynamic switching |
|  | 32 | Dynamic switch (DSW2) |  | RD | GUPAC |  |

: 1 to 12 (INV1 to INV12)

### 3.1.6.1 Definition

Use the dynamic switch to change the setting of control variables (UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG) during inverter operation after UPAC has started.

The function can be set individually for the control variables of each of the broadcasting, 6-unit and 12-unit systems.
As shown in the table below, the system definition is downloaded after both UPAC and FRENIC-VG are stopped.

On the other hand, dynamic switching changes data when UPAC is in operation.
Table 3-1-37

| UPAC | FRENIC-VG | System definition downloading | Dynamic switching |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stopped (data exchange) | Output shutdown (stopped) | Possible | Impossible |
|  | Output (running) | Impossible |  |
| Starting (data exchange) | Output shutdown (stopped) |  | Possible |
|  | Output (running) |  |  |

Enable (use) the dynamic switches (both DSW1 and DSW2; 32bits in total) in the I/O Group setting screen of output definition at System_Definition - I/O group setting of D300win, download the system definition and reset.


Fig. 3-1-41

### 3.1.6.2 Program example

An example of speed control and torque control switching is explained.
The upper half of the figure below shows a block diagram of speed-controlled operation where the speed command data calculated by UPAC is written in "speed setting 1 " of the UPAC-to-FRENIC-VG interface memory to turn off the torque command UPAC SW.
The lower half of the figure below shows a block diagram of torque-controlled operation where the torque command data calculated by UPAC is written in "torque reference 1 " of the UPAC-to-FRENIC-VG interface memory to turn on the torque command UPAC SW.


Fig. 3-1-42
An example of speed setting 1 and torque reference 1 switching program of the above control in the IL language is shown below.

| (*Dynamic switching process*) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LD | SPEED_SW | (*Control flag: 0: torque reference, 1: speed setting*) |
| JMPC | SPEED_CONT |  |
| LD | DWORD\#16\#00000000 | (*No. 02: torque reference 1 is made valid.*) |
| ST | INV148_DSW |  |
| LD | TORQUE_DATA | (*Memory of torque reference data*) |
| ST | INV119_TRQREF1 | (*Torque reference $1 \rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG*) |
| JMP | DYNAMIC_END |  |
| SPEED_CONT: |  |  |
| LD | DWORD\#16\#00000002 | (*No. 2: torque reference 1 is canceled.*) |
| ST | INV148_DSW |  |
| LD | SPEED_DATA | (*Memory of speed setting data*) |
| ST | INV118_SPDREF1 | (*Speed setting $1 \rightarrow$ FRENIC-VG*) |

DYNAMIC_END:

Note: In this example, output data of the acceleration/deceleration calculator may remain when the torque command is switched to speed control. The HLR zero clear function is recommended to reset the output data of the acceleration/deceleration calculator to zero.

### 3.1.6.3 Data format

When the corresponding bit of the data in the following data format is " 0 ," the function is valid and, when the bit is " 1 ," the function is invalid.

Note that the definition of data format differs from that of dynamic switching by a SX bus interface card (OPC-VG1-SX) in the UPAC compatible format.
(1) Lower 16 bits of 32 bits (DSW1)

(2) Upper 16 bits of 32 bits (DSW2)


12-unit system

### 3.1.7 Speed Simulation

## \WARNING

- Before starting simulation, disconnect secondary cables $(U, V, W)$ between the inverter and the motor or leave them disconnected.


## Otherwise accidents may occur.

## - ACAUTION

- When performing simulation, select "2: simulation" for function code P01 "M1 control method."
(1) 6-unit system (broadcasting)

Table 3-1-38

| Address | No | Name | FS/BS | Type | Direction | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\%$ QW $\square .32$ | 15 | Real speed (simulation speed) | $20000 /$ Nmax | INT | UPAC $\rightarrow$ FRENIC- <br> VG |  |

D: 1 to 6 (INV1 to INV6)
UPAC can be used to make speed simulation. This is useful for examination of control using the FRENIC-VG control board and simple checkup of control functions. However, data between FRENIC-VG and UPAC is exchanged in a tact cycle. Thus, note that simulation cannot be used for verification of functions that require faster control than the tact cycle.


Fig. 3-1-43

1) How to use

Enable (use) Real speed (Simulation speed) in the I/O Group setting screen of output definition at System_Definition - I/O group setting of D300win, download the system definition and reset. Set P01 at "2." The speed setting data is converted into a scale where the maximum speed is 20000.
Data $\times$ maximum speed/20000
(Example) When "3000" is written at the maximum speed setting of 1500 r/min;
$3000 \times 1500 / 20000=225 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$


Fig. 3-1-44

### 3.1.7.1 Program example

A program example of two-inertia systems is shown.
The control block diagram including the interface with FRENIC-VG and UPAC is shown in the figure below.


Fig. 3-1-45

1) Explanation
(1) On FRENIC-VG side

The FRENIC-VG inverter drives the induction motor and performs speed feedback by means of the motor PG for vector control with PG, thereby conducting automatic PI control. Set function code P01 "M1 control method"at "2" to disconnect the secondary cables ( $\mathrm{U}, \mathrm{V}, \mathrm{W}$ ) and select the simulation mode. Next, validate the actual speed (simulation speed) in the system definition. After these operations, the switch changes the flow as shown in the control block diagram. Give the speed setting from the keypad or the like and transfer torque command 1, an ASR output of FRENIC-VG, as a driving torque of two-inertia model of UPAC.
(2) On UPAC side

- Scale conversion

The scale (10000/100\%) and unit ( $100 \% \rightarrow \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ unit of rated torque) of the torque command are converted.
The scale (20000/Nmax) and unit ( $\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min} \rightarrow \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}$ ) of the simulation speed are converted.

- Inertia model (motor and load)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \omega(\mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s})=\frac{1}{J\left(\mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right)} \int \tau(N \cdot m) d t \\
& \omega: \text { Speed }(\mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}), \mathrm{J}: \text { Inertia }\left(\mathrm{kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right), \tau: \text { Torque }(N \cdot m)
\end{aligned}
$$

- Shaft model

Model including the rigidity ( $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{rad}$ ) of the shaft and backlash and other dead zone.

- External disturbance torque

An impact load, fixed load, viscosity load working as a function of the load speed, can be given.

### 3.2 Application Creation Examples

In this section, examples of applications of pattern operation and synchronous control using pulse train transmission and winding control using PI dancer position control are shown. Use these examples for reference of application creation using UPAC.

### 3.2.1 Pattern Operation Example

### 3.2.1.1 Specification

The specification is determined as shown in the block diagram below.

1) Description of specification

- UPAC sends speed commands to FRENIC-VG while automatically switching the speed set at function codes UN0. 01 and 02.
- To change the data unit set at the function code to $\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$, convert the scale of the data on the UPAC side.
- A fixed switching interval is used.
- Select speed setting 1 for the speed setting of UPAC to make


Fig. 3-2-1

### 3.2.1.2 System definition

In the system definition, select the check box for the following data item.
Table 3-2-1

| Input/output memory | Data | Application |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Output (1W/32W) | Speed setting 1/frequency reference (during V/f) | Speed command issued by UPAC |

### 3.2.1.3 Task configuration and program

The task period is fixed at 1 ms .
A program example in the FBD language is shown in the figure on the right.

Description of program
PWM function block

- Setting of activation of WIDTH and OUT for 10 s in 20 s interval
Selection function block
- IN1 output upon "1" input (G) and IN0 output upon "0"


Definition of variables

| Variable | Data type | Usage | Comment | Address | Init | RETAIN | T. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - LADDERY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INV118_SPDREF1 | INT | YAR_EX... | INV1 Speed setting 1/f requency referenc... |  |  |  |  |
| U01_f | INT | YAR_EX... | Function code U U01 USER P1 |  |  | $\Gamma$ | $\Gamma$ |
| U02_f | INT | YAR_EX... | U02 USER P2 |  |  |  | $\Gamma$ |
| PWIM_1 | PWW | YAR |  |  |  | I | $\Gamma$ |

### 3.2.2 Position Control Example Using Pulse Train

An example of position control program in the IL language using a pulse train reference is introduced.

### 3.2.2.1 Specification

The specification is determined as shown in the control block diagram below.


Fig. 3-2-3

1) Description of specification

- The pulse train reference issued by the pulse generator is received at the OPC-VG1-PG (o) option and sent to UPAC as a pulse reference. (Variable: pulse train position reference PG (PR))
- The feedback data of the encoder installed to the induction motor is sent to UPAC as detected pulses. (Variable: position detection (built-in)
- The cumulative count multiplied by APR (position control) gain is handed over to FRENIC-VG as a speed command so that the cumulative deviation between the pulse reference and detected pulses becomes zero. (Variable: speed setting 4/frequency reference (during V/f)
(Note: The stationary deviation does not become zero with APR gain only. It becomes zero during stoppage.)
- FRENIC-VG dynamically switches between validation and cancellation (validation of internal speed setting) of the speed command sent from UPAC, using the [X1] input.
- When the speed setting of UPAC is effective, the internal data of the internal acceleration/ deceleration calculator is reset to zero. (Variable: control data)
- The APR gain is assigned to UN0.01 so that it can be changed or referred to from the keypad.
- The definition of the APR gain for " 1.0 " (" 10 " in UN0.01 is assumed to be " 1.0 ") is assumed to be one speed unit (with "20000" speed units being the maximum speed) for a deviation of one pulse (with a deviation of 1000 pulses, 1000 speed units). When the maximum speed is $1500 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$, the speed command is: $1500 \times 1000 / 20000=75 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$.


### 3.2.2.2 System definition

In the system definition, enable the following data items.
Table 3-2-2

| Input/output <br> memory | Data | Application |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Input <br> $(3 W / 18 W)$ | Control data (CW) (standard + DIOA option, 16-bit) | Monitoring of [X1] input state |
|  | Pulse train position reference (PG (PR)) | Acquisition of pulse train position reference |
|  | Position detection (built-in or PG (PD)) | Acquisition of pulse train position detection |
| Output <br> $(4 W / 32 W)$ | Control data (CW) | Issuance of ACC/DEC zero clear command |
|  | Speed setting 4/frequency reference (during V/f) | Speed command from UPAC |
|  | Dynamic switch (DSW1) | Dynamic switch between speed command from <br>  Dynamic switch (DSW2) |

### 3.2.2.3 Task configuration and program

Select a constant-period task of about 1 ms to 4 ms , considering the position control response and acquisition and response of the control terminal [X1]. A program example in the IL language is shown below.


### 3.2.3 Example of Dancer Control

### 3.2.3.1 Specification

The specification is determined as shown in the control block diagram below.


Fig. 3-2-4

1) Description of specification

- The analog line speed of the sender is input to [Ai2] of the driving FRENIC-VG of the sender and transferred to UPAC. At this time, the function selection of Al2 is set at universal Ai.
- The analog position of the dancer is detected and input to [Ai1] of the driving FRENIC-VG of the sender and transferred to UPAC. At this time, the function selection of Al1 is set at universal Ai.
- UPAC takes PI control based on the dancer position command (UNO.03) so that the difference with the dancer position becomes zero, where the PI output is added to the line speed for a speed setting output to FRENIC-VG. (Variable: speed setting 4/frequency reference (during V/f))
- The PI constant of the PI controller is assigned to function codes UNO. 01 and 02 of the keypad.
- The operation state of the inverter is checked at a constant period of 60 ms , using the INT signal (bit 3 of function code M14, inverter shutoff: \%MW11.624.3), and the output of the integration term is reset to zero during inverter shutoff (with INT signal being turned on).


### 3.2.3.2 System definition

A check mark is placed in the following data items of the system definition.
Table 3-2-3

| Input/output memory | Data | Application |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input (2W/18W) | INV1 Ai(Ai1) | Analog dancer position detection |
|  | INV1 Ai(Ai2) | Analog line speed command |
| Output (1W/32W) | Speed setting 4/frequency reference (during V/f) | Speed command from UPAC |

### 3.2.3.3 Task configuration and program

Because high speed response is unnecessary, a 10 ms to 100 ms constant-period is enough for the task period.

A program example in the FBD language is shown below.


Fig. 3-2-5

## Description of program

Analog input scale conversion

- Analog input at $\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$
- Convert this into $\pm 20000 \mathrm{~d} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ of the speed unit.

Integrator

- INT = OFF during operation, therefore
$\rightarrow$ "1" upon RUN input, "0" upon R1 input
- $\operatorname{INT}=$ ON during stoppage, therefore
$\rightarrow$ " 0 " upon RUN input, " 1 " upon R1 input, and zero output at integrator
- Pass the output of the integrator via "TEMP" to the limiter (LIMIT_DINT)
$\rightarrow$ Fixed limit at $\pm 500$


## Addition

- Add the line speed (LINE_SP), integrator output and $P$ gain output (DEV_OUT) to compose a speed command (INV128_SPDREF4) for VG7S.

| Yariable | Data type | Usage | Comment | Address | Init | RETAIN | T... |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ELADDERY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INY0128_SPDREF 4 | INT | YAR_EXT... | INV1 Speed setting 4/frequency referenc... |  |  | $\Gamma$ | $\Gamma$ |
| INY0114_UNIAII | INT | YAR_EXT... | INV1 AI of INY1(Ai1) |  |  | $\Gamma$ | $\Gamma$ |
| INY0115_UNIAI2 | INT | VAR_EXT... | INV1 Al of INY1(Ai2) |  |  | $\Gamma$ | $\Gamma$ |
| u01_f | INT | VAR_EXT... | Function code U U01 USER P1 |  |  | $\Gamma$ | $\Gamma$ |
| u02_f | INT | VAR_EXT... | U02 USER P2 |  |  | $\Gamma$ | $\Gamma$ |
| u03_f | INT | YAR_EXT... | U03 USER P3 |  |  | $\Gamma$ | $\Gamma$ |
| LINE_SP | DINT | YAR_EXT... |  |  |  | $\Gamma$ | $\Gamma$ |
| DAN_POS | DINT | - VAR_EXT... |  |  |  | $\Gamma$ | $\Gamma$ |
| DEV_OUT | DINT | VAR_EXT... |  |  |  | $\Gamma$ | $\Gamma$ |
| INTEG | TIME | YAR_EXT... |  |  |  | $\Gamma$ | $\Gamma$ |
| 11004 | B00L | YAR_EXT... |  |  |  | $\Gamma$ | $\Gamma$ |
| INT_DINT_3 | INT_DINT | VAR |  |  |  | $\Gamma$ | $\Gamma$ |
| TEMP | DINT | VAR |  |  |  | Г | $\Gamma$ |

### 3.3 FRENIC-VG Control Block Diagrams

### 3.3.1 Operation Command



### 3.3.2 Speed Command Selection Section



### 3.3.3 Acceleration/Deceleration Calculation, Speed Limiting, and Position Control Input Section



### 3.3.4 Motor Speed/Line Speed Detection



Chapter 3 FRENIC-VG Interface

### 3.3.5 Pulse Train Reference Section and Position Detection Section



### 3.3.6 Speed Control and Torque Reference Section



3.3.7 Torque Limit, Torque Current Reference, and Magnetic-flux Reference Section


### 3.3.8 Current Control and Vector Control Section



### 3.3.9 Enabling to Write/Saving Function Codes



## FRENIC-VG

## Chapter 4 Package Software

This chapter introduces the package software for UPAC.

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### 4.1 WPS-VG1-DAN

## Available soon

WPS-VG1-DAN is packaged software for controlling the dancer of the winding system.
(Windows Personal Computer Software Package-Dancer control system on FRENIC-VG)
The features of the package are:

- Speed control through detection of position of dancer roll
- Calculation of winding diameter based on line speed command and winding (feeding) motor speed
- Switching of dancer roll position control gain, speed control gain and I constant according to variation of wound coil
- Common control system for winding and feeding (compatible with reverse mill)
- Tension taper output function
- Applicable to wire drawing machine

To detect the dancer position with a synchro transmitter with the dancer control function used, the MCA/OPC-VG1-SN option is necessary in addition to the UPAC option. For the hardware specification, installation method and other details of the option, refer to the FRENIC-VG User's Manual.

This packaged software is included in the CD-ROM of WPS-VG1-PCL (loader software) and provided free of charge. You may download the software from our website. To configure a system using this package, agreement with the following description is necessary.

## [Terms of Agreement]

You are requested to agree to the following items.
If you do not agree to them, do not use WPS-VG1-DAN packaged software.
For inquiries about the agreement items, contact our sales person.
(1) When an analog interface is used to establish a dancer system, sufficient measures shall be taken in accordance with the description of the FRENIC-VG User's Manual to suppress noise.
(2) Function codes UNO. 01 through 63 used for dancer control are set at "0" before shipment from our factory. The user must change the setting of necessary parameters voluntarily according to the purpose.
(3) The battery included in the UPAC is needed to back up the data. The lifetime of the battery is five years (at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). The battery life is reduced during operation at higher temperatures. When the battery life is reached, UPAC alarm "ErA" is displayed. If this alarm is displayed, change the battery soon. For the battery replacement method, refer to the corresponding part of this manual.
(4) If noise or vibration occurs due to resonance in the mechanical system or play in the gear, the mechanical system must be examined and adjusted. If the noise is not reduced after adjustment of the mechanical system, electrical countermeasures must be taken, so that the standard functions of FRFENIC-VG, gain and integration time of dancer control, filter and other parameters are used for adjustment. Please note that we will not meet requests to add special control applications to UPAC or to the main body of FRFENIC-VG.
(5) You are not allowed by the copyright law to duplicate, rent, or resell the entire or a part of the program.
(6) There are no limitations to voluntary addition, change, or deletion by the customer for program development based on this dancer control program. We will provide technical support and consultation on developing programs.
(7) We will assume no responsibility for the direct or indirect material loss or damage caused by the WPS-VG1-DAN program itself or change, addition or deletion to the program.

### 4.1.1 System Consideration

### 4.1.1.1 Specifications

Table 4-1-1

| Item |  | Specification of dancer control |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Model of option card |  | OPC-VG1-UPAC <br> * To use synchro transmitter: MCA/OPC-VG1-SN |
| Package Software |  | Dancer control package. Version 110םa (displayed at function code UNO. 64) |
| Dancer control method |  | PID control of dancer roll position: APR (Auto Position Regulator) |
| Winding diameter calculation function |  | Automatic switch of P gain of APR and P/I of ASR according to winding diameter |
| Tension taper output |  | Analog output [A01] |
| Analog | Input signal | [12]: Line speed input, -10 V to 0 V to 10 V <br> [Ai 1]: Dancer roll position input signal, -10 V to 0 V to 10 V <br> [Ai 2]: Selection from the following signals, -10 V to 0 V to 10 V (Analog taper gain, analog initial diameter, analog line speed gain) |
|  | Output signal | [AO 1]: Taper output, -10 V to 0 V to 10 V <br> [AO 2]: Dancer roll position detection, -10 V to 0 V to 10 V <br> [AO 3]: Winding diameter ratio, -10 V to 0 V to 10 V |
| Digital | Input signal | [X1]: Individual motor operation <br> [X2]: APR-I zero hold <br> [X3]: APR output zero hold <br> [X4]: Winding diameter calculation hold <br> [X5]: Initial diameter reset <br> [X6]: Winding/feeding switch |
|  | Output signal | Dancer roll position detection (Select [Y1] to [Y5] and assign the [U-DO] function.) Detection level defined with function code U55 |
| Keypad monitor function |  | The following data items can be referred to in real time at the LED monitor of the keypad. <br> Option monitor 3: Calculated winding diameter <br> Option monitor 4: Line speed input <br> Option monitor 5: Dancer roll position input <br> Option monitor 6: Offset |

### 4.1.1.2 Using the synchro transmitter

The synchro transmitter detects the dancer position in a system using the Fuji Electric's MCA/OPC-VG1-SN synchronous interface option. The analog output (S4, with common S2) of the synchro transmitter is connected to the standard analog input terminal ([Ai 1], with common [M]) of FRENIC-VG.

1) How to install the synchro transmitter
(1) Install the synchro transmitter so that the output becomes larger when the target control position is in the speed boosting direction. When voltage output S4 is positive, the speed increases and maximum correction is made (at +10 V ).
(2) To change the polarity, exchange SY1 and SY2 terminals.
(3) During installation of the synchro transmitter to the machine, adjust the angle so that the output from the synchro transmitter becomes 0 V at the center of the maximum movable span of the movable shaft of the synchro transmitter.
(4) Adjust VR2 so that voltage output at S4 is 10 VDC at the maximum position in the maximum speed boosting direction, check that the voltage output at S4 is -10 VDC ( $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ ) in the maximum deceleration direction.
(5) The speed boosting direction varies according to the installation position of the synchro transmitter (in reference to the main body of the inverter). Refer to the figure below. (For forward winding control, refer to Fig. a; for reversing control, refer to Fig. b.)

Fig. a


Direction A indicates the speed boosting position.


Direction B indicates the speed boosting position.

Fig. 4-1-1
2) Internal block diagram of MCA/OPC-VG1-SN


Fig. 4-1-2

### 4.1.2 Control Block Diagrams



Fig. 4-1-3 Block diagram of UPAC dancer roll control software (1/4)


Fig. 4-1-3 Block diagram of UPAC dancer roll control software (2/4)


Fig. 4-1-3 Block diagram of UPAC dancer roll control software (3/4)


Fig. 4-1-3 Block diagram of UPAC dancer roll control software (4/4)

### 4.1.3 Function Code

### 4.1.3.1 User function list

Table 4-1-2


Note 1: Though the setting range of U01 through U64 is from -32768 to 32767 , enter the settings in the above effective setting ranges.
Note 2: Concerning U04 Material length

Note 3: Concerning U05 and U06 Dancer Roll position voltage


Specify the following distance to U04 (Distance from A to B2 to C) - (distance from A to B1 to C)

B1: Position of dancer roll at tight limit B2: Position of dancer roll at loose limit

Fig. 4-1-4
The U05 and U06 settings vary according to application to feeding and winding cases.


Set the position voltage at the tight limit to U05.

Set the position voltage at the tight limit to U06. loose limit to U06. loose limit to U05.


Fig. 4-1-5

Table 4-1-3


[^3]Note 2: Change the setting during stoppage.

### 4.1.3.2 Other function codes

Table 4-1-4

| Function code | Name |  | LCD display (Japanese) |  | Effective setting range | Unit | Min. unit | Initial value | Change <br> during <br> operatio <br> n$\|$ | Remarks | ¢ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F01 | Speed setting N1 | F01 | Speed setting N1 | 0 to 7 | 0 : Speed setting entered at the keypad is valid. <br> 2: Setting input at terminal $12[0$ to $+10 \mathrm{~V}]$ is valid. | - | 1 | 0 | X | During regular operation: <br> During maximum speed of winding motor: | - |
| F02 | Operation method | F02 | Operation | 0 to 1 | 0 : Operation command entered at the keypad is effective. <br> 1: Operation command entered from the FWD or REV terminal is effective. | - | 1 | 0 | X | Specify "1" at U48, "0" at F01, and "0" at F02. Specify "0" at U48, "2" at F01, and "1" at F02. | - |
| F03 | M1 maximum speed | F03 | M1 max. speed | 50 to 24000 |  | r/m | 1 | 1500 | X | Specify the motor speed that can achieve the "maximum line speed" (U01) with the "minimum winding diameter" (U02). | - |
| F61 | ASR1-P (gain) | F61 | USER P6 | 0.1 to 200.0 | UPAC overwrites data. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { (time } \\ \mathrm{s}) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 0.1 | 10.0 | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
| F62 | ASR 1-1 (integration constant) | F62 | ASR1-I | 0.010 to 1.000 | UPAC overwrites data. | (s) | 0.001 | 0.200 | $\bigcirc$ | Write a value suitable for the winding diameter from UPAC. | - |
| E01 | X 1 function selection | E01 | X1 function | 0 to 63 |  | - | 1 | 0 | X | When U36 is "1," specify "25" [U-DI]. | 4-16 |
| E02 | X2 function selection | E02 | X2 function | 0 to 63 |  | - | 1 | 1 | X | When U37 is "1," specify "25" [U-DI]. | 4-17 |
| E03 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { X3 function } \\ & \text { selection } \end{aligned}$ | E03 | X3 function | 0 to 63 |  | - | 1 | 2 | X | When U38 is "1," specify "25" [U-DI]. | 4-17 |
| E04 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { X4 function } \\ & \text { selection } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | E04 | X4 function | 0 to 63 |  | - | 1 | 3 | X | When U39 is "1," specify "25" [U-DI]. | 4-17 |
| E05 | X5 function selection | E05 | X5 function | 0 to 63 |  | - | 1 | 4 | X | When U40 is "1," specify "25" [U-DI]. | 4-15 |
| E06 | X6 function selection | E06 | X6 function | 0 to 63 |  | - | 1 | 5 | X | When U41 is "1," specify "25" [U-DI]. | 4-17 |
| E09 | X9 function selection | E09 | X9 function | 0 to 63 | Specify "9" [THR] (external alarm). | - | 1 | 9 | X | Assign to the external alarm input. | - |
| E14 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { X terminal function } \\ & \text { normally } \\ & \text { open/closed } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | E14 | $X$ normal setting | $\begin{aligned} & 0000 \text { to } \\ & 01 \mathrm{FF} \end{aligned}$ | Specify the part of 9 (X9) on CL side. | - | 1 | 0000 | X | The X9 (external alarm) terminal becomes a normally closed terminal. | - |
| E15 | Y1 function selection | E15 | Y1 function | 0 to 47 |  | - | 1 | 1 | X | When U54 is "1," specify "25" [U-DO]. | 4-20 |
| E16 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Y2 function } \\ & \text { selection } \end{aligned}$ | E16 | Y2 function | 0 to 47 |  | - | 1 | 2 | X | When U54 is "2," specify "25" [U-DO]. | 4-20 |
| E17 | Y3 function selection | E17 | Y3 function | 0 to 47 |  | - | 1 | 3 | X | When U54 is "3," specify "25" [U-DO]. | 4-20 |
| E18 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Y4 function } \\ & \text { selection } \end{aligned}$ | E18 | Y4 function | 0 to 47 |  | - | 1 | 4 | X | When U54 is "4," specify "25" [U-DO]. | 4-20 |
| E19 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Y5 function } \\ & \text { selection } \end{aligned}$ | E19 | Y5 function | 0 to 47 |  | - | 1 | 14 | X | When U54 is "5," specify "25" [U-DO]. | 4-20 |
| E49 | Ai1 function selection | E49 | Ai 1 function | 0 to 18 | Specify "14" [U-AI]. | - | 1 | 0 | X | Assign for dancer roll position input. | - |
| E50 | Ai2 function selection | E50 | Ai 2 function | 0 to 18 |  | - | 1 | 0 | X | When U42 is not "0," specify "14" [U-Al]. | 4-9 |
| E69 | AO1 function selection | E69 | AO1 function | 0 to 31 |  | - | 1 | 1 | $\bigcirc$ | When U43 is "1," specify "30" [U-AO]. | 4-9 |
| E70 | AO2 function selection | E70 | AO2 function | 0 to 31 |  | - | 1 | 6 | $\bigcirc$ | When U44 is "1," specify "30" [U-AO]. | 4-18 |
| E71 | AO3 function selection | E71 | AO3 function | 0 to 31 |  | - | 1 | 3 | $\bigcirc$ | When U45 is "1," specify "30" [U-AO]. | 4-18 |
| H02 | All save function | H02 | All save | 0,1 | Download the UPAC software, specify "1" at o38, and save the initial data. | - | 1 | 0 | X | After specifying " 1 " at o38, STOP + ^ to specify "1" to save all initial $U$ code data. | - |
| 038 | UPAC start/stop | o38 | UPAC operation | 0 to 2 | Specify "1" at o38. | - | 1 | 0 | X | Specify "1" at 038. | - |
| 040 | UPAC Address | 040 | UPAC address | 100 to 255 |  | - | 1 | 100 | X | Specify the same "communication setting: RS485 station number" in the UPAC system definition as 040 . | - |

### 4.1.3.3 Description of each function code

U01 Setting: 0 to $1,000 / 0$ to $1,000(\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min})$
$\bullet$ Used for indication of the [line speed] in option monitor 4 and for calculation of estimated winding diameter ratio at startup.

```
U02 Min. winding diameter (DS) Setting: 0 to 2,000/0 to 2,000(mm)
```

- Used for calculation of the [calculated winding diameter] in option monitor 3. Specify the minimum winding diameter that can be installed to the winding shaft.
$\bullet$ The relationship among [M1 max. speed] (F03), [max. line speed] (U01), and [min. winding diameter] (U02) is as shown below.
F03 [M1. max. speed] $=$ U01 [max. line speed]/ח/speed reduction ratio $(<1) / \cup 02$ [min. winding diameter]

```
U03 Max. winding diameter (DL) Setting: 0 to 1,000/0 to 1,000(mm)
```

- Setting point for the upper limit of the calculated winding diameter and the taper variable of taper output.


## U04 Material length Setting: 0 to 1,000/0 to $1,000(\mathrm{~mm})$

- Used for calculation of the estimated winding ratio at startup.

The winding diameter ratio is estimated from this setting, variation in the dancer roll position input to the Ai1 terminal, and the number of pulses of the motor PG.

- If this setting is " 0, " calculation of the estimated winding diameter ratio during startup is not made.

- Specify the input voltage at Ai1 when the dancer roll is at the loose or tight limit.

When the input voltage at Ai1 is at this setting, the dancer roll position is supposed to be the $\pm 100 \%$ position.

- When the middle voltage between the loose and tight limits is input, the center position of the dancer roll is supposed.
- The setting parameter varies according to the attaching position of the dancer roll between the winding machine and feeding machine.

|  | g machine g machine | Voltage at loose limit U05 <br> U06 | Voltage at tight limit U06 <br> U05 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U07 | Taper start winding diameter |  | Setting: 0 to 2,000/0 to 2,000(mm) |
| U08 | Taper variable |  | Setting: 0 to 100/0 to 100 (\%) |
| U42 | Ai 2 function selection |  | Setting: 0 to 3 |
| U43 | AO1 function selection |  | Setting: 0 and 1 |
| E50 | Ai2 function selection |  | Setting: 0 to 18 |
| E69 | A01 function selection |  | Setting: 0 to 31 |

With this function, a taper characteristic voltage suitable for the winding diameter is output.

- To use this function, U43 must be "1" and E69 must be "30," and taper output [TP_AO1] must be assigned to AO 1 .

AO1 output


Fig. 4-1-6
(1) When U43 is "1" and E50 is "14," the input at Ai 2 becomes the gain concerning the [taper variable] (U08).
Taper variable $=$ U08 [taper variable] x input at Ai1 (V)/10 (V)
(2) Other than above (1)

Taper variable $=$ U08 [taper variable]

* The output voltage at AO 1 is smaller as the taper variable is larger.
U09
Line speed offset
U10
Line speed gain Setting: $-1,000$ to $1,000 /-1,000$ to 1,000

Use this function to correct the line speed (input across 12 and 11) to the $10(\mathrm{~V})$ line speed specification.
Example: When $0.5(\mathrm{~V})$ is obtained at the " 0 " line speed and $7.5(\mathrm{~V})$ is obtained at the maximum line speed
U09 [line speed offset] $=-500$ : Correction of $0.5(\mathrm{~V})$
U10 [line speed gain] $=10 /(7.5-0.5) \times 1,000=1,429(1,429$ times $)$

| U11 | Middle winding diameter (DM) | Setting: 0 to $2,000 / 0$ to $2,000(\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min})$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| U12 | APR-Pc(DS) | Setting: 0 to $10,000 / 0.000$ to 10.000 (Multiplication) |
| U13 | APR-Pc(DM) | Setting: 0 to $10,000 / 0.000$ to 10.000 (Multiplication) |
| U14 | APR-Pc(DL) | Setting: 0 to $10,000 / 0.000$ to 10.000 (Multiplication) |
| U15 | APR-Pad(DS) | Setting: 0 to $10,000 / 0.000$ to 10.000 (Multiplication) |
| U16 | APR- Pad (DM) | Setting: 0 to $10,000 / 0.000$ to 10.000 (Multiplication) |
| U17 | APR- Pad (DL) | Setting: 0 to $10,000 / 0.000$ to 10.000 (Multiplication) |

- Concerning APR-P

With the APR (Auto Position Regulator)-P term, the deviation of the dancer roll position input multiplied by the setting is output.

- The gain (Pc) at the constant line speed and the gain (Pad) during acceleration and deceleration can be individually specified.
- Values at the three points (minimum winding diameter (DS), middle winding diameter (DM), and maximum winding diameter (DL) can be specified.
When the settings (U13, U14, U16 and U17) at the middle winding diameter (DM) and the maximum winding diameter (DL) are specified at "0," the settings (U12 and U15) for the minimum winding diameter (DS) is applied to the maximum winding diameter. (Flat characteristic)


Fig. 4-1-7


Fig. 4-1-8

| U18 | APR-I | Setting: 0 to 1,000/0.00 to 10.00(s) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| U19 | APR-D | Setting: 0 to 1,000/0.00 to 10.00(s) |
| U31 | APR-I output limit | Setting: 0 to 200/0 to 200(\%) |
| U32 | APR output limit | Setting: 0 to 200/0 to 200(\%) |
| U46 | Correction method (PID) | Setting: 0 and 1 |

- Integration (APR-I) or differentiation (APR-D) is made for the deviation in the input of the dancer roll position.
The functions of U18 and U19 are canceled if the setting is zero.
- Use the U46 setting to change the integration and differentiation inputs.

U46 = 0: Suppose that the APR-I and APR-D inputs are dancer roll input positions.


U46 = 1: Suppose APR-I and APR-D inputs are APR-P outputs.


Fig. 4-1-9

- Limitation in ASR output

U31 sets a limit in the APR-I output, and U32 sets a limit in the APR output (with additional P, I, D value).
The percent value of the limit indicates the level of the dancer roll position input.
If U32 (APR output limit) < U31 (APR-I output limit), the APR-I output is limited to the U32 (APR output limit) value.


Dancer roll position inpu


Fig. 4-1-10

| U20 | ASR-P(DS) | Setting: 1 to $2,000 / 0.1$ to 200.0 (Multiplication) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| U21 | ASR -P(DM) | Setting: 1 to $2,000 / 0.1$ to 200.0 (Multiplication) |
| U22 | ASR - P(DL) | Setting: 1 to $2,000 / 0.1$ to 200.0 (Multiplication) |
| U23 | ASR -I(DS) | Setting: 10 to $1,000 / 0.010$ to 1.000 (s) |
| U24 | ASR -I(DM) | Setting: 10 to $1,000 / 0.010$ to 1.000 (s) |
| U25 | ASR -l(DL) | Setting: 10 to $1,000 / 0.010$ to 1.000 (s) |
| U33 | Dancer roll level for application of APR-P, I (DL) Setting: 10 to $100 / 10$ to $100(\%)$ |  |
| U34 | Lowest line speed | Setting: 1 to $100 / 1$ to $100(\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min})$ |

Concerning ASR-P and -I

- As the winding diameter increases, the inertia (machine constant) of the machine becomes larger. Therefore ASR-P and -I must be set at ones suitable for the winding diameter.
- ASR-P and -I are prepared for each of the minimum winding diameter (DS), middle winding diameter (DM) and maximum winding diameter (DL).


Fig. 4-1-11


Fig. 4-1-12

- Concerning ASR-P and -I during line stoppage

ASR-P and -l at a line speed smaller than the [lowest line speed] (U34) are adjusted to U20 (ASR-P) and U23 (ASR-I) equivalent to the minimum winding diameter (DS) without relations to the current winding diameter. (This is to prevent the winding shaft from moving slightly during stoppage of the line.)

- Adjustment of ASR-P and -I according to position of dancer roll [Application when the current winding diameter $\geq$ middle winding diameter (DM)]
The dancer roll must be returned to the center quickly if it is far from the center. If the winding diameter is large, the mechanical inertia is large, too, so that ASR-P must be increased.
If the current winding diameter is equal to or larger than the middle winding diameter (DM) and the danger roll position is equal to or larger than U33 [dancer roll level for application of ASR-P and $-1(\mathrm{DL})]$, ASR-P and $-I$ are made U22 (ASR-P) and U25 (ASR-I) for the maximum winding diameter (DL).
If the above-mentioned "line stoppage" and "danger roll position" conditions overlap (for example, if the dancer roll position is larger than U33 after controlled stop at a large winding diameter), the "dancer roll" condition is given priority and ASR-P and -I for the maximum winding diameter (DL) are applied.

| U26 | Line speed filter | Setting: 0 to $5,000 / 0.000$ to 5.000 (s) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| U27 | Motor speed command filter | Setting: 0 to $5,000 / 0.000$ to 5.000 (s) |

- The [line speed filter] (U26) is a filter applied to the line speed that is input across 12 and 11. Use this filter if there is fluctuation in the line speed signal issued by the sender.
- The [motor speed command filter] (U27) is a filter applied to the motor speed command calculated with UPAC.
Use it when hunting is observed in the motor.
- Use the setting if there is variation in the dancer roll position input (across Ai1 and M) around the center to prevent the dancer roll from becoming stable.

Dead zone output (APR input)


Fig. 4-1-13

- If there is slight fluctuation in the dancer roll position during stoppage of the line, integration or other correction measures may function, causing slight motion of the motor.
To avoid such phenomenon, the APR output is held at zero if the dancer roll position is smaller than [APR invalidation dancer roll level] (U29) to prevent the motor from slight motions.
- The line stoppage judgment is made in comparison between the line speed input (across 12 and 11) and [lowest line speed] (U34). Line stoppage is judged if the line speed is smaller than U34.

| U30 | Bias correction | Setting: 0 to 1,000/0.0 to 100.0(\%) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| U47 | Correction method (offset selection) | Setting: 0 and 1 |

The APR output is multiplied by the line speed to produce the offset. A sufficient offset cannot be obtained if the line speed is zero (line stoppage) or it is low. Therefore a "high selector" (priority is given on the higher one) setting is prepared for the line speed multiplied by the APR, so that a sufficient offset can be obtained even if the line speed is low.

- Concerning correction method

Selection between the offset $\left(\Delta \mathrm{V}^{*}\right)$ as to the line speed and motor speed command $\left(\Delta \mathrm{N}^{*}\right)$ can be made for the offset of the dancer roll. The "offset" displayed at [option monitor 6] changes between the line speed and motor speed according to the setting at the [correction method (offset selection)] (U47).


Fig. 4-1-14

If $\mathrm{U} 47=0$ (correction concerning motor speed


Fig. 4-1-15

| U35 | Initial diameter | Setting: 0 to $2,000 / 0$ to $2,000(\mathrm{~mm})$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| U40 | X5 function selection | Setting: 0 and 1 |
| E05 | X5 function selection | Setting: 0 to 63 |

- Calculated winding diameter at startup based on initial diameter

If [initial diameter] (U35) is not zero
When an operation command (FWD, REV) is issued, the calculated winding diameter immediately becomes the winding diameter specified at U35.
When the operation command is stopped, a new winding diameter is judged and operation starts at the initial diameter.
The winding diameter at startup can be adjusted to a middle diameter with these settings for stable motor speed command at startup. (If the previous winding diameter is almost the minimum winding diameter and the actual winding diameter is around the maximum winding diameter, the motor speed command increases substantially, causing large shock.)


Calculate d winding diameter


Fig. 4-1-16
If U35 [initial diameter] setting $=0$
If the[initial diameter] (U35) setting is zero, the calculated winding diameter remains the previous value and operation starts even when the operation command (FWD, REV) is issued.
Operation
command
com

Calculated winding diameter $\qquad$
Fig. 4-1-17

- Initial value setting through contact input

When the new winding diameter is already known, assign [initial diameter set] to contact input X5 to set the winding diameter (initial diameter: U35) to the calculated winding diameter while this signal is issued.

Setting for assigning initial diameter set [D_SET] to X5

```
U40=1
E05=25[U-DI]
```

* Note: Use a temporary command for the X5 signal assigned to the initial diameter setting. If the signal remains turned on, the calculated winding diameter is fixed at the [initial diameter] (U35).


Fig. 4-1-18

| U36 | X1 function selection | Setting: 0 and 1 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| U48 | Individual motor operation switching | Setting: 0 and 1 |
| E01 | X1 function selection | Setting: 0 to 63 |

- Dancer roll control and individual motor operation switching

Individual motor operation indicates an operation method without dancer roll control or winding diameter calculation, where only speed commands are given.
The switching method between dancer roll control operation and individual motor operation includes two variations: contact input X1 and parameter.

- Contact input switching

Assign the individual motor operation [M_DRV] to X1 in the following setting.
After assignment, the individual motor operation mode continues while X1 [M_DRV] remains turned on.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { U36=1 } \\
& \text { E01=25[U-DI] }
\end{aligned}
$$

- Parameter switching

Specify "1" at [individual motor operation switch] (U48) to start the individual motor operation mode.
(Specify "0" at [individual motor operation switch] (U48) to start the dancer roll control operation mode.)

* The individual motor operation mode starts when X1 [M_DRV] is turned on or U48 is "1."

| U37 | X2 function selection | Setting: 0 and 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| E02 | X2 function selection | Setting: 0 to 63 |

- APR-I output zero hold

Assign APR-I zero hold [APRIZH] to X 2 in the following settings.
After assignment, the APR-I output is held at zero while $\mathrm{X} 2[\mathrm{APRIZH}]$ is turned on.
U37=1
E02=25[U-DI]

| U38 | X3 function selection | Setting: 0 and 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| E03 | X3 function selection | Setting: 0 to 63 |

- APR output zero hold

Assign APR zero hold [APRIZH] to X3 in the following settings.
After assignment is made, the APR-I output is held at zero while X 3 [APRZH] is turned on.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{U} 38=1 \\
& \mathrm{E} 03=25[\mathrm{U}-\mathrm{DI}]
\end{aligned}
$$

The APR-I integration value, too, is held at zero when X 3 [APRZH] is turned on.

| U39 | X4 function selection |
| :---: | :---: |
| E04 | X4 function selection |

- Winding diameter calculation hold

Assign winding diameter calculation hold [D_HOLD] to X4 in the following settings.
After assignment, the previous value of the calculated winding diameter is held while X 4 [D_HOLD] is turned on.

U39=1
E04=25[U-DI]

| U41 | X6 function selection | Setting: 0 and 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| E06 | X6 function selection | Setting: 0 to 63 |

- Winding/feeding switching

Use the setting in a system where a feeding roll, idler, and winding roll are included and there are two line directions, to switch the time direction.


Fig. 4-1-19
As described at the * mark, after the line direction changes and the winding roll and the feeding roll are exchanged in role, the correction polarity of the dancer roll becomes reverse, therefore X6 [WRW] must be used to switch the polarity of the dancer roll position input. Specify both rolls (winding and feeding rolls on the left and right of the above figure) as a winding roll when specifying the dancer roll position input at U05 and U06.

```
U41=1
E06=25[U-DI]
```

| U42 | Ai2 function selection | Setting: 0 to 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| E50 | Ai2 function selection | Setting: 0 to 18 |

- Select assignment of Ai2.

To specify 1 to 3 at U42 to assign Ai2 for dancer roll control, E50 [Ai2 terminal function] must be specified at "14" [U-Ai].

U42 = 0: No assignment
U42 = 1: Taper variable gain [TP_AIG]
U42 = 2: Initial diameter ratio [INI_AID]
When the above settings are given, an input at Ai 2 determines the initial diameter instead of the initial diameter specified at U35.
Effective when X5 [D_SET] is turned on, 20 times winding diameter ratio upon +10 VDC input. U42 = 3: Line speed gain [LINE_AIG]
Specify the gain for the line speed input across 12 and 11, using the input at Ai2. The setting is multiplied by four upon +10 VDC.

| U44 | AO2 function selection | Setting: 0 and 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| E70 | AO2 function selection | Setting: 0 to 31 |

- Dancer roll position output

The current dancer roll position is output at AO2. These settings are used for indication of the dancer roll position at an instrument.
The output is +10 VDC for dancer a roll position of $100 \%$.
Assign the dancer roll position [DAN_AO2] to AO 2 in the following settings.
U44=1
$E 70=30[\mathrm{U}-\mathrm{AO}]$

| U45 | AO3 function selection | Setting: 0 and 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E71 | AO3 function selection | Setting: 0 to 31 |

- Winding diameter ratio output

The calculated current winding diameter ratio is output at AO3. The output is +10 VDC when the winding diameter ratio is 20 times.
Assign the winding diameter ratio output [DIA_AO3] to AO3 in the following settings.

```
U45=1
E71=30[U-AO]
```

U49 Reverse rotation prevention function Setting: 0 and 1

- Select the correction method for a tight dancer roll during stoppage of the line.

U49 = 0: Reverse rotation in the line direction is valid
When the dancer roll is at position A in a tight state as shown in the figure below, the winding motor is reversed in the line direction to return the dancer roll to the center.


Fig. 4-1-20
U49 = 1: Prohibit reverse rotation in line direction.
If the dancer roll is at position $A$ in a tight state as shown in the figure below, rotation of the winding motor is limited. Use this function to limit the rotation in the loosening direction, such as for metallic materials.


Fig. 4-1-21

U50 Operation direction switching Setting: 0 and 1
Use the setting to reverse the motor with an FWD command.
U50 = 0: FWD command for forward motor rotation, REV command for reverse motor rotation
U50 = 1: FWD command for reverse motor rotation, REV command for forward motor rotation

* Change the parameter during stoppage.

| U51 | Speed limit |
| :--- | :--- |
| U52 | Setting: 0 to $110 / 0$ to $110(\%)$ |

- Speed limit

The limit applies to the motor speed command added with the dancer roll speed offset.

- Minimum winding diameter ratio

The minimum winding diameter, which is specified at the [minimum winding diameter] (U02) during regular operation, can be specified in \% of the U02 setting, with "1" being the minimum winding diameter ratio.
The value specified in this parameter is the lowest limit of the minimum calculated winding diameter.

| U54 | Dancer roll position detection signal assignment | Setting: 0 to 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| U55 | Dancer roll position detection level Setting: 0 to $100 / 0$ to $100(\%)$ |  |
| E15 | Y1 function selection | Setting: 0 to 47 |
| E16 | Y2 function selection | Setting: 0 to 47 |
| E17 | Y3 function selection | Setting: 0 to 47 |
| E18 | Y4 function selection | Setting: 0 to 47 |
| E19 | Y5 function selection | Setting: 0 to 47 |

- The dancer roll position is detected and output in an on/off DO output signal [DANDCT].


Fig. 4-1-22
Specify the parameter (E15 to E19) settings of the assigned DO output at "25" [U-DO] and set U54 as shown below.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { U54 }=0 \text { : No assignment to } \mathrm{Y} 1 \text { to } \mathrm{Y} 5 \\
& \text { U54 }=1 \text { : Assign to Y1 } \\
& \text { U54 }=\text { 2: Assign to Y2 } \\
& \text { U54 }=\text { 3: Assign to Y3 } \\
& \text { U54 }=4 \text { : Assign to Y4 } \\
& \text { U54 }=5 \text { : Assign to Y5 }
\end{aligned}
$$

### 4.1.3.4 Option monitor

Table 4-1-5

| Function <br> code | Name | LCD display <br> (Japanese) | Data displaying range | Unit | Min. <br> unit | Remarks |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OP1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OP2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OP3 | Calculated <br> winding <br> diameter | Option <br> monitor 3 | 0 to 20000 to 2000(mm) | $(\mathrm{mm})$ | 1 |  |
| OP4 | Line speed | Option <br> monitor 4 | 0 to 10000 to <br> $1000(\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min})$ | $(\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{min})$ | 1 | $(\%)$ |
| OP5 | Dancer roll <br> position | Option <br> monitor 5 | -200 to $200-200$ to <br> $200(\%)$ | When a voltage specified at U05 or <br> U06 is input, $\pm 100$ (\%) is displayed. |  |  |
| OP6 | Offset | Option <br> monitor 6 | -100 to $100-100$ to <br> $100(\%)$ | The maximum line speed or <br> maximum motor speed is assumed <br> to be 100\%. |  |  |

### 4.2 WPS-VG1-POS

WPS-VG1-POS is packaged software for controlling the orientation position.
(Windows Personal Computer Software Package-Position control system on FRENIC-VG)
The features of the package are:

- The encoder resolution can be selected from seven options of $128,256,512,1024,2048$, 4096, and 8192 according to the requirement of the stopping accuracy of the machine shaft.
- Four stopping position commands can be preset inside, among which the target one is selected with a contact.
- The stopping position command can be given externally from our MICREX series PLC, 16-point digital input, RS485 communication via POD or the like, or CC Link. The stopping position latch function can be used to stop at multiple points.
- Because the orientation function is implemented by the UPAC option, all the standard functions of the FRENIC-VG inverter can be used without limitations.

To realize the orientation function, the OPC-VG1-PG option is necessary in addition to the UPAC option. For the hardware specification, installation method and other details of the option, refer to the FRENIC-VG User's Manual.

This packaged software is included in the CD-ROM of WPS-VG1-PCL (loader software) and provided free of charge. You may download the software from our website. To configure a system using this package, agreement with the following description is necessary.

## [Terms of Agreement]

You are requested to agree to the following items.
If you do not agree to them, do not use WPS-VG1-POS packaged software.
For inquiries about the agreement items, contact our sales person.
(1) Function codes UNO. 01 through 63 used for orientation control are set at " 0 " before shipment from our factory. The user must change the setting of necessary parameters voluntarily according to the purpose.
(2) The battery included in the UPAC is needed to back up the data. The lifetime of the battery is five years (at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). The battery life is reduced during operation at higher temperatures. When the battery life is reached, UPAC alarm "ErA" is displayed. If this alarm is displayed, change the battery soon. For the battery replacement method, refer to the corresponding part of this manual.
(3) If noise or vibration occurs due to resonance in the mechanical system or play in the gear, the mechanical system must be examined and adjusted. If the noise is not reduced after adjustment of the mechanical system, electrical countermeasures must be taken, so that the standard functions of FRFENIC-VG, gain and integration time of dancer control, filter and other parameters are used for adjustment. Please note that we will not meet requests to add special control applications to UPAC or to the main body of FRFENIC-VG.
(4) You are not allowed by the copyright law to duplicate, rent, or resell the entire or a part of the program.
(5) There are no limitations to voluntary addition, change, or deletion by the customer for program development based on this dancer control program. We will provide technical support and consultation on developing programs.
(6) We will assume no responsibility for the direct or indirect material loss or damage caused by the WPS-VG1-POS program itself or change, addition or deletion to the program.

I agree the terms above (Your signature here)

### 4.2.1 System Consideration

### 4.2.1.1 Specifications

Table 4-2-1

| Item | Orientation specification |
| :--- | :--- |
| Model of option card | OPC-VG1-UPAC |
|  | OPC-VG1-PG(PD) |
| Package Software | Orientation package. |
|  | Version 13ana aqu refers to 009 or higher numbers (displayed at function code UNO. 01, 64) |

### 4.2.1.2 Definition of operation



Fig. 4-2-1
Table 4-2-2

| Item | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| N1: Slow speed 1 | Motor speed set at slow speed 1 (UNO. 10 to 13) |
| N2: Slow speed 2 | ORT gain (UNO 14 to 17) x 2/10 rotation speed |
| Correction mode | After the ORT command is input, the speed command is corrected from N1 according to the <br> position feedback signal issued from the shaft encoder. |
| Control zone | Range of $\pm 11.25^{\circ}$ to target stopping point |

There are two patterns in the operation: stopping at the target position during operation at a speed, and rotation to the target position in a stopping state at zero speed. Be sure to combine with the FWD or REV operation command. The direction of rotation of ORT from operation depends on the FWD or REV command. ORT from the stopping state is in the random access direction toward the target position or slow speed direction command.

1) ORT from running state


Fig. 4-2-2
2) ORT from stopping state


Fig. 4-2-3

### 4.2.1.3 Master device

The interface on the FRENIC-VG side must be selected according to the master device for issuing stopping position and controlling commands (such as orientation command). Refer to the following flow chart for examination.


* Similar setting can be made with the Field Bus option.
* You can use PLC, PC, POD (Programmable Operation Display) or other host devices with RS485.


### 4.2.1.4 Encoder feedback

Various feedback form can be employed according to the system. Select one of the following four methods.

1) Standard (special) motor

Use this method to detect the speed with the PG built in the standard VG motor and detect the position with the PE installed to the spindle. Relevant function code settings are as follows:
Table 4-2-3

| Function Code | Name | Setting: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PNO. 28 | M1-PG pulse count selection | Motor PG count |
| PNO. 29 | M1 external PG correction <br> coefficient | Not used |
| UNO. 09 | Pulse encoder selection | Spindle PE count |
| UNO. 24 | Speed detection selection | 0: Built-in PG |



Fig. 4-2-4
2) General-purpose motor (from manufacturers other than Fuji)

Use this method to detect the speed and position with the PE installed to a general-purpose motor (made by other than Fuji). Relevant function code settings are as follows:
Table 4-2-4

| Function Code | Name | Setting: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PNO. 28 | M1-PG pulse count <br> selection | Number of installed <br> PEs |
| PNO. 29 | M1 external PG correction <br> coefficient | Not used |
| UNO. 09 | Pulse encoder selection | Number of installed <br> PEs |
| UNO. 24 | Speed detection selection | 1: PG (PD) |



Fig. 4-2-5
3) Speed and position control with spindle PE

Use this method to use a general-purpose motor to control the speed and position with the PE installed at the spindle. If the gear ratio is not $1: 1$ or the gear ratio changes with the gear changed, PNO. 28 and PNO. 29 settings are required. Refer to the User's Manual for details. Relevant function code settings are as follows:
Table 4-2-5

| Function Code | Name | Setting: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PNO. 28 | M1-PG pulse count <br> selection | Number of installed <br> PEs |
| PNO. 29 | M1 external PG correction <br> coefficient | Setting based on A : B |
| UNO. 09 | Pulse encoder selection | Spindle PE count |
| UNO. 24 | Speed detection selection | 1: PG (PD) |

4) Motor with 5 V line driver PG

Use this method for a servomotor or a motor with a 5 V line driver PG made by other than Fuji. Use the PG (SD) card to detect the speed, and use the PG (PD) card to detect the position. Relevant function code settings are as follows:
Table 4-2-6

| Function Code | Name | Setting: |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PNO. 28 | M1-PG pulse count <br> selection | Motor PG count |
| PNO. 29 | M1 external PG correction <br> coefficient | Not used |
| UNO. 09 | Pulse encoder selection | Spindle PE count |
| UNO. 24 | Speed detection selection | 0: PG (PD) |

Fig. 4-2-6


Note) • If "0" is specified for UNO. 24 "Speed detection selection," the built-in PG and PG (SD) become valid. When PG (SD) is installed, PG (SD) is given priority. When PG (SD) is not installed, the built-in PG is valid.

- To drive a synchronous motor, specify "3" to P01 to detect the speed using a PMPG card. Because the PMPG card is not effective for position control, use form (4) on the previous page and replace PG (SD) with PMPG.
- "SD" and "PD" in the parentheses after "PG" indicate the switch installed on the printed circuit board. "SD" indicates peed detection and "PD" position detection.
- "PG" stands for Pulse Generator and "PE" Pulse Encoder. Though the two terms mean the same device, the one built in the motor is called "PG" and the one installed at the spindle is called "PE" according to the purpose.


### 4.2.1.5 Stopping accuracy

## - caution

The stopping accuracy depends on the resolution of the datum encoder.

- In a system where both forward and reverse rotation occurs during orientation from a running state or random access is selected for orientation from a stopping state, the stopping accuracy deteriorates.

The stopping accuracy to the target position depends on the installed encoder resolution as described in "specifications." In addition, in a system where forward and reverse rotation occurs during orientation, the stopping accuracy will deteriorate by the pulse width of the Z-phase.

The stopping accuracy deteriorates in the following conditions.

1. Both forward rotation and reverse rotation occur for the orientation command from a running state.
2. The random path access method is selected for the orientation method from a stopping state.

That is, if only the forward or reverse rotation is selected or a single direction is selected for orientation from a stopping state, the stopping accuracy described in "specifications" is assured.

1) Explanation

The position count of FRENIC-VG is reset to zero at the rising edge of the Z-phase (reference position) as shown in the figure on the right.
Because there are two edges (rising and falling) for each of the A and B phases and the phase difference between phases is $90^{\circ}$, there are four edges in each period with the $A$ and $B$ phases.
Each edge is counted at the hardware counter built in FRENIC-VG, resulting in 4096 counts for a 1024 P/R encoder (because of multiplication by four).
Suppose that the pulse width of the encoder in the Z-phase is seven edges (example shown on the right). The absolute position adjusted in reference to the mark during forward rotation deviates by seven edges, that is, seven counts during reverse rotation.
Seven counts for a 1024 p/r encoder are equivalent to $0.6^{\circ}$. An allowable deviation of $0.6^{\circ}$ in the stopping accuracy of the spindle machine must be checked in advance.
2) Countermeasure


Fig. 4-2-8

In a system where forward and reverse rotation is necessary and the random path access method from a stopping state is selected, contact the manufacturer of the encoder for the pulse width in the Z-phase of the encoder and choose one having as short a pulse width as possible. Check the number of edges of the pulse width of the Z-phase to calculate the stopping accuracy.

### 4.2.2 Basic connection diagram

Examples are shown for rotation position determination using the encoder installed to the machine shaft. Our option detects the pulse including the Z-phase, therefore select "PD." The Z-phase is used for detection of the absolute position of the machine. The stopping position and orientation command can be given via T-Lin, DIO (B) card, built-in RS485, CC Link or the like.
To drive a synchronous motor, use the separate PMPG card.

Switch setting on option

| Functio <br> $n$ | SW1-1 | SW2-2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PD | OFF | OFF |
| LD | ON | OFF |
| PR | OFF | ON |
| SD | ON | ON |

(1) Connection example using T-Link

(2) Connection example using DIO (B) card


Fig. 4-2-10
(3) Connection example using RS485 communication (POD)

(4) Connection example using standard I/O terminal


Fig. 4-2-12

### 4.2.3 Control Block Diagrams

The control block diagram of the UPAC orientation option is shown below.

1) Meaning of term

ASR: Speed adjuster
ORT: Position adjuster ... Adjuster that functions when the spindle is in the control zone
Automatic subtraction pattern calculation ... Calculation of subtraction pattern of spindle that functions in the correction mode when the shaft is outside the control zone
Control zone judgment ... Orientation is switched depending on judgment of the spindle in the control zone ( $\pm 11.25^{\circ}$ ).

The orientation function is not included in the standard function. It can be realized using the UPAC option, PG (PD) card, and orientation package software.


Fig. 4-2-13

### 4.2.4 Function Code

Table 4-2-7

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Funct } \\ \text { ion } \\ \text { code } \end{gathered}$ | Name | LCD display (Japanese) |  | Effective setting range | Unit | Min. unit | Initial value | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Change } \\ \text { during } \\ \text { operation } \end{array}$ | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U01 | ORT version information | U01 | USER P1 |  | - | 1 | 1300ם | X | Read-only data. Shows version of UPAC package software. |
| U02 | ORT rotation direction from stopping | U02 | USER P2 | 0,1 | - | 1 | 0 | X | 0: Direction for shorter to target position. <br> 1: Direction for following external slow speed direction. <br> Set to stop after shorter rotation or to follow slow speed direction to conduct orientation when stopping. |
| U03 | ORT stop mode selection | U03 | USER P3 | 0,1 | - | 1 | 0 | X | 0 : Stop in shortest time. (may accelerate) <br> 1: Stop without accelerating from current speed <br> Set to accelerate over the second slow speed or not in orientation operation. |
| U04 | Control input selection | U04 | USER P4 | 0, 1, 2 | - | 1 | 0 | X | 0: Internal terminal valid (X1 to X3) <br> 1: DIOB card input valid <br> 2: S05 (communication system, e.g., T-Link or RS485) valid |
| U05 | ORT completion range | U05 | USER P5 | 0 to 511 | Pulse | 1 | 0 | - | 0 to 511 pulses <br> Provides ORT completion signal (ON) when enters a range specified by pulses set by parameter to the position for ORT stopping. |
| U06 | Completion width after ORT stopping | U06 | USER P6 | 0 to 511 | Pulse | 1 | 0 | - | 0 to 511 pulses <br> The orientation completion width is replaced with this setting after stoppage within the orientation completion width. |
| U07 | ORT completion signal ON timer | U07 | USER P7 | 0 to 1000 | S | 1 | 0 | - | 0 to 1000 ( 0.00 to 10.00 s ) <br> Setting for timer after ORT completion to turning on ORT completion signal. |
| U08 | ORT completion signal OFF timer | U08 | USER P8 | 0 to 1000 | S | 1 | 0 | - | 0 to 1000 ( 0.00 to 10.00 s) <br> Setting for timer after ORT completion release to turning off ORT completion signal. |
| U09 | Pulse encoder selection | U09 | USER P9 | -3 to 3 | - | 1 | 0 | X | -3: 128P/R encoder -2: 256P/R encoder -1: 512P/R encoder 0: 1024P/R encoder 1: 2048P/R encoder 2: 4096P/R encoder 3: 8192P/R encoder |
| U10 | Slow speed 1 (1) | U10 | USER P10 | 0 to 1000 | r/min | 1 | 0 | X | Set value for first slow speed (N1) during ORT <br> Four steps are available for setting. Speed steps: 4: [RT1] and [RT2] are used. |
| U11 | Slow speed 1 (2) | U11 | USER P11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U12 | Slow speed 1 (3) | 012 | USER P12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U13 | Slow speed 1 (4) | 013 | USER P13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U14 | ORT gain (1) | U14 | USER P14 | 0 to 1000 | Times | 1 | 0 | - | 0 to 1000 ( 0.0 to 100.0 times) <br> Position loop gain <br> Setting for position adjuster proportional gain during ORT. <br> Speed steps: 4: $[R T 1]$ and $[R T 2]$ are used. <br> Always assign [RT1] and [RT2] to X 4 to X 5 respectively. |
| U15 | ORT gain (2) | U15 | USER P15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U16 | ORT gain (3) | U16 | USER P16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U17 | ORT gain (4) | 017 | USER P17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U18 | Not used | U18 | USER P18 |  | - | 1 | 0 |  | Not used |
| U19 | Not used | U19 | USER P19 |  | - | 1 | 0 |  |  |
| U20 | Stop position setting 1 | U20 | USER P20 | 0 to 32768 | - | 1 | 0 | X | Set the number of pulses of installed encoder $\times 4$. <br> Set to $1024 \times 4 \times 100^{\circ} / 360^{\circ}=1138$ for stop position command of $100^{\circ}$ in forward direction when you use 1024p/r encoder. <br> Subtract one rotation when you set while exceeding four times. <br> Set the travel distance in shaft forward direction. Use terminal input (switching stop position 1, 2) for changing four-point stop position. <br> * Data switching is not accepted during ORT. Turn on the position change command or temporarily turn off the ORT ON signal. |
| U21 | Stop position setting 2 | U21 | USER P21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U22 | Stop position setting 3 | U22 | USER P21 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U23 | Stop position setting 4 | U23 | USER P23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U24 | Speed detection selection | U24 | USER P24 | 0,1 | - | 1 | 0 | X | 0 : Integrated PG (PA, PB), PG (SD) card valid (SD prioritized) P01="3": PMPG card valid for synchronous motor driving PG (PD) card valid |
| U25 | ORT speed just after power on | U25 | USER P25 | 0 to 1000 | r/min | 1 | 0 | - | Speed limit function for orientation command from stop state just after power on. |
| U64 | ORT version information | U64 | USER P64 |  | - | 1 | 1300ם | X | Read-only data. Shows version of UPAC package software. |

(1) About setting range

Though setting range from keypad is -32768 to 32767 , the UPAC limits the set values to the above data range. For example, when you set ORT gain to -20, the UPAC limits it to 0 , and when you set ORT gain to 2000, the UPAC limits it to 1000 .
(2) About changing setting

- Though function codes unchanged during operation (marked $x$ in the table) are not protected against input from the keypad, input are not reflected during operation
(3) It takes about 60 ms to update data.


### 4.2.5 Preparing for Operation

Follow the guidance described below to prepare the orientation and test the operation.

### 4.2.5.1 Setting Function Codes

(1) Checking Basic Operation

Check if normal operation is achieved with the speed control. The speed control means that your motor rotates as you instruct when you enter the speed command from the analog input and the keypad. See "FRENIC-VG User's Manual" for more information.
(2) Make sure that the options, OPC-VG1-UPAC and OPC-VG1-PG, are implemented. Also, make sure that the OPC-VG1-PG option is set to PD. You can use the I/O check on the keypad for these checking.
(3) Orientation Package

Make sure the orientation package software for the UPAC has been downloaded. Use the keypad to check, and make sure the function code UNO. 01 show version number ("13aロa"; aco refers to 009 or higher numbers). Here, $\square$ indicates INDEX.
(4) Control Input Selection (UNO. 04)

Select the standard integrated terminals X1 to X3, the DIO (B) card or the TL card for entering the orientation command, the slow speed orientation command, and the position change command. Use the standard integrated terminals X1 to X3, which are " 0 ", for test operation. For X1 to X3, set the function codes E01 to E03 to "25": U-DI respectively.
(5) Pulse Encoder Selection (UNO. 09)

Set the pulse number of an encoder, which is connected to a machine shaft or a motor shaft for position control, to function code UNO. 09.
(6) Selecting Speed Detection

Determine whether to use the encoder input terminals PA, PB, or PG (SD), which is integrated as standard, or to use the PG (PD) card to detect speed. When driving a synchronous motor, set the PMPG card to "0" for speed control. When using an encoder attached to a shaft separated from your motor through gears, also set the function codes P28 "M1-PG pulse number" and P29 "M1 external PG compensation coefficient". See "FRENIC-VG User's Manual" for more information.
(7) Selecting Feedback Pulse

Set the function code 005 "Feedback pulse selection" to "1". You can detect pulses of the spindle encoder.
(8) Setting Position

The stop position setting 1 (UNO. 20) is valid as default. The factory setting is " 0 ". This means a distance equivalent to 0 pulse from $Z$ phase reference position of your encoder. Maintain 0 during test operation, and check if it stops at the 0 reference position.
You can use the option monitor 4 , " $Z$ phase reference spindle position display" of the keypad to check the 0 reference position.
(9) Setting Slow Speed 1

For the orientation command while the motor is rotating, set the target speed to which the motor decelerates following the deceleration time setting. Set "200" (r/min) to the function code: UNO. 10 "Slow speed 1 (1)" during test operation. UNO. 10 is valid as default.
(10) Setting ORT gain

Set "50" (5.0 times) to the function code UNO. 14 "ORT gain (1)" during test operation. UNO. 14 is valid as default.
(11) Setting Orientation from Stopping Just after Power On

Set $100 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ (UNO. 25). This is the speed limiting feature for orientation from stopping just after power on. You cannot conduct the orientation without changing the default of $0 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$.

### 4.2.5.2 Test Operation and Adjustment

After you finish checking and setting as described in 4.2.5.1, use the FWD or REV terminal to start operation and operate the motor under the speed control. At this time, you can specify zero speed command.

In this operation, if you set X1 "Orientation ON" to ON, the inverter switches to the position control mode, stops at the position, and enters the servo lock state. When you set X1 to OFF, the inverter switches to the speed control.
After test operation, use the slow speed 1, the ORT gain, and ASR adjusting (such as gain, I constant, filter) to adjust a behavior just before stopping according to your machine. When you want an earlier stop time, though you should set the slow speed 1 and gain larger, and set the deceleration time smaller, set the slow speed 1 and the gain smaller when the hunting is large just before stopping.
Calculate the number of pulses in the FWD (CCW) direction to a machine shaft from the $Z$ phase reference position when you set a position. You can rotate the machine shaft for adjusting while checking the option monitor 4 " $Z$ phase reference spindle position display" when the operation stops.

Use the orientation complete signal and the orienting signal for providing an answer back to an external instrumentation. When the completion signal chatters, use the completion range setting and ON delay timer.
When the motor stops (zero speed), if you provide an orientation command, a setting to stop in a direction for shorter rotation or to stop only in one direction is available as UNO. 02 "ORT rotation direction from stopping". Use the UNO. 03 "ORT stop mode selection" to select whether to stop in the shortest time or to stop while limiting the speed.

### 4.2.5.3 Determining Stopping Position

Understand the relation between an object to be stopped at a target position and an installation of an encoder for detecting the position.

## Setting example:

1) Setting with Calculation

When you use an encoder of 1024 p/r, 4096 pulses, which are the result of multiplication by four, are generated per rotation. Use this count as $360^{\circ}$ to set the stop position.
In the right figure, the relationship between an object to be positioned and encoder matches the $Z$ phase in horizontal direction. When you want stop at a position $71.7^{\circ}$ from this reference position: $4096 \times 71.7^{\circ} / 360^{\circ}=816$ pulse countis set to the stop position command.


Fig. 4-2-14
2) Setting Manually

When you move the object to the position of $71.7^{\circ}$, the option monitor 4 ( $Z$ phase reference spindle position) shows "816" on the keypad. This value is set to the stop position command.

### 4.2.6 Control command

The definition for control command varies according to how many encoders you use.

1) Using $S 05$

Use S05 when you use an external device (MICREX or PC) to provide the orientation command over T-link or RS485.

The function code corresponds to S05 "Orientation position command".
(1) For Encoder of $128 \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{r}$ to $2048 \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{r}$

(2) For $4096 \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{r}$ encoder

(3) For $8192 \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{r}$ encoder

1514
0

2) Using General Input

Use general input when you use the general control terminals [X1] to [X3] to provide a control command. You can use the function code S06 "Operation command 1" to use [X1], [X2], and [X3] as S05 "Orientation position command" when the access is over the communication system (MICREX or PC). When you enter control commands in both S05 and S06, they are "ORed"
$15 \quad 54 \quad 3210$


2 bit [X1]: Orientation command on $\cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots 0$ (OFF): OFF, 1 (ON): ON

- 3 bit [X2]: Slow speed direction switching $\cdots 0$ (OFF): Forward, 1 (ON): Reverse

4 bit [X3]: Position change command $\quad$ - Latch the position command data on a rising edge
3) Using DIO Card

You can use the 16 -bit input of the DIOB when the OPC-VG1-DIO card is installed.
(1) For Encoder of $128 \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{r}$ to $2048 \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{r}$

15141312
0

(2) For $4096 \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{r}$ encoder

151413
0


0 to 13 bit: Stop position command $\cdots \cdots \cdots 0$ to 16383 pulses
— 14 bit: Orientation command ON $\cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots 0$ (OFF): OFF, 1 (ON): ON

- 15 bit: Slow speed direction switching $\cdots \cdots \cdots 0$ (OFF): Forward, 1 (ON): Reverse
(3) For $8192 \mathrm{p} / \mathrm{r}$ encoder



### 4.2.7 ORT Stop Operation

### 4.2.7.1 Power ON sequence

The reference position (Z phase) of your encoder should be recognized when you turn on the power. Recognizing the reference position allows stopping at your target position. Select either of the following two methods:

1) Using Initial Operation of FRENIC-VG

Just after you turn on power, when you set the operation command (either FWD or REV) and the ORT ON (X1) to ON, your motor runs at the initial speed, and stops at your target position after detecting a reference position $(Z)$. The initial speed is fixed to the direction of the low speed direction command and is limited by UNO. 25 "ORT speed just after turning ON" (r/min). Set the UNO. 25 to $100 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ or more. When you set to a low speed, the motor does not detect the reference position and may continue running.
2) Running for Several Rotations

Operate your inverter with the speed control at a certain speed ( $100 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ or more) on turning on power without detecting a reference position ( $Z$ phase), and let your inverter to detect the reference position after running your motor for several rotations. You use your sequence.

### 4.2.7.2 Soft stop while running

When you want the ORT operation while your motor is running at a speed higher than a set speed for the first slow speed (N1), you use the standard deceleration time to set whether the soft deceleration is used as a deceleration operation to N1 or not.


Fig. 4-2-15

Table 4-2-8

| Time | Definition |
| :---: | :--- |
| t 1 | Deceleration time to the first slow speed. Depends of the set value for the <br> deceleration time of the parameter. |
| t 2 | First slow speed maintaining time (up to 360 degrees) |
| t 3 | ORT deceleration time (depends of N1 and ORT gain) |

### 4.2.7.3 ORT while running

- Define the operation while stopping. Set to accelerate over the second slow speed or not in orientation operation.

0 : Stop in shortest time. (may accelerate)
1: Stop without accelerating from current speed
Table 4-2-9

| State | UNO. 03 | Description of operation | Operation wave form |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Any |  | Spindle rotation speed |
|  | Any |  | Spindle rotation speed |
| $\begin{aligned} & \overline{\mathrm{v}} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\mathbf{0}} \end{aligned}$ | Setting: 0 | Mode for stopping in shortest time (may accelerate) |  |
|  | Setting: 1 | Mode for stopping without accelerating from current speed | N1: First slow speed |

### 4.2.7.4 Orientation from a stopping state

## U02 Direction of orientation from stopping state Setting: 0 and 1

U03 ORT Stop mode selection Setting: 0 and 1

- U02: Select the orientation method from a stopping state between random path selection and slow speed direction.

0 : Direction for shorter to target position.
1: Direction for following external slow speed direction.

- U03: Set to accelerate over the second slow speed or not in orientation operation.

0 : Stop in shortest time. (may accelerate)
1: Stop without accelerating from N2 slow speed

* If "1" is specified at UNO. 02 without slow speed direction switch, the motor always stops in the direction of forward rotation.

Stopping from control zone
Table 4-2-10

| State | UNO. 02 | Description |  | Operation wave form |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ONO. 03 |  |  |  |  |
| of operation |  |  |  |  |

## Stopping from outside the control zone

Table 4-2-11

| State | UNO. 02 UNO. 03 | Description of operation | Operation wave form |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | UNO. <br> 02=1 <br> UNO. <br> 03=0 | Stopping in the shortest time by following the external slow speed direction command |  |
|  | UNO. <br> 02=0 <br> UNO. <br> 03=0 | Rotating to the target position through the nearest path and stopping in the shortest time |  |
|  | UNO. <br> 02=1 <br> UNO. <br> 03=1 | Stopping within the second slow speed by following the external slow speed direction command |  |
|  | UNO. <br> 02=0 <br> UNO. $03=1$ | Rotating through the nearest path to the target position and stopping within the second slow speed |  |

### 4.2.8 Input/Output Specification

### 4.2.8.1 Input signal

1) Control input

To use control inputs (orientation command, slow speed direction command, and position change command) at general-purpose input terminals, assign the [X1], [X2] or [X3] terminal to universal DI.
2) Gear selection

Use [RT1] and [RT2] of standard functions to switch.
3) Stopping position selection

Assign [X6] and [X7] to universal DI to use the terminals for stopping position selection.
Table 4-2-12

| Terminal | Name of command | Assignment | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [X1] | Orientation command (ORT ON) | Universal DI [U-DI] | Orientation signal <br> ON (1): Orientation <br> OFF (0): No orientation Normal operation |
| [X2] | Low speed direction command |  | Signal for designating the direction of rotation to reach the target stopping position during orientation from a stopping state. <br> ON (1): Reverse rotation <br> OFF (0): Forward rotation |
| [X3] | Position change command |  | Signal for latching data after a change in the external stop position command <br> Rising edge (hold for at least 10 ms ): Read external position command |
| [X4] | Gear selection 1 | Selection between acceleration/decel eration and ASR [RT1] | [X4], [X5] = OFF, OFF Acceleration/deceleration, ASR, ORT gain, slow speed 1 valid <br> [X4], [X5] = ON, OFF Acceleration/deceleration, ASR, ORT gain, slow speed 2 valid |
| [X5] | Gear selection 2 | Selection between acceleration/decel eration and ASR [RT2] | [X4], [X5] = OFF, ON Acceleration/deceleration, ASR, ORT gain, slow speed 3 valid <br> [X4], [X5] = ON, ON Acceleration/deceleration, ASR, ORT gain, slow speed 4 valid |
| [X6] | Stopping position selection 1 | Universal DI | [X6], [X7] = OFF, OFF UNO. 20 stopping position setting 1 valid $[\mathrm{X} 6],[\mathrm{X} 7]=$ ON, OFF UNO. 21 stopping position setting 2 valid |
| [X7] | Stopping position selection 2 | [U-DI] | [X6], [X7] = OFF, ON UNO. 22 stopping position setting 3 valid <br> [X6], [X7] = ON, ON UNO. 23 stopping position setting 4 valid |
| [X8] |  |  | Any |




Fig. 4-2-16

### 4.2.8.2 Output signal

The orientation completion signal and orientation signal can be output.
The off-delay and on-delay timers for these outputs can be specified.
These settings do not give effects on the positioning accuracy.
Table 4-2-13

| Terminal | Name of signal | Assignment | Description |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $[\mathrm{Y} 1]$ | Orientation <br> completion signal | Universal DO <br> $[\mathrm{Y} 2]$ | ON when the ORT command is ON within the orientation completion <br> width |
|  | Orientation signal | ON $]$ | ON when the ORT command is ON in excess of the orientation <br> completion width |

Note) The above signal will turn ON under the following conditions.

1) The operation command is OFF
2) The $B X$ signal (Coast-to-stop command) is $O N$
3) The alarm is generated.

Specify the completion signal using the completion width setting function code.
Table 4-2-14

| No. | Name of parameter, |  | Setting range | Description of setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Name | Indication on keypad |  |  |
| UNO. 05 | ORT completion range | USER P05 | 0 to 511 | 0 to 511 pulses <br> Provides ORT completion signal (ON) when enters a range specified by pulses set by parameter to the position for ORT stopping. |
| UNO. 06 | Completion width after ORT stopping | USER P06 | 0 to 511 | 0 to 511 pulses <br> The ORT completion width is replaced with this setting after stoppage within the ORT completion width. |

### 4.2.8.3 Output delay operation

Table 4-2-15

| No. | Name of parameter, |  | Setting |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Name | Indication on <br> keypad | range | Description of setting |
| UNO. <br> 07 | ORT completion <br> signal <br> ON timer | USER P07 | 0 to <br> 1000 | 0 to $1000(0.00$ to 10.00s) <br> Setting for timer after ORT completion to turning on ORT completion <br> signal. |
| UNO. <br> 08 | ORT completion <br> signal <br> OFF timer | USER P08 | 0 to <br> 1000 | 0 to 1000 (0.00 to 10.00s $)$ <br> Setting for timer after ORT completion cancellation to turning off <br> ORT completion signal. |

ORT (1) During regular operation


Fig. 4-2-17

### 4.2.8.4 Option monitor

Three types of data can be referred to from the keypad panel installed on the inverter.
Table 4-2-16

| Option monitor | Description of indication | Data range | Description |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Option monitor <br> 3 | Stopping position command | Positive value <br> 0 to 32767 | 0 to 32767 <br> Valid data of the stopping position setting (internal + <br> external) is displayed. <br> For the conversion method of the displayed data, <br> refer to 4.2.5.3. |
| Option monitor <br> 4 | Datum shaft position in <br> Z-phase <br> (current position) | Positive value <br> 0 to 32767 | to 32767 <br> The position in the forward direction <br> (counter-clockwise rotation) from the Z-phase datum <br> is displayed. <br> The angle of rotation of the shaft in reference to the <br> direction of rotation is displayed in pulses. For the <br> conversion method of the displayed data, refer to |
| 4.2 .5 .3. |  |  |  |

### 4.2.8.5 Gear selection

If a speed reduction means is installed between the motor and the shaft, the first slow speed, speed control adjustment (gain, integration constant, etc.), position control gain (orientation gain), and S-curve acceleration/deceleration time can be switched in four steps according to the gear ratio, using digital inputs [RT1] and [RT2].
Table 4-2-17

| Digital input |  | Effective functions |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [RT2] | [RT1] | Slow speed 1 | Speed control | Position control | Acceleration/de celeration time | S-curve setting |
| OFF | OFF | Slow speed 1 <br> (1) | ASR1-P (gain) <br> ASR1-I (integration constant) ASR1-FF (gain) ASR1 input filter ASR1 detection filter ASR1 output filter | Orientation gain 1 | Acceleration time 1 Deceleration time 1 | S-curve acceleration on starting side 1 S-curve acceleration on arrival side 1 S-curve deceleration on starting side 1 S-curve deceleration arrival side 1 |
| OFF | ON | Slow speed 1 (2) | ASR2-P (gain) ASR2-I (integration constant) ASR2-FF (gain) ASR2 input filter ASR2 detection filter ASR2 output filter | Orientation gain 2 | Acceleration time 2 Deceleration time 2 | S-curve on starting side 2 S-curve on arrival side 2 |
| ON | OFF | Slow speed 1 <br> (3) | ASR2-P (gain) ASR2-I (integration constant) ASR2-FF (gain) ASR2 input filter ASR2 detection filter ASR2 output filter | Orientation gain 3 | Acceleration time 3 Deceleration time 3 | S-curve on starting side 3 S-curve on arrival side 3 |
| ON | ON | Slow speed 1 <br> (4) | ASR2-P (gain) ASR2-I (integration constant) ASR2-FF (gain) ASR2 input filter ASR2 detection filter ASR2 output filter | Orientation gain 4 | Acceleration time 4 Deceleration time 4 | S-curve on starting side 4 S-curve on arrival side 4 |

The function for damping the shock during switching (C70: ASR switching time) can be used.

### 4.2.9 Troubleshooting



### 4.3 WPS-VG1-TEN

## Available soon

WPS-VG1-TEN is package software for tension control designed for a winding system. (Windows Personal Computer Software Package-Tension control system on FRENIC-VG)

The features of the package are:

- Constant tension torque control with tension pickup detection
- Wound diameter calculation using a line speed command and winding motor speed
-Tension taper calculation
- Automatic sampling for mechanical torque by automatically measuring mechanical loss
- Interface for a POD or a PLC for setting tension, taper and various conditions. (Note that you need an additional option card for interface)

This package software is provided for free on the CD-ROM for WPS-VG1-PCL (loader software). You may download the software from our website. To configure a system using this package, agreement with the following description is necessary.

## [Terms of Agreement]

You are requested to agree to the following items.
Otherwise you should not use the WPS-VG1-TEN package software. If you need information on the agreement, please contact our sales representative.
(1) When you use the analog interface to build your system, you should consult the "FRENIC-VG User's Manual" and apply sufficient measures for preventing noise.
(2) All function codes U01 to 63 for tension control are set to '0' on delivery. The user must change the setting of necessary parameters voluntarily according to the purpose.
(3) The battery included in the UPAC is used to back up the data. The lifetime of the battery is five years (at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). When the atmospheric temperature for the power supply you use is high, the lifetime of the battery becomes shorter than five years. When the battery life is reached, UPAC alarm "ErA" is displayed. If this alarm is displayed, change the battery soon. Please refer to the appropriate section described on the UPAC in the "FRENIC-VG User's Manual" for replacing the battery.
(4) If noise or vibration occurs due to resonance in the mechanical system or play in the gear, the mechanical system must be examined and adjusted. When you cannot adjust the machine system to restrain them, you should employ electrical measures, and you should adjust the standard functions of the FRENIC-VG, the gain and integration time of the PID controller, and the parameters for the filter while you separate the inverter from the floor. Please note that we cannot provide measures for adding dedicated control applications for the control of your UPAC or FRENIC-VG.
(5) You are not allowed by the copyright law to duplicate, rent, or resell the entire or a part of the program.
(6) There is no limitation/restriction on adding, altering, or deleting the specification to develop your own program based on this tension control program. We will provide technical support and consultation on developing programs.
(7) Fuji is not responsible for direct or indirect damage caused by the program itself of WPS-VG1-TEN or alteration, addition, or deletion made to the program by a customer.

### 4.3.1 System Consideration

### 4.3.1.1 Specifications

Table 4-3-1

| Item |  | Tension Control Specification |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Model of option card |  | You need the OPC-VG1-UPAC and an additional card for interface. |  |
| Package Software |  | Tension control package. Version number "1200ם" (Use function code UNo. 64 for display.) |  |
| Control type |  | Constant tension PID control with a tension pick up: ATR (Auto Tension Regulator) |  |
| Analog | Input signal | [Ai1]: Tension detection signal 0 V to 10 V <br> [Ai2]: Line speed input 0 V to 10 V |  |
|  | Output signal | [Ao1]: - 10 V to 0 V to 10 V [Ao2]: - 10 V to 0 V to 10 V <br> [Ao3]: - 10 V to 0 V to 10 V <br> When define output. <br> 1. Tension se <br> 2. ATR corre <br> 3. Wound dia <br> 4. Torque co <br> 5. Accelerati <br> 6. Mechanic | d as U-Ao, you can monitor the following <br> etting [ N ] <br> ction [N] <br> ameter [mm] <br> responding to tension command [\%] <br> n/deceleration torque [\%] <br> loss torque [\%] |
| Digital | Input signal | [X1]: Cancel torque command <br> [X2]: ON on operation command <br> [X3]: OFF on stop command <br> [X4]: ON on tension ON command <br> [X5]: OFF on emergency stop <br> [X6]: Alarm reset <br> [X7]: Mechanical loss measuring command <br> [X8]: Reset wound diameter <br> [X9]: Coast-to-stop | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { (CCL) } \\ & (\mathrm{U}-\mathrm{Di}) \\ & (\mathrm{U}-\mathrm{Di}) \\ & (\mathrm{U}-\mathrm{Di}) \\ & (\mathrm{U}-\mathrm{Di}) \\ & (\mathrm{U}-\mathrm{Di}) \\ & (\mathrm{U}-\mathrm{Di}) \\ & (\mathrm{U}-\mathrm{Di}) \\ & (\mathrm{U}-\mathrm{Di}) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Output signal | [Y1]: ON on abnormal tension <br> [Y2]: Completion of mechanical loss measuring [Y5]: ON on inverter error | $\begin{aligned} & \hline(\mathrm{U}-\mathrm{Di}) \\ & (\mathrm{U}-\mathrm{Di}) \\ & (\mathrm{U}-\mathrm{Di}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Others } \\ & {\left[\begin{array}{l} \text { POD } \\ \text { Set wi } \end{array}\right.} \end{aligned}$ | link | [U01]: Stall tension setting <br> [U02]: Operation tension setting <br> [U03]: Material thickness <br> [U04]: Material width <br> [U05]: Abnormal tension (Upper limit setting) <br> [U06]: Abnormal tension (Lower limit setting) <br> [U07]: Wound diameter (Initial value) <br> [U08]: Material mass <br> [U09]: Linear taper setting <br> [U10]: Two-point taper setting <br> [U11]: Two-point taper diameter setting | $\begin{aligned} & 0-\square[\mathrm{N}] / 0-\square \\ & 0-\square[\mathrm{N}] / 0-\square \\ & \square-\square[\mathrm{mm}] / \square-\square 1000 \\ & \square-\square[\mathrm{mm}] / \square-\square \\ & 0-150[\%] / 0-150 \\ & 0-150[\%] / 0-150 \\ & 100-1500[\mathrm{~mm}] / 100-1500 \\ & 500 \text { to } 2000\left[\mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right] / 500 \text { to } 2000 \\ & 0-150[\%] / 0-150 \\ & 0-150[\%] / 0-150 \\ & 0-2000[\mathrm{~mm}] / 0-2000 \end{aligned}$ |



Fig. 4-3-1

- When you use the POD to set the data, connect the POD to the built-in RS485 port.
- When you use the PLC to set the data, use an option card (OPC-VG1-TL: T-Link I/F card or OPC-VG1-CCL: CC-Link I/F card).


### 4.3.2 Input/Output Standard Interface (single inverter is used)

1) Bit Signal from Control Panel to UPAC

POD address
(1) Tension command (ON on ON)
(2) Operation command (ON on command)
(3) Stop command (OFF on stop)
(4) Emergency stop (OFF on emergency stop)
(5) Alarm reset (ON on reset)
\%IX1.5.5-○ $\quad$ - X4 Hardware/T-link/POD 401799-5 \%IX1.5.3-○ - -X2 Hardware/T-link/POD 401799-3 \%IX1.5.4-○ $\quad$ - X3 Hardware/T-link/POD 401799-4 \%IX1.5.6-0 0 -X5 Hardware only \%IX1.5.7-○ o-X6 Hardware/T-link/POD 401799-7
(6) Mechanical loss automatic measuring command (ON while command is active)
\%IX1.5.8-0 $\quad$ - X7 Hardware/T-link/POD 401799-8
(7) Wound diameter reset (ON on reset) \%IX1.5.9-o o-X8 Hardware/T-link/POD 401799-9
2) Bit Signal from UPAC to Control Panel
(1) Inverter error (ON on error) \%QX1.23.4 Y5 Relay output Hardware 401799-5
(2) Abnormal tension (ON on abnormality) \%QX1.23.0 Y1 Transistor output Hardware 401799-0
(3) Completion of measuring mechanical loss (ON for two seconds after completion)
\%QX1.23.1 Y2 Transistor output Hardware 401799-1
3) Data Setting from POD and Control Panel to UPAC

| (1) Line speed command | Ai2 0 VDC to ■ V/O-nm/min |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (2) Tension feedback signal input | Ai1 0 VDCO to $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{O}-\mathrm{m}$ |  |
| (3) Stall tension setting [N] | 0 to $\mathbf{N}$ | USER P1POD 402818 |
| (4) Operation tension setting [ N ] | 0 to N | USER P2POD 402819 |
| (5) Abnormal tension setting (Upper limit level) [ | 0 to $\mathbf{~ N}$ | USER P5POD 402822 |
| (6) Abnormal tension setting (Lower limit level) [N] | 0 to -N | USER P6POD 402823 |
| (7) Initial wound diameter setting [mm] | - to -mm | USER P7POD 402824 |
| (8) Material width [mm] | - to -mm | USER P4POD 402821 |
| (9) Material thickness [mm] | - to -mm ( $1000=1 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) | USER P3POD 402820 |
| (10) Material specific gravity (density) $\left[\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right]$ | - to $\quad \mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ | USER P8POD 402825 |
| (11) Taper |  |  |
| (1) Linear taper setting [\%] | 0 to ■\% | USER P9POD 402826 |
| (2) Two-point taper setting [\%] | 0 to ■\% | USER P10POD 402827 |
| (3) Two-point taper diameter setting [mm] | - to -mm | USER P11POD 402828 |



Fig. 4-3-2
(12) Load cell input
0 to $-N$
USER P50POD 402867
(13) Speed monitor
0 to $\boxed{m} / \mathrm{min}(1000=100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min})$ USER P49POD 402866
4) Example of Basic Connection

The following figure shows a connection example.
You can use the POD or the PLC to select different settings of tension. Note that there is a restriction for the setting from PLC. (You can use the link No. to set U01 to U10.)

- You need an option card (OPC-VG1-TL) to use the PLC.

You use either the POD or the PLC to constitute your system.


Fig. 4-3-3

### 4.3.3 How to Adjust

Follow the steps below for adjusting.

1) Mechanical Loss Automatic Measuring

You can use the mechanical loss automatic measuring command to measure torques necessary for loads at individual rotations of your motor, and store the data into the software.
(Required time for the automatic measuring is about eight minutes.)
<Mechanical conditions>

- Operate while a paper tube is attached. (Raw material is not required.)
<Mechanical loss measuring>
- Operate at the maximum motor rotation speed determined by the maximum line speed, the minimum wound diameter and the speed reduction ratio.
- The rotation speed is automatically measured at 20 points while the speed is reduced stepwise.
- After the mechanical loss is measured, the motor accelerates to the maximum rotation speed again to automatically measure the acceleration torque. It is dangerous, and you should watch for eight minutes until the measuring is completed. Keep away from your winding machine.

2) Set/Check Fixed Constants

- Start the UPAC and check the constants. (o38: "1" or "2")
- To prevent a malfunction, reset the I/O definition for UPAC=>INV.
[Uncheck the check marks for the individual output in the I/O group setting in System_Definition. (Record the existing setting for later recovery.)]
(1) Dedicated Software for Winding Machines

The current software is configured for a winding machine.
(2) I/O Check

- Experimentally apply external DI's, and use the online monitor of the UPAC to check their state.
- Use the online monitor of the UPAC to check whether external analog inputs are received as correct values.
(3) Checking Individual Constants

Check if input values set by using the user parameters are received in the UPAC as correct values.
If you can experimentally provide the tension command value and the like, check the calculated torque value.
3) Adjusting Control Parameters

- Conduct individual adjusting with an actual operation while raw material is mounted.
- Set the I/O definition for UPAC=>INV.
[Uncheck the check marks for the individual output in the I/O group setting in System_Definition. (Record the existing setting for later recovery.)]
(1) Setting Individual Conditions

Set the subjects to adjusting: U01, U02, U03, U04, U05, U06, U07, U08, U09, U10, U11, U12, U13, U14, U15, U27, U28, U31, and U48.
Acceleration/deceleration time: F07 and F08 (Set the times to reach the speeds described above, and set the pitch of rising speed. Note that set the same values as the rising/falling of the line speed.)
(2) Tension Control (PID Parameters)

Base parameters for the tension control.
Subjects to adjusting: U20, U21, U25, U26, U29, U30, U44, and U56 to U61
Proportional term (P): U17 and U22
Integral term (I): U18 and U23
Differential term (D): U19 and U24
(1) Adjust tension control parameters during the stall operation.
(2) Adjust slack on start.

Adjust what corresponds to dynamic mechanical loss torque. Set U38, U39, U45, and U46.
(3) Adjust the tension control parameters at a constant speed.
(4) Adjust the acceleration/deceleration compensation torque.

Conduct a line operation after adjusting the stall tension, and adjust while increasing/decreasing the speed.
Set U33, U34 to U42, U45 to U48, U62, and U63.

### 4.3.4 Parameter Description

1) Functions for Setting Tension and Material Conditions
U01 Stall tension setting Set value: 0 to 980/0 to 980 [N] (without limiter)

Sets the tension setting value while stalling. (Stall tension is present while the tension is ON and the operation command is OFF.)
U02 Operation tension setting Set value: 0 to $980 / 0$ to 980 [ N ] (without limiter)

Sets the tension set value while operating. (Operation tension is present while the tension is
ON and the operation command is ON.)

| U03 | Material thickness setting | Set value: 1 to $30000 / 0.001$ to $30[\mathrm{~mm}]$ <br> (without limiter) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| U04 | Material width setting Set value: 100 to $1000 / 100$ to $1000[\mathrm{~mm}]$ <br> (without limiter) |  |

2) Functions Relevant to Setting Material Conditions

| U05 | Abnormal tension (Upper <br> limit setting) |
| :---: | :--- |
| U06 | Set value: 0 to 1960/0 to 1960 [N] (without <br> limiter) |
| limit setting) |  |$\quad$| Set value: 0 to 1960/0 to 1960 [N] (without |
| :--- |
| limiter) |

When these set values are exceeded, a signal for stopping the line operation is provided externally, and the winding machine stops.

U07 \begin{tabular}{l}
Wound diameter (Initial <br>
value)

 

Set value: 100 to 1500/100 to 1500[mm] <br>
(without limiter)
\end{tabular}

Sets the initial wound diameter of the winding machine.

| U08 | Material mass | Set value: 500 to $2000 / 500$ to $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}\left[\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right]$ (without limiter) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Enter Sets corre | ass per $1 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ in calculating th ding to the ma | celeration torque. (Used for $\mathrm{GD}^{2}$ co |

3) Taper Setting

| U09 | Linear taper setting | Set value: 0 to 150/0 to 150 [\%] (without limiter) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| See the figure below. |  |  |
| U10 | Two-point taper setting | Set value: 0 to 150/0 to 150 [\%] (without limiter) |
| See the figure below. |  |  |
| U11 | Two-point taper diameter setting | Set value: 0 to $2000 / 0$ to $2000[\mathrm{~mm}$ ] (without limiter) |
| See t | gure below. $\qquad$ |  |

Fig. 4-3-4
4) Tension Conditions Setting

U12 \begin{tabular}{ll}

| Coil diameter (minimum |
| :--- |
| diameter) | \& | Set value: 100 to 2000/100 to 2000[mm] |
| :--- |
| (without limiter) | <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

Enter the minimum value for the coil diameter. (Enter the bobbin diameter.)

| Range setting for maximum <br> value for tension detection <br> value | Set value: 0 to 14700/0 to 1470 [N] (without <br> limiter) |
| :--- | :--- |

Enter the maximum tension for scale conversion for the tension detection value.
Use N for entry.

Enter $\frac{\text { Motor rotation speed }}{\text { Machine shaft rotation speed }} \times 100$. limiter)

## U15 Range setting for Set value: 0 to $9800 / 0$ to 980 [N] (without maximum tension set value limiter)

Enter the maximum tension set value for scale conversion for the tension set value.
Use N for entry. (Enter $\quad \mathrm{kgx9.8}$.)

## 5) Functions Relevant to Detecting Tension

These are terms set for the feed back control for a difference between the instructed tension and the detected tension.

A proportional operation (P), an integral operation (I), and a differential operation (D) of the ATR as a control type for eliminating a difference between a measured value and a reference value are used for a highly precise tension feed back control.

## U16 PID control type selection Set value: Fixed to 000

Fixed to the PID control type described in the figure below.


Fig. 4-3-5
6) Functions Relevant to Feedback Control

P gain for ATR (during
constant speed)

Set value: $\mathbf{0}$ to $10000 / 0$ to 10.000 [times] (without limiter)
Sets $P$ gain while the line speed is constant.

U18 \begin{tabular}{l}
I time for ATR (during constant <br>
speed)

 

Set value: 0 to 10000/0 to 100.00 [sec] <br>
(without limiter)
\end{tabular}

Sets I time while the line speed is constant.
U19 $\begin{aligned} & \text { D time for ATR (during } \\ & \text { constant speed) }\end{aligned} \quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Set value: } 0 \text { to } 10000 / 0 \text { to } 10.000 \text { [sec] }\end{aligned}$
Sets $D$ time while the line speed is constant.

U20 Upper limit value for ATR Set value: -300 to 300/-300 to 300[\%] (while constant speed)
(without limiter)

It will be the upper limit value for correction value of the ATR while the line speed is constant.
Lower limit value for ATR (while constant speed)

Set value: -300 to 300/-300 to 300[\%] (without limiter)
It will be the lower limit value for correction value of the ATR while the line speed is constant.

## P gain for ATR(while accelerating/decelerating line)

Set value: $\mathbf{0}$ to $10000 / 0$ to 10.000 [times]
(without limiter)

Sets P gain while accelerating/decelerating the line.
U23 I time for ATR(while $\quad$ Set value: 0 to $10000 / 0$ to 100.00 [sec]

Sets I time while accelerating/decelerating the line.
U24 D time for ATR(while $\quad$ Set value: 0 to 10000/0 to 10.000 [sec] accelerating/decelerating line) (without limiter)
Sets D time while accelerating/decelerating the line.


Upper limit value for ATR(while Set value: -300 to 300/-300 to 300[\%] accelerating/decelerating line) (without limiter)
It will be the upper limit value for correction value of the ATR while accelerating/decelerating the line.


It will be the lower limit value for correction valu
lue of the ATR while accelerating/decelerating the line.

U27 \begin{tabular}{l}
Maximum value setting for line <br>
speed

 

Set value: 0 to 20000/0 to 2000 [m/min] <br>
(without limiter)
\end{tabular}

Enter the maximum speed for scale conversion for the line speed.
U28 Maximum diameter setting Set value: 100 to 2000/100 to 2000[mm]

Enter the maximum diameter for scale conversion for the wound diameter.
Limit (upper limit) for ATR while stalling

Set value: -300 to 300/-300 to 300[\%] (without limiter)
Sets the upper limit value for the correction value by the ATR while stalling. Increase this setting when you want to increase the correction value by the ATR while stalling.

## Limit (lower limit) for ATR while Set value: -300 to 300/-300 to 300[\%] <br> stalling (without limiter)

Sets the upper limit value for the correction value by the ATR while stalling.
Increase this setting when you want to increase the correction value by the ATR while stalling.
Minimum rotation speed
Set value: 15 to $1500 / 15$ to 1500 [r/min] (without limiter)
Enter the minimum rotation speed of a winding motor when the wound diameter is the maximum at the maximum line speed for calculating the wound diameter.
$\frac{\mathrm{V} \max [\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{min}]}{\mathrm{D} \max [\mathrm{m}] \times \pi} \times$ Speed reduction ratio $=$ calculate and enter minimum rotation speed of motor
$\left(\right.$ Speed reduction ratio $\left.=\frac{\text { Motor rotation speed }}{\text { Machine shaft rotation speed }}\right)$
7) ATR Control Timing Adjusting

## U44 Speed for turning off ATR Set value: 0 to 100/0 to 1 [m]

Sets the line speed for turning off the ATR correction. Sets to 0 when you want it active until complete stop.

## U56 Delay timer setting for ATR OFF Set value: 0 to $5000 / 0$ to 5 [sec]

Sets the time until the ATR control is turned off after the condition for turning off the ATR is met.
Delay timer setting for
Set value: 0 to 5000/0 to 5 [sec]
detecting speed of out of
material

```

Sets the time for the timer for confirming that the machine is out of material.
U58 \begin{tabular}{l} 
Delay timer setting for enabling \\
ATR PI
\end{tabular}

Sets the time to start the ATR control after conditions for enabling the ATR are met.
U59 \(\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Detecting speed of out of } \\ & \text { material }\end{aligned}\) Set value: 0 to 2000/0 to 2000 [r/min]
Rotation speed calculated from the wound diameter \(+\alpha\) is used as a reference for detecting the speed.
Sets the \(+\alpha\) value here.
U60 Torque command limit Set value: 0 to 15000/0 to 150 [\%]

Usually enter a value so as to fix this torque command limit to \(150 \%\).
U61 ATR dead zone width Set value: 0 to 100/0 to 100 [N]

Enter the width of a dead zone for the ATR control input.
8) Functions Relevant to Acceleration/Deceleration Compensation Torque
U33 \begin{tabular}{ll} 
Acceleration/deceleration \\
detection level (dead zone)
\end{tabular}\(\quad\) Set value: 0 to 1000

Sets the deviation amount of change in order to determine the constant speed/acceleration. (The deviation amount is affected by changes in the speed command value. Sets so as to avoid a detection error at a constant speed.) The value is compared with the previous value at a 1-msec calculation interval.

```

                                    Set value: 0 to -1000
    ```

Sets the deviation amount of change in order to determine the deceleration. (The deviation amount is affected by changes in the speed command value. Sets so as to avoid a detection error at a constant speed.) The value is compared with the previous value at a 1-msec calculation interval.

\section*{U35 Torque command limit Set value: 0 to 1000/0 to 1000 [msec]}

Sets a time for a filter through which the last output of the torque command passes. (Standard: 5 msec )
U36 GD \({ }^{2}\) corresponding to reel \(\left[\mathrm{kgm}^{2}\right] \quad\) Set value: 1 to \(32767 / 0.01\) to \(327.67\left[\mathrm{kgm}^{2}\right]\)
Calculates GD \({ }^{2}\) corresponding to a reel converted into the motor shaft.
U37 Speed setting correction Set value: 0 to 200/0 to 200 [\%]
Sets this correction value slightly smaller than 100 when a material is slightly slipping with respect to the line speed set value.

Set value: 0 to \(5000 / 0\) to 5 [sec]
Use this setting when you cannot adjust by using the acceleration/deceleration torque compensation.
Sets the time when the toque compensation corresponding to the dynamic mechanical loss is applied when starting the operation. Sets 0 to disable.
Adjust this time when the tension decreases when starting the operation.

\section*{U39 Active time of dynamic}

Use this setting when you cannot adjust to a set tension by using the stall operation.
Adjust this time when the tension decreases during the stall operation. Sets 0 to disable.
Use this setting after the wound diameter is reset to an initial value.
Deceleration dv/dt on emergency stop

Set value: 0 to \(-100 / 0\) to \(-100[\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min} / \mathrm{sec}]\)
Used for calculating the deceleration compensation torque on an emergency stop.
[Example] dv/dt for stopping from \(500 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) in five seconds is \(-500 / 5=-100\).
U41 \begin{tabular}{l} 
Acceleration/deceleration \\
torque correction \\
corresponding to material
\end{tabular}\(\quad\) Set value: 0 to 150/0 to 150 [\%]

Corrects an excess/deficiency of an acceleration/deceleration torque due to a material. Usually sets to 100\%.
U42 \begin{tabular}{l} 
Acceleration/deceleration \\
torque correction \\
corresponding to reel
\end{tabular}\(\quad\) Set value: 0 to 150/0 to 150 [\%]

Corrects an excess/deficiency of an acceleration/deceleration torque due to reel (mechanical system). Usually sets to \(100 \%\).
\begin{tabular}{l} 
U45 \\
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Torque setting corresponding \\
to dynamic mechanical \\
loss(while operating)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Enter a mechanical loss torque on staring the operation.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|} 
U46 & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Torque setting corresponding \\
to dynamic mechanical \\
loss(while operating)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Enter a mechanical loss torque when starting stall.
U58 Tension feedback filter setting Set value: 0 to \(5000 / 0\) to 5 [sec]

Sets the filter time for the input of the detected tension. The standard setting is 5 msec .

\section*{U62 dv/dt during acceleration Set value: 0 to \(100 / 0\) to \(100[\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min} / \mathrm{sec}\) ]}

Used for calculating a compensation torque during acceleration.
[Example] dv/dt for accelerating to \(500 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) in twenty seconds is 500/20=25.
U63 dv/dt during deceleration Set value: 0 to -100/0 to -100[m/min/sec]

Usually used for calculating a compensation torque during deceleration.
[Example] dv/dt for decelerating from \(500 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) in ten seconds is \(-500 / 10=-50\).
9) \([\) Ao1 to Ao5] Monitor Output Selection

\section*{[Ao1] Output item selection Set value: 1 to 6 for output monitor}

1: Final value for tension command [ N ] ( 10 V for the maximum tension setting)
2: Final value corresponding to the ATR correction \([\mathrm{N}](10 \mathrm{~V}\) for the maximum tension setting)
3: Current value of wound diameter [mm] (10 V for the maximum diameter)
Torque corresponding to tension command [\%] (10 V for 150\%)
5: Torque for compensating acceleration/deceleration [\%] (10 V for 150\%)
6: Torque for compensating mechanical loss [\%] (10 V for 150\%)

\section*{[Ao2] Output item selection Set value: 1 to 6 for output monitor}

1: Final value for tension command [ N ] ( 10 V for the maximum tension setting)
2: Final value corresponding to the ATR correction \([\mathrm{N}](10 \mathrm{~V}\) for the maximum tension setting)
3: Current value of wound diameter [mm] (10 V for the maximum diameter)
Torque corresponding to tension command [\%] (10 V for 150\%)
5: Torque for compensating acceleration/deceleration [\%] (10 V for 150\%)
6: Torque for compensating mechanical loss [\%] (10 V for 150\%)

\section*{U53 \\ [Ao3] Output item selection Set value: 1 to 6 for output monitor}

1: Final value for tension command [ N ] ( 10 V for the maximum tension setting)
2: Final value corresponding to the ATR correction \(\quad[\mathrm{N}](10 \mathrm{~V}\) for the maximum tension setting)
3: Current value of wound diameter [mm] (10 V for the maximum diameter)
4: Torque corresponding to tension command[\%] (10 V for 150\%)
5: Torque for compensating acceleration/deceleration [\%] (10 V for 150\%)
6: Torque for compensating mechanical loss [\%] ( 10 V for 150\%) for output monitor

1: Final value for tension command [ N ] ( 10 V for the maximum tension setting)
2: Final value corresponding to the ATR correction \([\mathrm{N}]\) (10 V for the maximum tension setting)
3: Current value of wound diameter [mm] (10 V for the maximum diameter)
4: Torque corresponding to tension command[\%] (10 V for 150\%)
5: Torque for compensating acceleration/deceleration [\%] (10 V for 150\%)
6: Torque for compensating mechanical loss [\%] (10 V for 150\%)

\section*{U55 \\ [Ao5] Output item selection Set value: 1 to 6 for output monitor}

1: Total corresponding to torque command [\%] (10 V for 150\%)
2: Final value corresponding to the ATR correction [ N ] (10 V for the maximum tension setting)
3: Current value of wound diameter [ mm ] ( 10 V for the maximum diameter)
4: Torque corresponding to tension command[\%] (10 V for 150\%)
5: Torque for compensating acceleration/deceleration [\%] (10 V for 150\%)
6: Torque for compensating mechanical loss [\%] (10 V for 150\%)
* When you use [Ao4] and [Ao5], you need an AI0 option (OPC-VG1-AI0).

\section*{4．3．5 Table for Setting Relevant Parameters}

1）U Code Parameters（Subject to setting／adjusting for UPAC tension control）

\section*{Table 4－3－2}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline  & Function code & Name & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{LCD display （Japanese）} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Valid setting range（Note 1）} & Unit & Min． unit & Initial value & \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\hline \text { Change } \\
\text { during } \\
\text { operation } \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & Remarks & See \\
\hline & U01 & Stall tension setting & 001 & USER P1 & O to 980 & 0 to 980（N） & （N） & 1 & POD．PLC & \(\bigcirc\) & & 4－49 \\
\hline & U02 & Operation tension setting & U02 & USER P2 & O to 980 & 0 to 980（N） & （N） & 1 & POD．PLC & \(\bigcirc\) & & 4－49 \\
\hline & 003 & Material thickness & U03 & USER P3 & 1 to 30000 & 0.001 to 30（mm） & （mm） & 0.01 & POD．PLC & － & & 4－49 \\
\hline & 004 & Material width & U04 & USER P4 & 100 to 2000 & 100 to 2000（mm） & （mm） & 1 & POD．PLC & － & & 4－49 \\
\hline & U05 & Tension upper limit（error & U05 & USER P5 & O to 1960 & O to 1960（ N ） & （N） & 1 & POD．PLC & 。 & & 4－49 \\
\hline & U06 & Lower limit（error level） & U06 & USER P6 & 0 to 980 & 0 to 980（N） & （N） & 1 & POD．PLC & － & & 4－49 \\
\hline & 007 & Wound diameter（Initial value） & U07 & USER P7 & 100 to 2000 & 100 to 2000（mm） & （mm） & 1 & POD．PLC & － & & 4－49 \\
\hline & 008 & Material mass & U08 & USER P8 & 500 to 2000 & 500－2000（kg／m \({ }^{3}\) & \(\left(\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}\right)\) & 1 & POD．PLC & － & & 4－49 \\
\hline & 009 & Linear taper setting & U09 & USER P9 & O to 150 & O to 150（\％） & （\％） & 1 & POD．PLC & － & & 4－49 \\
\hline & U10 & Two－point taper setting & U10 & USER P10 & O to 150 & 0 to 150（\％） & （\％） & 1 & POD．PLC & － & & 4－49 \\
\hline & U11 & Two－point taper diameter setting & U11 & USER P11 & O to 2000 & O to 2000（mm） & （mm） & 1 & & － & & 4－49 \\
\hline & U12 & Coil diameter（minimum
diameter） & U12 & USER P12 & 100 to 2000 & 100 to 2000（mm） & （mm） & 1 & 100 & － & & 4－50 \\
\hline & U13 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Maximum tension F B } \\
& \text { range120kgf }
\end{aligned}
\] & U13 & USER P13 & 0 to 14700 & 0 to 1470（N） & （N） & 1 & & － & & 4－50 \\
\hline & U14 & Speed reduction ratio （motor／machine x 100） & U14 & USER P14 & 0 to 10000 & O to 100.00 & & 0.01 & & 。 & & 4－50 \\
\hline & U15 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Maximum tension setting } \\
& \text { range }
\end{aligned}
\] & U15 & USER P15 & O to 14700 & 0 to 1470（N） & （ N ） & 1 & & \(\bigcirc\) & & 4－50 \\
\hline & U16 & （Unused） & U16 & USER P16 & & & & & 000 & & & 4－50 \\
\hline & U17 & ATR＿CON：P gain & U17 & USER P17 & Oto 10000 & 0 to 10．000（times） & （times） & 0.001 & 6000 & \(\bigcirc\) & & 4－51 \\
\hline & U18 & ATR＿CON：I time & U18 & USER P18 & O to 10000 & 0 to 100．00（sec） & （sec） & 0.01 & 400 & \(\bigcirc\) & & 4－51 \\
\hline & U19 & ATR＿CON：D time & U19 & USER P19 & 0 to 10000 & 0 to 10．000（sec） & （sec） & 0.01 & 1 & \(\bigcirc\) & & 4－51 \\
\hline & U20 & ATR＿CON：Limit（upper） & U20 & USER P20 & －300 to 300 & －300 to 300（\％） & （\％） & 1 & 100 & － & & 4－51 \\
\hline & U21 & ATR＿CON：Limit（lower） & U21 & USER P21 & －300 to 300 & －300 to 300（\％） & （\％） & 1 & －100 & － & & 4－51 \\
\hline & U22 & \begin{tabular}{l} 
ATR＿CON \\
（accelerating／decelerating \\
（line）：P gain \\
\hline ATR＿No ．1：P gain \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & U22 & USER P22 & O to 10000 & 0 to 10.000 （times） & （times） & 0.001 & 6000 & － & & 4－51 \\
\hline & U23 & \begin{tabular}{|l}
\begin{tabular}{l} 
ATR＿CON \\
（accelerating／decelerating line）： \\
Itime
\end{tabular} \\
\hline ATR＿No ．1：I time \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & U23 & USER P23 & O to 10000 & 0 to 100．00（sec） & （sec） & 0.01 & 400 & － & & 4－51 \\
\hline & U24 & \begin{tabular}{l}
ATR CON （accelerating／decelerating line）： D time \\
ATR＿No ．1：D time
\end{tabular} & U24 & JSER P24 & O to 10000 & 0 to 10.000 （sec） & （sec） & 0.01 & 1 & － & & 4－51 \\
\hline & U25 & ATR＿No．1：Limit（upper） & U25 & USER P25 & －300 to 300 & 300 to 300（\％） & （\％） & 1 & 0 & \(\bigcirc\) & & 4－51 \\
\hline & U26 & ATR＿No ．1：Limit（lower） & U26 & USER P26 & －300 to 300 & －300 to 300（\％） & （\％） & 1 & 0 & \(\bigcirc\) & & 4－51 \\
\hline & U27 & Line speed & U27 & USER P27 & O to 20000 & O to 2000（mm） & \((\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{min})\) & 1 & & \(\bigcirc\) & & 4－51 \\
\hline & U28 & Maximum diameter & U28 & USER P28 & 10 to 2000 & 100 to 2000（mm） & （mm） & 1 & & \(\bigcirc\) & & 4－51 \\
\hline & U29 & Limit（upper）for ATR while
stalling & U29 & USER P29 & 0 to 500 & 0 to 500（\％） & （\％） & 1 & 300 & － & & 4－51 \\
\hline & U30 & Limit（lower）for ATR while stalling & U30 & USER P30 & 0 to 500 & 0 to 500（\％） & （\％） & 1 & －100 & 。 & & 4－52 \\
\hline & U31 & Minimum rotation speed & U31 & USER P31 & 15 to 1500 & 15 to 1500（r／min） & （r／min） & 1 & & － & & 4－52 \\
\hline & U32 & （Unused） & U32 & USER P32 & & & & & 0 & & & － \\
\hline & U33 & Acceleration detection level & U33 & USER P33 & O to 1000 & & & 1 & 20 & \(\bigcirc\) & & 4－52 \\
\hline & U34 & Deceleration detection level & U34 & USER P34 & O to－1000 & & & 1 & －20 & \(\bigcirc\) & & 4－52 \\
\hline & U35 & Torque command limit & U35 & USER P35 & 0 to 1000 & 0 to 1000 （ms） & （ms） & 1 & 5 & － & & 4－52 \\
\hline & U36 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
\mathrm{GD}^{2} \text { corresponding to reel } \\
{\left[\mathrm{kgm}^{2}\right]}
\end{array} \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & U36 & USER P36 & 0 to 32767 & 0 to \(327.67\left(\mathrm{kgm}^{2}\right)\) & \(\left(\mathrm{kgm}^{2}\right)\) & 0.01 & & － & & 4－53 \\
\hline & U37 & Speed setting correction & U37 & USER P37 & O to 200 & O to 200（\％） & （\％） & 1 & 100 & － & & 4－53 \\
\hline & U38 & Active time of dynamic mechanical loss（while operating） & U38 & USER P38 & O to 5000 & 0 to 5（sec） & （sec） & 0.001 & 0 & － & & 4－53 \\
\hline & U39 & Adive time of dynamic mechanical loss（while stalling） & U39 & USER P39 & O to 5000 & 0 to 5（sec） & （sec） & 0.001 & 2000 & 。 & & 4－53 \\
\hline & U40 & Deceleration dv／dt on emergency stop & U40 & USER P40 & &  & （ \(\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{min} / \mathrm{sec}\) ） & －1 & －2 & － & & 4－53 \\
\hline & U41 & Acceleration／deceleration torque correction corresponding to material & U41 & USER P41 & O to 150 & 0 to 150（\％） & （\％） & 1 & 100 & － & & 4－53 \\
\hline & U42 & Acceleration／deceleration torque correction corresponding to reel & U42 & USER P42 & O to 150 & O to 150（\％） & （\％） & 1 & 100 & － & & 4－53 \\
\hline & U43 & （Unused） & U43 & USER P43 & & & & & & & & \\
\hline & U44 & Speed for turning off ATR & U44 & USER P44 & O to 100 & 0 to 1（mm） & （m／min） & 1 & 125 & － & & 4－52 \\
\hline & U45 & Torque corresponding to dynamic mechanical loss（while operating） & U45 & USER P45 & O to 1500 & 0 to 15（\％） & （\％） & 1 & 0 & 。 & & 4－53 \\
\hline & U46 & Torque corresponding to dynamic mechanical loss（while stalling） & U46 & USER P46 & O to 1500 & 0 to 15（\％） & （\％） & 1 & 15 & 。 & & 4－53 \\
\hline & U47 & （Unused） & U47 & USER P47 & & & & & & & & － \\
\hline & U48 & Tensionfeedbackftier seting & U48 & USER P48 & O to 5000 & 0 to 5（sec） & （sec） & 0.001 & 5 & \(\bigcirc\) & & 4－53 \\
\hline & U49 & Line speed monitor（To POD） & U49 & USER P49 & O to 20000 & 0 to 2000（mm） & （m／min） & － & Monitor & － & Monitor only．Output as \(\mathrm{m} / \min \times 10\) ． & － \\
\hline & U50 & Load cell output（To POD） & U50 & USER P50 & O to 1960 & 0 to 1960（N） & （N） & － & Monitor & － & Monitor only．Output
as N. & － \\
\hline & U51 & Ao1 Monitor output selection & U51 & USER P51 & 0 to 6 & & & － & 0 & \(\bigcirc\) & & 4－54 \\
\hline & U52 & Ao2 Monitor output selection & U52 & USER P52 & 0 to 6 & & & － & 3 & \(\bigcirc\) & & 4－54 \\
\hline & U53 & Ao3 Monitor output selection & U53 & USER P53 & 0 to 6 & & & － & 2 & \(\bigcirc\) & & 4－54 \\
\hline & U54 & Ao4 Monitor output selection & U54 & USER P54 & 0 to 6 & & & & 5 & － & & 4－54 \\
\hline & U55 & Ao5 Monitor output selection & U55 & USER P55 & 0 to 6 & & & － & 1 & \(\bigcirc\) & & 4－54 \\
\hline & U56 & ATR Pi OFF delay timer & U56 & USER P56 & & O to 5,000 （ms） & （ms） & 1 & 200 & \(\bigcirc\) & & 4－52 \\
\hline & U57 & Delay timer for detecting speed for out of pipe & U57 & USER P57 & & 0 to 5,000 （ms） & （ms） & 1 & 0 & 。 & & 4－52 \\
\hline & U58 & ATR Pi enabling delay timer & U58 & USER P58 & & 0 to 5,000 （ms） & （ms） & 1 & 0 & － & & 4－52 \\
\hline & U59 & Speed limiter＋N（Detecting speed of out of material） & U59 & USER P59 & & O to 200（r／min） & （r／min） & 1 & 100 & \(\bigcirc\) & & 4－52 \\
\hline & U60 & ＋torque command limit & U60 & USER P60 & 0 to 15000 & 0 to 150（\％） & （\％） & 1 & 15000 & － & & 4－52 \\
\hline & U61 & ATR dead zone width & U61 & USER P61 & & 0／20（N） & （N） & 1 & & \(\bigcirc\) & & 4－52 \\
\hline & U62 & dv／dt during acceleration & U62 & USER P62 & & O to \(100(\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min} / \mathrm{sec})\) & （ \(\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{min} / \mathrm{sec}\) ） & 1 & 1 & \(\bigcirc\) & & 4－53 \\
\hline & U63 & dv／dt during deceleration & U63 & USER P63 & & \begin{tabular}{ll}
0 to -100 & \((\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min} / \mathrm{sec})\) \\
\((\) Enter \\
value） & a \\
negative
\end{tabular} & （m／min／sec） & －1 & －1 & 。 & & 4－53 \\
\hline & U64 & Version information & 064 & USER P64 & Reference only & & & & 1200 口 & & & － \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Note 1）Though setting in a range from -32768 to 32767 is possible for U01 to U64，set in the valid setting ranges described in the table above．

\section*{2) Other Relevant Parameters}

Table 4-3-3
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Function code & Name & & LCD display (Japanese) & Effective setting range & Unit & Min. unit & Initial value & Change during operation & Remarks & See \\
\hline F01 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Speed setting } \\
& \text { N1 }
\end{aligned}
\] & F01 & SPD CMD 1 & 0 to 7 & - & 1 & 0 & x & & - \\
\hline F02 & Operation method & F02 & OPR METHOD & 0.1 & - & 1 & 0 & X & & - \\
\hline F03 & M1 maximum
speed & F03 & M1-Nmax & 50 to 24000 & (r/min) & 1 & 1500 & X & & - \\
\hline F07 & Acceleration time 1 & F07 & ACC TIME1 & 0.01 to 99.99 100.0 to 999.9 1000 to 3600 & (sec) & \[
\begin{gathered}
0.01 \\
0.1 \\
1 \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
\] & 5 & - & & - \\
\hline F08 & Deceleration time 1 & F08 & DEC TIME1 & \[
\begin{array}{|l|}
\hline 0.01 \text { to } 99.99 \\
100.0 \text { to } 999.9
\end{array}
\]
\[
1000 \text { to } 3600
\] & (sec) & \[
\begin{gathered}
0.01 \\
0.1 \\
1 \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
\] & 5 & - & & - \\
\hline F17 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \hline \text { Gain(for speed } \\
& \text { setting signal 12) }
\end{aligned}
\] & F17 & Setting gain & 0.00 to 200 & (\%) & 0.1 & 100 & - & & - \\
\hline F18 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { Bias } \\
\text { (forspeed setting } \\
\text { signal 12) }
\end{array} \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & F18 & Bias speed & -24000 to 24000 & & 1 & 0 & - & & - \\
\hline F40 & Torque limiter mode 1 & F40 & TLIM MODE1 & 0 to 3 & - & 1 & 0 & X & & - \\
\hline E01 & X1 function selection & E01 & X1 FUNC & 0 to 63 & - & 1 & 0 & X & ON on canceling torque command & - \\
\hline E02 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { X2 function } \\
& \text { selection } \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & E02 & X2 FUNC & 0 to 63 & - & 1 & 1 & X & ON on operation command & - \\
\hline E03 & \[
\begin{array}{|l}
\hline \text { X3 function } \\
\text { selection } \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & E03 & X3 FUNC & 0 to 63 & - & 1 & 2 & X & OFF for stop command & - \\
\hline E04 & X4 function selection & E04 & X4 FUNC & 0 to 63 & - & 1 & 3 & X & ON on tension ON command & - \\
\hline E05 & \[
\begin{array}{|l|}
\hline \text { X5 function } \\
\text { selection } \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & E05 & X5 FUNC & 0 to 63 & - & 1 & 4 & X & OFF on emergency stop & - \\
\hline E06 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \hline \text { X6 function } \\
& \text { selection } \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & E06 & X6 FUNC & 0 to 63 & - & 1 & 5 & X & Alarm reset (ON on reset) & - \\
\hline E07 & \[
\begin{array}{|l}
\hline \text { X7 function } \\
\text { selection } \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & E07 & X7 FUNC & 0 to 63 & - & 1 & 7 & X & Mechanical loss automatic measuring & - \\
\hline E08 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { X8 function } \\
& \text { selection } \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & E08 & X8 FUNC & 0 to 63 & - & 1 & 8 & X & Reset wound diameter & - \\
\hline E09 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { X9 function } \\
& \text { selection } \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & E09 & X9 FUNC & 0 to 63 & - & 1 & 9 & X & Coast-to-stop command & - \\
\hline E14 & Xfunction nomally operhomaly dosed & E14 & X NORMAL & 0000 to 01FF & - & 1 & 0 & X & & - \\
\hline E15 & Y1 function selection & E15 & Y1 FUNC & 0 to 47 & - & 1 & 1 & X & Abnormal tension & - \\
\hline E16 & Y2 function selection & E16 & Y2 FUNC & 0 to 47 & - & 1 & 2 & X & Completion of mechanical loss measuring & - \\
\hline E17 & Y3 function
selection & E17 & Y3 FUNC & 0 to 47 & - & 1 & 3 & X & Speed is present & - \\
\hline E18 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Y4 function } \\
& \text { selection }
\end{aligned}
\] & E18 & Y4 FUNC & 0 to 47 & - & 1 & 4 & X & Speed detection 1 (unused) & - \\
\hline E19 & Y5 function selection & E19 & Y5 FUNC & 0 to 47 & - & 1 & 14 & X & Inverter error & - \\
\hline E49 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \hline \text { Ai1 function } \\
& \text { selection } \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & E49 & Ai1 FUNC & 0 to 18 & - & 1 & 0 & X & Detected tension input 0-10V/0-N & - \\
\hline E50 & Ai2 function selection & E50 & Ai2 FUNC & 0 to 18 & - & 1 & 0 & X & Line speed command \(0-10 \mathrm{~V} / 0-\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{min}\) & - \\
\hline E51 & Ai3 function
selection & E51 & Ai3 FUNC & 0 to 18 & - & 1 & 0 & X & Not used & - \\
\hline E52 & \[
\begin{array}{|l|}
\hline \begin{array}{l}
\text { Ai4 function } \\
\text { selection }
\end{array} \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & E52 & Ai4 FUNC & 0 to 18 & - & 1 & 0 & X & Not used & - \\
\hline E53 & Ai1 gain setting & E53 & GAIN Ai1 & \[
\begin{array}{|l}
\hline-10,000 \text { to } \\
10,000 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & (times) & 0.001 & 1 & - & & - \\
\hline E54 & Ai2 gain setting & E54 & GAIN Ai2 & \[
\begin{array}{|l}
\hline-10,000 \text { to } \\
10,000 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & (times) & 0.001 & 1 & - & & - \\
\hline E55 & Ai3 gain setting & E55 & GAIN Ai3 & \[
\begin{array}{|l|}
\hline-10,000 \text { to } \\
10,000 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & (times) & 0.001 & 1 & - & & - \\
\hline E56 & Ai4 gain setting & E56 & GAIN Ai4 & \[
\begin{array}{|l}
\hline-10,000 \text { to } \\
10,000 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & (times) & 0.001 & 1 & - & & - \\
\hline E57 & Ail bias setting & E57 & BIAS Ai1 & -100.0 to 100.0 & (\%) & 0.1 & 0 & \(\bigcirc\) & & - \\
\hline E58 & Ail bias setting & E58 & BIAS Ai2 & -100.0 to 100.0 & (\%) & 0.1 & 0 & \(\bigcirc\) & & - \\
\hline E59 & Ais bias setting & E59 & BIAS Ai3 & -100.0 to 100.0 & (\%) & 0.1 & 0 & \(\bigcirc\) & & - \\
\hline E60 & Ai4 bias setting & E60 & BIAS Ai4 & -100.0 to 100.0 & (\%) & 0.1 & 0 & \(\bigcirc\) & & - \\
\hline E61 & Ail filter setting & E61 & FILTER Ai1 & 0.00 to 0.50 & (s) & 0.001 & 0.01 & \(\bigcirc\) & & - \\
\hline E62 & Ail filter setting & E62 & FILTER Ai2 & 0.00 to 0.50 & (s) & 0.001 & 0.01 & \(\bigcirc\) & & - \\
\hline E63 & Ai3 filter setting & E63 & FILTER Ai3 & 0.00 to 0.50 & (s) & 0.001 & 0.01 & & & - \\
\hline E64 & Ai4 filter setting & E64 & FILTER Ai4 & 0.00 to 0.50 & (s) & 0.001 & 0.01 & - & & - \\
\hline E69 & Ao1 function selection & E69 & AO1 FUNC & 0 to 31 & - & 1 & 1 & - & & - \\
\hline E70 & Ao2 function selection & E70 & AO2 FUNC & 0 to 31 & - & 1 & 6 & - & & - \\
\hline E71 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Ao3 function } \\
& \text { selection }
\end{aligned}
\] & E71 & AO3 FUNC & 0 to 31 & - & 1 & 3 & 。 & & - \\
\hline E72 & Ao4 function selection & E72 & AO4 FUNC & 0 to 31 & - & 1 & 0 & 。 & Not used & - \\
\hline E73 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Ao5 function } \\
& \text { selection }
\end{aligned}
\] & E73 & AO5 FUNC & 0 to 31 & - & 1 & 0 & - & Not used & - \\
\hline P12 & M1 iron loss
coefficient 1 & P12 & M1-LOSS1 & & & 0.01 & & - & & - \\
\hline P13 & M1 iron loss
coefficient 2 & P13 & M1-LOSS2 & & & 0.01 & & - & & - \\
\hline P14 & M1 iron loss
coefficient 3 & P14 & M1-LOSS3 & & & 0.01 & & - & & - \\
\hline H02 & All save function & H02 & ALL SAVE & 0.1 & - & 1 & 0 & & & - \\
\hline 006 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Digalinespoeddcestion } \\
& \text { definion(PGpuise } \\
& \text { number) }
\end{aligned}
\] & 006 & LS-PG DEF & 100 to 60000 & (p/r) & 1 & 1024 & - & & - \\
\hline 007 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Digal line speed } \\
& \text { detection definion } \\
& \text { (Detected pulse } \\
& \text { coreccion) }
\end{aligned}
\] & 007 & LS-PG CP1 & 0 to 9999 & & 1 & 1000 & - & & - \\
\hline 008 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Digital line speed } \\
& \text { detection definion } \\
& \text { (Detecectepulise } \\
& \text { cocrection 1) }
\end{aligned}
\] & 008 & LS-PG CP2 & 0 to 9999 & & 1 & 1000 & \(\bigcirc\) & & - \\
\hline 038 & UPAC start/stop & 038 & UPACACT & 0, 1, 2 & & 1 & 0 & X & & - \\
\hline o39 & \[
\begin{array}{|l|}
\hline \text { UPAC memory } \\
\text { mode } \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & 039 & UPAC MEMOR & 0000 to 001F & & 1 & 0 & X & & - \\
\hline 040 & UPAC Address & 040 & UPAC ADRES & 100 to 255 & & 1 & 100 & X & & - \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\subsection*{4.3.6 Calculation Control Block Diagrams}
1) Mechanical Loss Automatic Measuring Control Block


Fig. 4-3-6
- Use the completion command Y2 and set a hard sequence to turn OFF the mechanical loss automatic measuring command X7
- To cancel automatic measurement midway, turn off the mechanical loss automatic measuring command X7.
2) Wound Diameter Calculation Control Block


Fig. 4-3-7

Items marked by * can be set from the PLC after you add the T-Link I/F card.
3) Tension Set Value Block


Fig. 4-3-8

Items marked by * can be set from the PLC after you add the T-Link I/F card.
4) Taper Calculation Block


Fig. 4-3-9

Items marked by * can be set from the PLC after you add the T-Link I/F card.
5) ATR (Tension Feedback) Control


Fig. 4-3-10
6) Acceleration/Deceleration Compensation Torque Calculation Block


Fig. 4-3-11

Items marked by * can be set from the PLC after you add the T-Link I/F card.
7) Mechanical Loss Compensation Torque Calculation Block


Fig. 4-3-12

\section*{FRENIC- \\ VG}

5

\section*{Chapter 5 UPAC Programming Specification}

This chapter describes the UPAC programming specifications and the connection with VG unit.

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\subsection*{5.1 Performance Specification}

Table 5-1-1
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Item} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Specification} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Type} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{OPC-VG1-UPAC} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Execution control type} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Stored program \\
Cyclic scan type (default task), fixed cycle task, event task
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Input/output control type} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Task synchronized refresh} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{CPU} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{32 bit OS processor, 32 bit execution processor} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Memory type} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Program memory, data memory, temporary} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Programming language} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
IL language (Instruction List) \\
ST language (Structured Text) \\
LD language (Ladder Diagram) \\
FBD language (Function Block Diagram) \\
SFC element (Sequential Function Chart) conforming to IEC 61131-3
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Instruction word length} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Variable length (depending on language)} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Instruction execution time} & Sequence instruction & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{20ns or more/instruction} \\
\hline & Data instruction & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{40ns or more/instruction} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Program memory capacity} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{32768 steps} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Maximum program capacity in one POU} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{8192 steps} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} & Input/output memory (I/Q) & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{302 words} \\
\hline & Standard memory (M) & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{2048 words (default value)} \\
\hline & Retain memory (M) & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1024 words (default value)} \\
\hline \[
\geq \begin{aligned}
& \text { Instan } \\
& (\mathrm{M}) \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & memory for user FB & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1024 words (default value)} \\
\hline  & Instance memory for system FB (M) & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{lll} 
4096 words (default value) & \\
Timer: & 128 points (default value) & (8 words/point) \\
Accumulation timer: & 32 points (default value) & (8 words/point) \\
Counter: & 64 points (default value) & (4 words/point) \\
Edge detection: & 256 points (default value) & (2 words/point) \\
Others: & 2048 words(default value) & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline & System memory (M) & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{512 words} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Temporary area} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{8192 words} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Available data type Note)} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{BOOL, INT, DINT, UINT, UDINT, REAL, TIME, DATE, TOD, DT, STRING WORD, DWORD} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Data type nesting} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{One stage (array of arrays, structure of arrays, array of structures)} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Number of members in structure data type} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{200} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Number of elements in array data type} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{16 bit data type: 4096, 32 bit data type:} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Task number} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Program instance (POU number/resource)} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{256
Note that maximum registration number for one task is 128.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Number of POUs on one project} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1000 (including POUs in library)} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Note: Depends on instruction to be used.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Item} & Specification \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{User function block number} & 256 pc \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Nesting of user function block} & 127 stages \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{User function number} & 256 pc \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{User function nesting} & 127 stages \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{FB instance} & 620/POU (up to 620 FBs can be created on one POU) \\
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{Variable} & Global variable & 8000 \\
\hline & Local variable & 8000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Number of terminals for user FB} & \(\left.\begin{array}{ll}\text { VAR_INPUT } \\ \text { VAR_OUTPUT } & : \text { Up to } 128 \\ \text { Up to } 128\end{array}\right\} 128\) in total \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Library} & Number for registration & 16 (per project) \\
\hline & Nesting & 8 stages \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Diagnosis function} & Self-diagnosis (memory check, ROM sum check), module failure monitor \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Security function} & Password \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Calendar function} & No calendar function available \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Memory backup by battery} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Backup range: Data memory \\
Battery: Lithium primary battery Backup period:Five years (25C), Contents of backup memory will be lost during battery replacement.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Flash ROM (integrated into UPAC)} & Application programs, system definition, ZIP files are stored in flash memory integrated into CPU. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Reference}
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
\hline Keyword & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Bit \\
number
\end{tabular} & Data range & Keyword & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Bit \\
number
\end{tabular} & Data range \\
\hline BOOL & 1 & 0 or 1 & REAL & 32 & \(-2^{128}<\mathrm{N} \leq-2^{-126}, 0,2^{-126} \leq \mathrm{N}<2^{128}\) \\
\hline INT & 16 & \(-32,768\) to 32,767 & TIME & 32 & 0 ms to \(4,294,967,295 \mathrm{~ms}\) \\
\hline DINT & 32 & \(-2,147,483,648\) to \(2,147,483,647\) & DATE & 32 & \(0: 00: 00\) to \(23: 59: 59\) \\
\hline UINT & 16 & 0 to 65535 & WORD & 16 & \(0 \times 0000\) to \(0 x F F F F\) \\
\hline UDINT & 32 & 0 to \(4,294,967,295\) & DWORD & 32 & \(0 \times 00000000\) to \(0 x F F F F F F F F\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\subsection*{5.2 Memory}

\subsection*{5.2.1 Memory Map}


Figure 5-2-1
Note 1: 2 K words at the beginning of the standard memory are for high-speed access (high-speed memory area). You can increase the size of the standard memory by reducing the size of other areas such as the size of retain memory and instance memory. However, you cannot increase the high-speed memory area.

\subsection*{5.2.1.1 Input/output memory (I/Q)}

This area is for exchange data between UPAC and VG7S and is used for providing data from VG7S to UPAC and supplying arithmatic operation result of a program for VG7S.
See the list in "5)-32 Assigning address" for data.

Key point
(1) Input and output are represented \(\%\) l and \(\% \mathrm{Q}\) (prefix) respectively. When you assign address, you add "size" and "address" information to them in variable declaration. See "5.2.2 Input/output address assignment" and "MICREX-SX Series USER'S MANUAL-INSTRUCTIONS, 1-4-4 Variable declaration" for more detail.
(2) Input and output cannot exist in the same word.

\section*{IEC expression}


Figure 5-2-2

\subsection*{5.2.1.2 Standard memory area}

This area is for auxiliary relays used in UPAC.

Key point
(1) Direct addressing is represented as "\%M 1..." ( is X, W, or D). Since variable declaration assigns memory to an application program in general programming, you do not have to bother the address. See "MICREX-SX Series USER'S MANUAL-INSTRUCTIONS, 1-4 Variables" for more information.
(2) Cleared to 0 at the start of UPAC operation.
(3) 2 K words from the beginning of the standard memory are high-speed memory where one accesse is processed in 20 ns .
(4) The size of the standard memory can be changed in cooperation with other memory areas. However, you cannot change the size of the high-speed memory. The size is fixed to 2 K words. Use "CPU Memory size definition" in "Resource setting" dialog box to change the size.
(5) You cannot access across the boundary between the high-speed memory and the other standard memory. For example, you cannot arrange an array or a structure across this boundary.

IEC expression


Figure 5-2-3

\subsection*{5.2.1.3 Retain memory}

This area is for auxiliary relays used in UPAC.

Key point
(1) Direct addressing is represented as "\%M 1..." ( is X, W, or D). Since variable declaration assigns memory to an application program in general programming, you do not have to bother the address. See "MICREX-SX Series USER'S MANUAL-INSTRUCTIONS, 1-4 Variables" for more information.
(2) The following table shows the actions on start of cold operation and start of warm operation. Note)
\begin{tabular}{l|l|l}
\hline & Start of cold operation & Start of warm operation \\
\hline Retain memory & Clears to 0 & Retains previous values \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Retain memory with initial \\
value
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Writes initial values \\
specified
\end{tabular} & Retains previous values \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
(3) You can select to clear this area or not when you download a project.

The action on operation start is cold operation when you select to "clear" and is warm operation when you select "not to clear"
(4) The size of the retain memory can be changed in cooperation with other memory areas. Use "CPU Memory size definition" in "Resource setting" dialog box to change the size.

IEC expression


Figure 5-2-4
Note: Cold operation is initiated when "Initial start" from D300win or cold operation request (VG7S function code 038="2") from VG7S is issued. Warm operation is initiated when "Start" from D300win or warm operation request (VG7S function code \(038=" 1\) ") is issued.

\subsection*{5.2.1.4 Instance memory for user FB (M)}

This area is a unique instance memory for individual user FBs of different types used in UPAC.

Key point
(3) The size of the instance memory area for system FB can be changed in cooperation with other memory areas.
Use "CPU Memory size definition" in "Resource setting" dialog box to change the size.
IEC expression


Figure 5-2-5

\subsection*{5.2.1.5 Instance memory for system FB (M)}

This area is a unique instance memory for individual system FBs of different types such as timer, counter, differentiation instruction used in UPAC.

Key point
(1) Prescribed initialization is conducted for PC operation (previous value is retained or cleared to 0 ). Note that an area where previous values are retained is cleared to 0 when a project is downloaded.
Example) The current values for the counter and the accumulation timer and the previous values for the edge detection are retained to the previous values, and the current values for the timer is cleared to 0 .
(2) Eight words per point of timer, four words per point of counter, and two words per point of edge detection instruction are used.
(3) The size of the instance memory area for system FB can be changed in cooperation with other memory areas. Use "CPU Memory size definition" in "Resource setting" dialog box to change the size.
(4) The following table shows the default number of points for the timer, the accumulation timer, the counter, the edge detection. You can increase/decrease the numbers as needed.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|l|}
\hline Timer & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Accumulation \\
timer
\end{tabular} & Counter & Edge detection & Others \\
\hline 128 points & 32 points & 64 points & 256 points & 2048 points \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Observe the following condition when you set the point number for the timer, the accumulation timer, counter, edge detection or others.
(Timer point number) 8 words + (Counter point number) 4 words + (Edge detection point number) 2 words + others Set size for instance memory area for system FB

IEC expression
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[
\text { \%MW } 9.0
\]} & Edge detection 512W & \multirow{5}{*}{Note:} & \multirow{5}{*}{Numbers of words in the left memory map are the default values.} \\
\hline & Counter 256W & & \\
\hline & Accumulation timer 256W & & \\
\hline & Timer 1024W & & \\
\hline & Others 2048W & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Figure 5-2-6

\subsection*{5.2.1.6 System memory (M)}

The system memory is an area where flags for informing operation status or abnormal states of UPAC are assigned and its usage is prescribed.


Figure 5-2-7

Values in unused area and unused bit are uncertain and you should not use them.
2) Resource operation status \%MW 10.0 (Read-only)

Displays the operation status and the operation mode of the resource (UPAC).
Table 5-2-1
\begin{tabular}{l|l|l}
\hline Address & Name & Explanation \\
\hline \%MX 10.0.0 & Inverter running [RUN] & "1" during UPAC operation. \\
\hline \%MX 10.0.1 & Inverter stopping & "1" when CPU is stopping. \\
\hline \%MX 10.0.2 & Major fault & "1" when major fault is present in resource. \\
\hline \%MX 10.0.3 & Minor fault & "1" when minor fault is present in resource. \\
\hline \%MX 10.0.4 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.0.5 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.0.6 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.0.7 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.0.8 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.0.9 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.0.10 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.0.11 & Battery-less operation mode & "1" when battery-less operation. \\
\hline \%MX 10.0.12 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.0.13 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.0.14 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.0.15 & Not used & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Battery-less operation mode}

The entire memory is initialized (set to initial values or cleared to 0 ) when the system is turned on. Connection to the battery and the voltage are not checked. Setting is conducted with the system definition.
3) Resource major fault factors \%MW 10.2 (Read-only)

Fault factors causing a resource (UPAC) to stop.
Table 5-2-2
\begin{tabular}{l|l|l}
\hline Address & Name & Explanation \\
\hline \%MX 10.2.0 & CPU error & "1" when major fault is present in UPAC. \\
\hline \%MX 10.2.1 & Power abnormality & "1" when power is disconnected. \\
\hline \%MX 10.2.2 & Memory error & "1" for error in memory in UPAC. \\
\hline \%MX 10.2.3 & FRENIC-VG interface fault & "1" when error is presents in interface with FRENIC-VG. \\
\hline \%MX 10.2.4 & Application abnormality & \begin{tabular}{l} 
"1" when abnormality is present in application program or system \\
definition.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \%MX 10.2.5 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.2.6 & Not used & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{r} 
\%MX 10.2.7 \\
to
\end{tabular} & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.2.12 & Not used & \begin{tabular}{l} 
"1" when any bit of user major fault flag \\
\((\% M X ~ 10.14 .0 ~ t o ~ \% M X ~ 10.16 .15) ~ i s ~ s e t ~ t o ~ O N ~ i n ~ a p p l i c a t i o n ~\) \\
\%MX 10.2.13
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \%MX 10.2.14 & Not used & User major fault
\end{tabular}
4) Resource minor fault factors \%MW 10.4 (Read-only)

Fault factors in the presence of which resource continues operation.
Table 5-2-3
\begin{tabular}{l|l|l}
\hline Address & Name & Explanation \\
\hline \%MX 10.4.0 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.4.1 & Not used & "1" for error in memory in UPAC. \\
\hline \%MX 10.4.2 & Memory error & \\
\hline \%MX 10.4.3 & Not used & \begin{tabular}{l} 
"1" when abnormality is present in application program or system \\
definition.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \%MX 10.4.4 & Application abnormality & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
\%MX 10.4.5
\end{tabular} & Not used & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{r} 
\%MX 10.4.6 10.4.7 \\
to
\end{tabular} & Not used & Not used \\
\%MX 10.4.12 & Not used & "1" when voltage of data backup battery drops or no battery is present. \\
\hline \%MX 10.4.13 & Battery abnormality & \begin{tabular}{l} 
"1" when any bit of user minor fault flag (\%MX 10.18.0 to \%MX \\
\%MX 10.4.14
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \%MX 10.4.15 & User minor fault & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
5) CPU error factors \%MW 10.6 (Read-only)

Table 5-2-4
\begin{tabular}{l|l|l}
\hline Address & Name & Explanation \\
\hline \%MX 10.6.0 & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Operation processor \\
abnormality
\end{tabular} & Hardware abnormality of operation LSI in UPAC \\
\hline \%MX 10.6.1 & OS processor abnormality & Hardware abnormality of OS control LSI in UPAC \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
\%MX 10.6.2 \\
to \\
\%MX 10.6.15
\end{tabular} & Not used & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
6) Memory error factors \%MW 10.8, \%MW 10.9 (Read-only)

Table 5-2-5
\begin{tabular}{l|l|l|l}
\hline Address & Name & Explanation & Fault level \\
\hline\(\% M X 10.8 .0\) & System ROM error & "1" for error in system ROM in UPAC. & Major fault \\
\hline\(\% M X 10.8 .1\) & System RAM error & "1" for error in system RAM in UPAC. & Major fault \\
\hline \%MX 10.8.2 & Application ROM error & \begin{tabular}{l} 
"1" for error in ROM for application program storage in \\
UPAC.
\end{tabular} & Major fault \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
\%MX 10.8.3
\end{tabular} & Application RAM error & \begin{tabular}{l} 
"1" for error in RAM for application program storage in \\
UPAC.
\end{tabular} & Major fault \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
\%MX 10.8.4 \\
to \\
\%MX 10.8.14
\end{tabular} & Not used & & \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
\%MX 10.8.15
\end{tabular} & Memory backup error & \begin{tabular}{l} 
"1" when data to be retained during power failure are \\
not retained.
\end{tabular} & Major fault \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
\%MX 10.9.0 \\
to
\end{tabular} & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.9.14 & Memory backup error & \begin{tabular}{l} 
"1" when data to be retained during power failure are \\
not retained.
\end{tabular} & Major fault \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Operation after memory error
When a major fault happens due to the memory error listed above, the following start (power OFF to ON ) will be an initial start and the retained memory will be cleared to 0 . The failure from \%MX 10.8.0 to 3 can be caused by a hardware failure and a major fault due to memory error will possibly happen again after you turn on.
7) SX bus abnormality factors \%MW 10.10, \%MW 10.11

Table 5-2-6
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Address & Name & Explanation & Fault level \\
\hline \%MX 10.10.0 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.10.1 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.10.2 & Not used & & \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { \%MX 10.10.3 } \\
\text { to } \\
\text { \%MX 10.10.12 }
\end{gathered}
\] & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.10.13 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.10.14 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.10.15 & I/O refresh congestion & "1" when VG7S does not update input/output data for 128 ms or more. & Major fault \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { \%MX 10.11.0 } \\
\text { to } \\
\text { \%MX 10.11.13 }
\end{gathered}
\] & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.11.14 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.11.15 & Not used & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
8) Application abnormality sources \%MW 10.12, \%MW 10.13(Read-only)

Table 5-2-7
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Address & Name & Explanation & Fault level \\
\hline \%MX 10.12.0 & System definition abnormality & "1" for abnormality in system definition. & Major fault \\
\hline \%MX 10.12.1 & Application program abnormality & "1" for abnormality in application program. & Major fault \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { \%MX 10.12.2 } \\
\text { to } \\
\text { \%MX 10.12.15 }
\end{gathered}
\] & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.13.0 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.13.1 & Application program abnormality & "1" for abnormality in application program. & Minor fault \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { \%MX 10.13.2 } \\
\text { to } \\
\text { \%MX } 10.13 .15
\end{gathered}
\] & Not used & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
9) User major faults \%MW 10.14 to \%MW 10.16

Table 5-2-8
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Address & Name & Explanation \\
\hline \%MX10.14.0 & User major fault factor 0 & \multirow{9}{*}{UPAC will stop due to a major fault when an application program sets any bit to ON .} \\
\hline to & to & \\
\hline \%MX10.14.15 & User major fault factor 15 & \\
\hline \%MX10.15.0 & User major fault factor 16 & \\
\hline to & to & \\
\hline \%MX10.15.15 & User major fault factor 31 & \\
\hline \%MX10.16.0 & User major fault factor 32 & \\
\hline to & to & \\
\hline \%MX10.16.15 & User major fault factor 47 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
10) User minor faults \%MW 10.18 to \%MW 10.20

Table 5-2-9
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Address & Name & Explanation \\
\hline \%MX10.18.0 & User major fault factor 0 & \multirow{9}{*}{UPAC will present a minor fault when an application program sets any bit to ON. However, the operation continues.} \\
\hline to & to & \\
\hline \%MX10.18.15 & User major fault factor 15 & \\
\hline \%MX10.19.0 & User major fault factor 16 & \\
\hline to & to & \\
\hline \%MX10.19.15 & User major fault factor 31 & \\
\hline \%MX10.20.0 & User major fault factor 32 & \\
\hline to & to & \\
\hline \%MX10.20.15 & User major fault factor 47 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
11) System definition abnormality factors \%MW 10.22 to \%MW 10.29 (Read-only)

Table 5-2-10
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Address & Name & Explanation & Fault level \\
\hline \%MX 10.22.0 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.22.1 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.22.2 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.22.3 & Not used & & \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
\hline \text { \%MX 10.22.4 } \\
\text { to } \\
\text { \%MX } 10.22 .9 \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
\] & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.22.10 & CPU action definition abnormality & "1" for abnormality in CPU action definition. & Major fault \\
\hline \%MX 10.22.11 & CPU memory boundary definition abnormality & "1" when memory used in application program exceeds memory range. & Major fault \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c}
\(\begin{array}{c}\text { \%MX } \\
\text { 10.22.12 } \\
\text { to }\end{array}\) \\
\%MX 10.22.15 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.23.0 & For CPU I/O group definition abnormality default task & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.23.1 & For CPU I/O group definition abnormality default task & " 1 " when input module is set to output selection. & Major fault \\
\hline \%MX 10.23.2 & For CPU I/O group definition abnormality default task & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.23.3 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.23.4 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.23.5 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.23.6 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.23.7 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.23.8 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.23.9 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.23.10 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.23.11 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.23.12 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.23.13 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.23.14 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.23.15 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.24.0 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.24.1 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.25.0 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.25.1 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.25.2 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.25.3 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.25.4 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.25.5 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.25.6 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.25.7 & Not used & & \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { \%MX } 10.25 .8 \\
\text { to } \\
\text { \%MX 10.25.15 } \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
\] & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.26.0 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.26.1 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.26 .2
to
\(\% M X 10.29 .15\) & Not used & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Note: The system definition abnormality factors include errors that are blocked by D300win to rarely occur in standard operation.
12) Application program abnormality factors \%MW 10.38, \%MW 10.39

Table 5-2-11
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Address & Name & Explanation & Fault level \\
\hline \%MX 10.38.0 & Application WDT abnormality & "1" when execution time of default task exceeds watch dog timer value. & Major fault \\
\hline \%MX 10.38.1 & Application execution abnormality & "1" when error such as temporary size over occurs during user program execution. & Major fault \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
\hline \text { \%MX 10.38.2 } \\
\text { to } \\
\text { \%MX 10.38.10 }
\end{gathered}
\] & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.38.11 & FB instance setting abnormality & "1" when specified memory address does not exist. & Major fault \\
\hline \%MX 10.38.12 & Initial value setting abnormality & "1" when set initial value exceeds memory area range. & Major fault \\
\hline \%MX 10.38.13 & SFM boundary definition setting abnormality & "1" when capacity exceeding maximum capacity of instance memory for system FB is set. & Major fault \\
\hline \%MX 10.38.14 & POU instruction abnormality & "1" for abnormality in POU. & Major fault \\
\hline \%MX 10.38.15 & Task registration abnormality & "1" for abnormality in task registration. & Major fault \\
\hline \%MX 10.39.0 & 0 level task skip & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
"1" when task execution is skipped. \\
You can set to OFF in application program.
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Minor fault} \\
\hline \%MX 10.39.1 & 1 level task skip & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.39.2 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.39.3 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.39.4 & 0 level task congestion & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
"1" when specified constant cycle is not observed due to program execution congestion. \\
You can set to OFF in application program.
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Minor fault} \\
\hline \%MX 10.39.5 & 1 level task congestion & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.39.6 & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.39.7 & Not used & & \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
\hline \text { \%MX 10.39.8 } \\
\text { to } \\
\text { \%MX 10.39.14 }
\end{gathered}
\] & Not used & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.39.15 & Not used & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
13) Annunciator relay \%MW 10.42, \%MW 10.43

Table 5-2-12
\begin{tabular}{l|l|l}
\hline Address & Name & Explanation \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
\%MX 10.42.0
\end{tabular} & Initial flag & \begin{tabular}{l} 
"1" when initial start (cold operation start). Use application program to \\
set to "0" if needed.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{c} 
\%MX 10.42.1 \\
\%MX 10.42.2 \\
to
\end{tabular} & Power disconnection flag & "1" when power was disconnected during preceding operation. \\
\hline Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.42.14 & & \\
\hline \%MX 10.43.15 & Not used & 0 level start flag
\end{tabular}
14) Resource operation information \%MW 10.49

Table 5-2-13
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l}
\hline Address & Name & Explanation \\
\hline \%MX 10.49.0 & UPAC operating & "1" during UPAC operation. \\
\hline \%MX 10.49.1 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.49.2 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.49.3 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.49.4 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.49.5 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.49.6 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.49.7 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.49.8 & & \\
to & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.49.15 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
15) Resource configuration information \%MW 10.50

User program uses configuration information and abnormality information to recognize the resource (UPAC) status.
Table 5-2-14
\begin{tabular}{l|l|l}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Resource \\
configuration \\
information
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Resource \\
abnormality error
\end{tabular} & Resource status \\
\hline OFF & OFF & None \\
\hline ON & OFF & Normal (operating or stopping) \\
\hline ON & ON & Minor fault (operating or stopping) \\
\hline OFF & ON & Major fault (stopping) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Table 5-2-15
\begin{tabular}{l|l|l}
\hline Address & Name & Explanation \\
\hline \%MX 10.49.0 & UPAC operating & "1" when resource operation status is normal or minor fault. \\
\hline \%MX 10.49.1 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.49.2 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.49.3 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.49.4 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.49.5 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.49.6 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.49.7 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.49.8 & & \\
to & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.49.15 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
16) Resource abnormality information \%MW 10.51

Table 5-2-16
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l}
\hline Address & Name & Explanation \\
\hline \%MX 10.51.0 & UPAC abnormality & "1" when resource operation status is major fault or minor fault. \\
\hline \%MX 10.51.1 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.51.2 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.51.3 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.51.4 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.51.5 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.51.6 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.51.7 & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.51.8 & & \\
\begin{tabular}{r} 
to
\end{tabular} & Not used & \\
\hline \%MX 10.51.15 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\subsection*{5.2.2 Input/output Address Assignment}

\subsection*{5.2.2.1 Address assignment rules}

Input/output addresses are assigned following the rules below in UPAC.


Figure 5-2-8

\subsection*{5.2.2.2 Assigning input/output address to application program}

Input/output addresses have been assigned in the global variable worksheet for UPAC and you do notneed to assign again.

\subsection*{5.2.2.3 Assigning address}
1) Project configuration with up to six FRN-VG_6 UPAC's


Figure 5-2-9

\section*{Control variables/IQ area (50W input/output)}

These control variables (global variables assigned to Control Variables) are available when you select VG7 six-unit system In order to make respective data in the IQ area valid, it is necessary to set then "To be used" in System_Definition. Respective data in the IQ area can be used in programming by one of the three methods below. Choose any convenient method, because their program executing functions are equivalent.
(1) Select from the Control Variables list of Global Variables.
(2) Create a variable with its address assigned.
(3) Directly specify (write) the address.

The IQ area ( \(50-\mathrm{W} I / \mathrm{O}\) ) is between UPAC and FRENIC-VG, and is refreshed as UPAC \(\rightarrow\) FRENIC-VG:(No. of units -1\() \times 2 \mathrm{~ms}(1 \mathrm{~ms}\) if 1 unit),FRENIC-VG \(\rightarrow\) UPAC:(No. of units -1\() \times 4 \mathrm{~ms}(1 \mathrm{~ms}\) if 1 unit)in the master slave connection method. UPAC \(\rightarrow\) FRENIC-VG is refreshed in 1 ms in the broadcast connection method.
Table 5-2-17
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Address & Area & Name & Max. value / basic unit & Type & Direction & \begin{tabular}{l}
Remark \\
See control block diagram for more information
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \%IWD0 & \multirow{9}{*}{} & Speed setting 4/frequency reference monitor & 20000/Nmax & INT & \multirow{18}{*}{} & Before ASR/ before V/fcalculation \\
\hline \%IWD1 & & Torque reference 2 & 10000/100\% & INT & & After torque limit \\
\hline \%IWप2 & & Torque current reference (final) & 10000/100\% & INT & & Just before torque currentreference filter \\
\hline \%IWD3 & & Magnetic-flux reference (final) & 10000/100\% & INT & & \\
\hline \%IWप4 & & Detected speed (speed detection) & 20000/Nmax & INT & & \\
\hline \%IWD5 & & Control data (CW) (standard + DIOA 16-bit) & Data distinction: 32 & WORD & & \\
\hline \%IWप6 & & Operation status (SW) & Data distinction: 21 & WORD & & \\
\hline \%IWD7 & & Speed setting 1/frequency command (during V/f) & 20000/Nmax & INT & & Before multistep speedreference \\
\hline \%IWप8 & & Line speed input & 20000/Nmax & INT & & \\
\hline \%IWD9 & \multirow{4}{*}{\[
\frac{0}{2}=\frac{\overline{2}}{0}
\]} & Pulse train position reference (PG (PR)) & 1/1 & INT & & 10 and 11 are used for pulsetrain \\
\hline \%IWD10 & & Position detection (built-in or PG (PD)) & 1/1 & INT & & synchronized control.11, 12, and 13 are \\
\hline \%IWD11 & & Position detection (Z phase input) (PG (PD)) & 1/1 & INT & & used fororientation control. \\
\hline \%IWD12 & & Position reference & 1/1 & INT & & \\
\hline \%IWD13 & \multirow{5}{*}{} & DI(DIOB option: 16bit) & Data distinction: 26 & WORD & & \\
\hline \%IWD14 & & Ai(Ai1) & \(\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}\) & INT & & UPAC uses INV and Aiterminals for \\
\hline \%IWD15 & & Ai(Ai2) & \(\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}\) & INT & & control input. Ai used by UPAC is defined \\
\hline \%IWD16 & & \(\mathrm{Ai}(\) (AIO option, Ai 3\()\) ) & \(\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}\) & INT & & asuniversal. \\
\hline \%IWD17 & & \(\mathrm{Ai}(\) (AIO option, \(\mathrm{Ai4} 4)\) ) & \(\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}\) & INT & & \\
\hline \%QWD18 & \multirow{15}{*}{} & Speed setting \(1 /\) frequency command (during V/f) & 20000/Nmax & INT & \multirow{31}{*}{} & Before multistep speedreference \\
\hline \%QWD19 & & Torque reference 1 & 10000/100\% & INT & & Before torque limit \\
\hline \%QWD20 & & Torque current reference & 10000/100\% & INT & & Just before torque currentreference filter \\
\hline \%QWD21 & & Magnetic-flux reference & 10000/100\% & INT & & \\
\hline \%QWD22 & & Control data (CW) & Data distinction: 32 & WORD & & \\
\hline \%QWD23 & & DO1(Standard+DIOA;13bit) & Data distinction: 33 & WORD & & Universal DO definition required \\
\hline \%QWD24 & & Acceleration time & 1/0.1s & INT & & Overwritten on F07 \\
\hline \%QWD25 & & Deceleration time & 1/0.1s & INT & & Overwritten on F08 \\
\hline \%QWD26 & & Torque limiter level 1 & 10000/100\% & INT & & \\
\hline \%QWD27 & & Torque limiter level 2 & 10000/100\% & INT & & \\
\hline \%QWD28 & & Speed setting 4/frequency command (during V/f) & 20000/Nmax & INT & & Before ASR/ before V/fcalculation \\
\hline \%QWD29 & & Torque reference 2 & 10000/100\% & INT & & After torque limit \\
\hline \%QWD30 & & Torque bias & 10000/100\% & INT & & Before torque limit \\
\hline \%QWD31 & & Auxiliary speed setting & 20000/Nmax & INT & & \\
\hline \%QWD32 & & Real speed (simulation speed) & 20000/Nmax & INT & & Speed output from motor model \\
\hline \%QWD33 & & Function code 1 address & Depends on data & WORD & & While usual function code data sending is \\
\hline \%QWD34 & & Function code 1 data & distinction of individual & INT & & in a cycle of 60 ms , function codes \\
\hline \%QWD35 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { U } \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & Function code 2 address & & WORD & & assigned to this area can be sent in the IQ refresh cycle. \\
\hline \%QWD36 & 능 & Function code 2 data & & INT & & \\
\hline \%QWप37 & \({ }_{\circ}^{\circ}{ }^{\circ}\) & Function code 3 address & & WORD & & \\
\hline \%QWD38 & ᄃ & Function code 3 data & & INT & & \\
\hline \%QWD39 & & Function code 4 address & & WORD & & \\
\hline \%QWD40 & & Function code 4 data & & INT & & \\
\hline \%QWD41 & & Reserved & Data distinction: 27 & WORD & & \\
\hline \%QWD42 & \multirow{6}{*}{} & DI(DIOB option: 16bit) & \multirow[t]{6}{*}{\(\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}\)} & INT & & \multirow[t]{6}{*}{UPAC operates AO/DO of FRENIC-VG. AO/DO used by FRENIC-VG aredefined as universal. Note that universal definition isnot required for DIOB.} \\
\hline \%QWD43 & & A0(AO1) & & INT & & \\
\hline \%QWD44 & & A0(AO2) & & INT & & \\
\hline \%QWD45 & & A0(AO3) & & INT & & \\
\hline \%QWD46 & & DO2 (AIO option, A04) & & INT & & \\
\hline \%QWD47 & & DO2(AIO option, A05) & & INT & & \\
\hline \%QDD48 & 3 & Dynamic switch (DSW) & & DWORD & & Change data reflected on INV6dynamically. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\square\) indicates the inverter number (1 to 6), and specifies the address of each inverter.
In addition, INV1 can exchange function codes (F, E, C, P, H, A, o, L, U, and M) at about 60 ms constant cycle.
INV 2 to 6 requires a high-speed optical link card (OPC-VG1-SIU)
2) Project configuration with up to six FRN-VG_6 UPAC's


Figure 5-2-10 * Input 8W and Output 14W (22W in total) are occupied for one inverter.

Control variables／IQ area（22W input／output）
These control variables（global variables assigned to Control Variables）are available when you select FRENIC－VG 12－unit system
In order to make respective data in the IQ area valid，it is necessary to set then＂To be used＂in System＿Definition．
Respective data in the IQ area can be used in programming by one of the three methods below．Choose any convenient method，because their program executing functions are equivalent．
（1）Select from the Control Variables list of Global Variables．
（2）Create a variable with its address assigned．
（3）Directly specify（write）the address．
The IQ area（ \(50-\mathrm{W} I / \mathrm{O}\) ）is between UPAC and FRENIC－VG，and is refreshed as UPAC \(\rightarrow\) FRENIC－VG：（No． of units -1\() \times 2 \mathrm{~ms}(1 \mathrm{~ms}\) if 1 unit），FRENIC－VG \(\rightarrow\) UPAC：（No．of units -1\() \times 4 \mathrm{~ms}(1 \mathrm{~ms}\) if 1 unit）in the master slave connection method．UPAC \(\rightarrow\) FRENIC－VG is refreshed in 1 ms in the broadcast connection method．

Table 5－2－18
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Address & Area & Name & Max．value／basic unit & Type & Direction & \begin{tabular}{l}
Remark \\
See control block diagram for more information
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \％1Wロ0 & \multirow{6}{*}{} & Speed setting 4／frequency reference monitor & 20000／Nmax & INT & \multirow{8}{*}{} & Before ASR／before V／ffalculation \\
\hline \％1Wロ1 & & Torque reference 2 & 10000／100\％ & INT & & After torque limit \\
\hline \％1Wप2 & & Detected speed（speed detection） & 20000／Nmax & INT & & \\
\hline \％1Wロ3 & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Control data (CW) (standard + DIOA } \\
& \text { 16-bit) }
\end{aligned}
\] & Data distinction： 32 & WORD & & \\
\hline \％IWप4 & & Operation status（SW） & Data distinction： 21 & WORD & & \\
\hline \％1Wप5 & & Line speed input & 20000／Nmax & INT & & \\
\hline \％IWロ6 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & A0（AO1） & \(\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}\) & INT & & UPAC uses Aiterminals for control input． Ai used by UPAC is defined \\
\hline \％1Wロ7 & & A0（AO2） & \(\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}\) & INT & & asuniversal． \\
\hline \％QWロ8 & \multirow{9}{*}{} & Speed setting 1 ／frequency command （during V／f） & 20000／Nmax & INT & \multirow{13}{*}{} & Before multistep speedreference \\
\hline \％QWप9 & & Torque reference 1 & 10000／100\％ & INT & & Before torque limit \\
\hline \％QWD10 & & Control data（CW） & Data distinction： 32 & WORD & & \\
\hline \％QWD11 & & Universal D01（Standard＋DIOA；13bit） & Data distinction： 33 & WORD & & Universal DO definition required \\
\hline \％QWD12 & & Acceleration time & 1／0．1s & INT & & Overwritten on F07 \\
\hline \％QWD13 & & Deceleration time & 1／0．1s & INT & & Overwritten on F08 \\
\hline \％QWD14 & & Torque limiter level 1 & 10000／100\％ & INT & & \\
\hline \％QWD15 & & Torque limiter level 2 & 10000／100\％ & INT & & \\
\hline \％QWD16 & & Speed setting 4／frequency command （during V／f） & 20000／Nmax & INT & & Before ASR／before V／ffcalculation \\
\hline \％QWD17 & \multirow[b]{3}{*}{} & A0（AO1） & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\(\pm 4000 \mathrm{~h} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}\)} & INT & & UPAC operates AO／DO of FRENIC－VG． \\
\hline \％QWD18 & & A0（AO2） & & INT & & AO／DO used by FRENIC－VG aredefined as universal． \\
\hline \％QWD19 & & A0（AO3） & & INT & & \\
\hline \％QDD20 & 3 & Dynamic switch（DSW） & & DWORD & & Change data reflected on INV6dynamically． \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\square\) indicates the inverter number（1 to 12），and specifies the address of each inverter．
In addition，INV1 can exchange function codes（F，E，C，P，H，A，o，L，U，and M）at about 60ms constant cycle．
INV 2 to 12 requires a high－speed optical link card（OPC－VG1－SIU）．

\section*{3) Dynamic software switch (DWS)}

This function switches the reflection of control variables when UPAC is on and the inverter is in operation. You can individually set for 30W (six-unit system) data or 12W (twelve-unit system) data.
The following section describes the bit assignment of the DSW (software switch). In this section, No. refers to No. in control variable///O area data list.
This indicates the No value of the table.
If a UPAC application does not set these data, data will be 0 and enabled as defined below. If you want to switch data to be disabled, set 1 to corresponding bit.
Setting bit data 0 : Enabled
1 (Disable)
(1) For six-unit system

Table 5-2-19
MSB
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 15 & 14 & 13 & 12 & 11 & 10 & 9 & 8 & 7 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\
\hline No. 16 & No. 15 & No. 14 & No. 13 & No. 12 & No. 11 & No. 10 & No. 9 & No. 8 & No. 7 & No. 6 & No. & No. 4 & No. 3 & No. 2 & No. 1 \\
\hline MSB \\
\hline 31 & 30 & 29 & 28 & 27 & 26 & 25 & 24 & 23 & 22 & 21 & 20 & 19 & 18 & 17 & 16 \\
\hline- & - & No. 30 & No. 29 & No. 28 & No. 27 & No. 26 & No. 25 & No. 24 & No. 23 & No. 22 & No. 21 & No. 20 & No. 19 & No. 18 & No. 17 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
(2) For twelve-unit system

Table 5-2-20
MSB
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 15 & 14 & 13 & 12 & 11 & 10 & 9 & 8 & 7 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\
\hline- & - & - & - & - & No. 11 & No. 10 & No. 9 & No. 8 & No. 7 & No. 6 & No. 5 & - & - & No. 2 & No. 1 \\
\hline MSB \\
\hline 31 & 30 & 29 & 28 & 27 & 26 & 25 & 24 & 23 & 22 & 21 & 20 & 19 & 18 & 17 & 16 \\
\hline- & - & - & - & No. 28 & No. 27 & No. 26 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\subsection*{5.2.3 Function Code Area Address Assignment}

The accessing method for function codes (F, E, C, P, H, A, o, L, U and M) includes two variations: those that can be referred to or updated at 60 ms intervals, and those updated or referred to at minimum 1 ms intervals. For actual use and limitations, refer to section 3.1.2 "Referencing and Updating Function Codes" and use the better one for each application.

\subsection*{5.2.3.1 Addresses updated or referenced at \(\mathbf{6 0} \mathbf{~ m s}\) intervals}

All function codes (F, E, C, P, H, A, o, L, U and M) of master FRENIC-VG (where UPAC is installed) can bereferred to. Some codes are write-protected. (Refer to "Written by UPAC" in the list on the following pages.)

The function code variable, address, and the type of the variable are registered in the Function List in the project tree of D300win preliminarily as shown in the figure below.


Figure 5-2-11
The user uses this information to refer to or change function codes.
The user can open a variable dialog on the worksheet, and select select a function code from the variable list, in order to write a program without paying attention to addresses (\%MWロ.ロ).


Figure 5-2-12

\section*{5．2．3．2 Addresses updated at high speed}

To update the function code data at minimum 1 ms intervals，directly access the＂high speed updating address＂found in section 5．2．3．3＂Function code list．＂With this method，parameters can be accessed at high speeds which is used to access control data，using the input／output memory（IQ）．For details of the accessing method，refer to section 3．1．2．2＂High－speed data updating．＂Be careful that the data cannot be referred to with this method．

\section*{5．2．3．3 Function code list}

Table 5－2－21 Description of list
\begin{tabular}{l|l}
\hline Fcode & Identification code of function code \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
60 ms updating and \\
referencing data
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Name and type of variable，and address assignment of function code that can be referred to or \\
updated at a constant period of 60 ms from UPAC into FRENIC－VG where UPAC is installed
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Addresses updated at \\
high speed
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Assigned address of function code of VG7S where UPAC is installed，and two or more units of \\
VG7S linked via optical link，for updating at a minimum period of 1 ms．The type of the called \\
data is always integer（INT）．The address is the same as the RS485 communication NO．
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Name & Function code name \\
\hline Setting range & Indicates the setting range and definition of the data． \\
\hline Default setting & Data set by our company at shipping from the factory \\
\hline Type & Definition of the scale of the data and meaning \\
\hline Written by UPAC & ＂No＂is specified for write－protected function codes that cannot be changed from UPAC． \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Table 5－2－22 F：Fundamental Functions
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{F code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{High－speed Updating address} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Default } \\
& \text { setting }
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\text { Written } \begin{aligned}
& \text { by } \\
& \text { UPAC }
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline F00 & f00＿f & UINT & \％MW11．0 & 0000h & Data protection & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
0 ：The data can be changed \\
1：Data Protection \\
This is a function to protect data against writing from thekeypad panel． \\
The data is protected against writing from the link（TLINK， RS485，etc．）using H29＂Data protection vialink．
\end{tabular} & 0 & 40 & Yes \\
\hline F01 & f01＿f & UINT & \％MW11．1 & 0001h & Speed setting N1 & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 9 \\
0：Keypad（ \(⿴ 囗 ⿱ 一 一\) \\
1：Analog 12 input（ \(0 \sim \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}\) ） \\
2：Analog 12 input（ \(0 \sim+10 \mathrm{~V}\) ） \\
3：UP／DOWN control（initial value： \\
4：UP／DOWN（initial value：previous value） \\
5：UP／DOWN（initial value：Creep speed 1，2） \\
6：DIA card input \\
7：DIB card input \\
8： \(\mathrm{Ai}(\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{REFV})\) input \\
9：Ai2（N－REFC）input \\
Define the setting method of speed reference
\end{tabular} & 0 & 41 & Yes \\
\hline F02 & f02＿f & UINT & \％MW11．2 & 0002h & Operation method & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
0：Key operation （WO），®y），（TOOP） key）（LOCAL mode） \\
1：External signal（FWD，REV terminal）（REMOTE mode） The operation method is set．
\end{tabular} & 0 & 42 & Yes \\
\hline F03 & f03＿f & UINT & \％MW11．3 & 0003h & \begin{tabular}{l}
M1 motor parameter setting \\
－M1 maximum speed
\end{tabular} & 50 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\) & 1500 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline F04 & f04＿f & UINT & \％MW11．4 & 0004h & －M1 rated speed & 50 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\) & \[
\begin{array}{c|}
\text { By } \\
\text { capacity }
\end{array}
\] & 0 & Yes \\
\hline F05 & f05＿f & UINT & \％MW11．5 & 0005h & －M1 rated voltage & 80 to 999 V & \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\hline \text { By } \\
\text { capacity }
\end{array}
\] & 0 & Yes \\
\hline F07 & f07＿f & WORD & \％MW11．7 & 0007h & Acceleration time 1 & 0.01 to 99.99 s 100.0 to 999.9 s 1000 to 3600 s & 5.00 & 13 & Yes \\
\hline F08 & f08＿f & WORD & \％MW11．8 & 0008h & Deceleration time 1 & 0.01 to 99.99 s 100.0 to 999.9 s 1000 to 3600 s & 5.00 & 13 & Yes \\
\hline F10 & f10＿f & UINT & \％MW11．10 & 000Ah & M1 electronic thermal overload relay setting －M1 electronic thermal overload relay（function selection） & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 2 \\
0：Inactive（with special motor for VG） \\
1：Enable（for general－purpose motor：to be used for self－ cooling fan） \\
2：Enable（for inverter motor：to be used for separately－ driven fan）
\end{tabular} & 0 & 85 & Yes \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
\(\square\) You can change the setting of the shaded setting code during operation．Stop operation to change the setting of the other functions．
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{F code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Highspeed Updating address} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Default } \\
& \text { setting }
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Written by UPAC} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline F11 & f11_f & WORD & \%MW11.11 & 000Bh & - M1 electronic thermal overload relay(operation level) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \hline 0.01 \text { to } 99.99 \mathrm{~A} \\
& 100.0 \text { to } 999.9 \mathrm{~A} \\
& 1000 \text { to } 2000 \mathrm{~A} \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { By } \\
\text { capacity }
\end{gathered}
\] & 13 & Yes \\
\hline F12 & f12_f & UINT & \%MW11.12 & 000Ch & - M1 electronic thermal overload relay(thermal time constant) & 0.5 to 75.0 min & \[
\left|\begin{array}{c}
\text { By } \\
\text { capacity }
\end{array}\right|
\] & 2 & Yes \\
\hline F14 & f14_f & UINT & \%MW11.14 & 000Eh & Restart Mode after Momentary Power Failure (Mode selection) & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 5 \\
0: Inactive (No restart; immediate alarm \(/ u\) ) \\
1: Inactive (No restart; alarm upon power recovery lu) \\
2: Inactive (No restart; alarm after controlled stop lu) \\
3: Active (Restart; continuation of operation) \\
4: Active (Restart; operation at speed on power failure) \\
5: Active (Restart; operation at starting speed)
\end{tabular} & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline F17 & f17_f & UINT & \%MW11.17 & 0011h & Gain (Speed setting signal 12) & \begin{tabular}{l}
0.0 to 200.0\% \\
Rate to speed set value (analog input) can be set at the control terminal [12]. Limited at \(\pm 110 \%\) of the maximum speed
\end{tabular} & 100.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline F18 & f18_f & INT & \%MW11.18 & 0012h & Bias (Speed setting signal 12) & \begin{tabular}{l}
-30000 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\) \\
Bias speed can be added to speed set value (analog input) at the control terminal [12]. \\
Limited at \(\pm 110 \%\) of the maximum speed
\end{tabular} & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline F20 & f20_f & UINT & \%MW11.20 & 0014h & \begin{tabular}{l}
DC braking setting \\
- Starting speed
\end{tabular} & 0 to \(3600 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\) & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline F21 & f21_f & UINT & \%MW11.21 & 0015h & - Operation level & 0 to 100\% & 0 & 16 & Yes \\
\hline F22 & f22_f & UINT & \%MW11.22 & 0016h & - Braking time & 0.0 to 30.0 s
\(0.0:\) Inactive
0.1 to \(30.0 \mathrm{~s}:\) Active & 0.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline F23 & f23_f & UINT & \%MW11.23 & 0017h & Starting speed & \begin{tabular}{l}
0.0 to \(150.0 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\) \\
The frequency is limited so as not to fall below 0.1 Hz (sensorless or under V/f control). \\
In order to guarantee torque at starting, start speed can be set.
\end{tabular} & 0.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline F24 & f24_f & UINT & \%MW11.24 & 0018h & Starting speed (holding time) & 0.00 to 10.00 s & 0.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline F26 & f26_f & UINT & \%MW11.26 & 001Ah & Motor sound(carrier frequency) & ```
2 to 15 kHz
2: 2 kHz
3: 3 kHz
4: 4 kHz
5: 5 kHz
6: 6kHz
7: 7 kHz
8,9: 8kHz
10,11: 10kHz
12,13,14: 12kHz
15: 15kHz
Adjustment leads to reduced motor noise, avoidance of
resonance with the mechanical system, reduced leaked
current in the output circuit wiring, reduced inverger-
generated noise, etc.
``` & 55 kW
or less
8
75 kW
or more
7 & 10 & Yes \\
\hline F36 & f36_f & UINT & \%MW11.36 & 0024h & 30RY operation mode & 0 to 1
0 : Excitation upon alarm
1: Excitation during regular operation & 0 & 43 & Yes \\
\hline F37 & f37_f & UINT & \%MW11.37 & 0025h & \begin{tabular}{l}
Stopping speed setting \\
- Stopping speed
\end{tabular} & 0.0 to \(150.0 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\) The frequency is limited so as not to fall below 0.1 Hz (sensorless or under V/f control). & 10.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline F38 & f38_f & UINT & \%MW11.38 & 0026h & - Stopping speed (detection method) & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
0 : Detected speed \\
1: Commanded speed \\
The command value only is valid under vector control without speed sensor or under V/f control.
\end{tabular} & 0 & 90 & Yes \\
\hline F39 & f39_f & UINT & \%MW11.39 & 0027h & - Stopping speed (zero speed holding time) & \begin{tabular}{l}
0.00 to 10.00 s \\
Used to count the timing for applying mechanical brake.
\end{tabular} & 0.50 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline F40 & f40_f & UINT & \%MW11.40 & 0028h & \begin{tabular}{l}
Toque limit setting \\
- Torque limit mode 1
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 3 \\
0 : Torque limit invalid \\
1: Torque limit \\
2: Output power limit \\
3: Torque current limit
\end{tabular} & 0 & 44 & Yes \\
\hline F41 & f41_f & UINT & \%MW11.41 & 0029h & - Torque limit mode 2 & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 3 \\
0 : Same limiting level (level 1) for 4 quadrants \\
1: Driving (Level 1). Braking (Level 2) \\
2: Upper limit (Level 1), Lower limit (Level 2) \\
3: Same limiting level (Level 1 and Level 2 switched) for 4 quadrants \\
Level 1 and Level 2 are data at the setting source defined by F42 and 43.
\end{tabular} & 0 & 45 & Yes \\
\hline F42 & f42_f & UINT & \%MW11.42 & 002Ah & - Torque limit (level 1) selection & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 5 \\
0 : Function code (F44) \\
1: Ai[TL-REF1] \\
2: DIA card \\
3: DIB card \\
4: Link valid \\
5: PID output
\end{tabular} & 0 & 46 & Yes \\
\hline F43 & f43_f & UINT & \%MW11.43 & 002Bh & - Torque limit (level 2) selection & 0 to 5
0: Function code (F45)
1: Ai[TL-REF2]
2: DIA card
3: DIB card
4: Link valid
5: PID output & 0 & 47 & Yes \\
\hline F44 & f44_f & INT & \%MW11.44 & 002Ch & - Torque limit (level 1) & -300 to 300\% & 150 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline F45 & f45_f & INT & \%MW11.45 & 002Dh & - Torque limit (level 2) & -300 to 300\% & 10 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline F46 & f46_f & INT & \%MW11.46 & 002Eh & - Mechanical loss compensation & -300.00 to 300.00\% & 0.00 & 7 & Yes \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\square\) You can change the setting of the shaded setting code during operation. Stop operation to change the setting of the other functions.
5.2 Memory
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{F code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Highspeed Updating address} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Default setting} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline F47 & f47_f & INT & \%MW11.47 & 002Fh & - Torque bias T1 & \begin{tabular}{l}
\[
-300.00 \text { to } 300.00 \%
\] \\
Use DI to switch among torque bias T1, T2 and T3.
\end{tabular} & 0.00 & 7 & Yes \\
\hline F48 & f48_f & INT & \%MW11.48 & 0030h & - Torque bias T2 & -300.00 to 300.00\% & 0.00 & 7 & Yes \\
\hline F49 & f49_f & INT & \%MW11.49 & 0031h & - Torque bias T3 & -300.00 to 300.00\% & 0.00 & 7 & Yes \\
\hline F50 & f50_f & UINT & \%MW11.50 & 0032h & - Torque bias starting timer & \begin{tabular}{l}
\[
0.00 \text { to } 1.00 \mathrm{~s}
\] \\
Set the time to reach \(300 \%\).
\end{tabular} & 0.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline F51 & f51_f & UINT & \%MW11.51 & 0033h & - Torque command monitor (polarity selection) & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
0 : Torque polarity \\
1: A positive value for driving, and a negative value for braking. \\
Polarity for torque-related data output (AO monitor, keypad LED monitor, keypad LCD monitor) can be set.
\end{tabular} & 0 & 48 & Yes \\
\hline F52 & f52_f & WORD & \%MW11.52 & 0034h & \begin{tabular}{l}
Keypad panel LED, LCD \\
monitor setting - LED \\
monitor (display \\
coefficient A)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
-999.00 to 999.00 \\
Set the conversion coefficient for determining the load shaft speed and line speed displayed on the keypad LED. \\
Displayed value \(=\) motor speed \(x(0.01\) to 200.00) \\
The setting is effective only in the 0.01 to 200.00 range and values out of the allowable range are restricted.
\end{tabular} & 1.00 & 12 & Yes \\
\hline F53 & f53_f & WORD & \%MW11.53 & 0035h & - LED monitor (display coefficient B) & \begin{tabular}{l}
\[
-999.00 \text { to } 999.00
\] \\
Coefficient A: Max. value \\
Coefficient B: Min. value \\
Set the conversion coefficient for determining the displayed command value feedback variable output value (process variable) of the PID adjuster, using display coefficients A and B. \\
Displayed value: (command value or feedback value) \(x\) (display coefficient A - B) + B
\end{tabular} & 1.00 & 12 & Yes \\
\hline F54 & f54_f & UINT & \%MW11.54 & 0036h & - LED monitor (display filter) & 0.0 to 5.0 s & 0.2 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline \multirow{34}{*}{F55} & \multirow{34}{*}{f55_f} & \multirow{34}{*}{UINT} & \multirow{34}{*}{\%MW11.55} & \multirow{34}{*}{0037h} & \multirow{34}{*}{- LED monitor (display selection)} & 00 to 32 & \multirow{34}{*}{0} & \multirow{34}{*}{49} & \multirow{34}{*}{Yes} \\
\hline & & & & & & 00: Speed detection 1, speed reference (r/min) (Motor & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 01: Speed setting 4 (ASR input ) (r/min) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 02: Commanded output frequency (including slip) (Hz) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 03: Torque current reference (\%) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 04: Torque command value (\%) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 05: Calculated torque value (\%) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 06: Power consumption (motor output) (F60 switches the unit.) (kW, HP) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 07: Detected output current (A) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 08: Detected output voltage (V) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 09: Detected DC link circuit voltage (V) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 10: Commanded magnetic flux (\%) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 11: Calculated magnetic flux (\%) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 12: Motor temperature (deg. C) ("--" is displayed when NTC thermistor is not used.) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 13: Detected or commanded value ( \(\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\) ) of load shaft rotation speed (F56 switches the display during motor stoppage.) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 14: Line speed detected value, commanded value ( \(\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{min}\) ) (F56 switches the display during motor stoppage.) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 15: Ai adjustment value (12) (\%) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 16: Ai adjustment value (Ai 1) (\%) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 17: Ai adjustment value (Ai 2) (\%) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 18: Ai adjustment value (Ai 3) (\%) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 19: Ai adjustment value (Ai 4) (\%) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & \begin{tabular}{l}
The following data may not be displayed depending on mode or option. \\
20: PID command (\%)
\end{tabular} & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 21: PID feedback amount (\%) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 22: PID output (\%) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 23: Option monitor 1 (HEX) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 24: Option monitor 2 (HEX) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 25: Option monitor 3 (DEC) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 26: Option monitor 4 (DEC) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 27: Option monitor 5 (DEC) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 28: Option monitor 6 (DEC) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 29: - & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 30: Load factor (\%) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 31: Input power (F60 switches the unit. (kW/HP) & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & 32: Input watt-hour ( \(\times 100 \mathrm{kWh}\) ) & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
\(\square\) You can change the setting of the shaded setting code during operation. Stop operation to change the setting of the other functions.
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{F code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Highspeed Updating address} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Default setting} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Written by UPAC} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline F56 & f56_f & UINT & \%MW11.56 & 0038h & - LED monitor (Display at stop mode) & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
0 : Command value \\
1: Actual value Indication during motor stoppage is switched. The corresponding data items are speed ( 0 ), load shaft rotation speed (13) and line speed (14).
\end{tabular} & 0 & 50 & Yes \\
\hline F57 & f57_f & UINT & \%MW11.57 & 0039h & - LCD monitor (Display selection) & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
0: Operation guide screen(Operation state, direction of rotation) \\
1: Bar graph indication of operating data (speed detection 1, current, torque command value) Operating mode screen is switched on the keypad.
\end{tabular} & 0 & 51 & Yes \\
\hline F58 & f58_f & UINT & \%MW11.58 & 003Ah & - LCD monitor (Language selection) & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 7 \\
Japanese \\
English \\
German (service will become available shortly) \\
French (service will become available shortly) \\
Spanish (service will become available shortly) \\
Italian (service will become available shortly) \\
Chinese \\
7: Korean
\end{tabular} & 0 & 52 & Yes \\
\hline F59 & f59_f & UINT & \%MW11.59 & 003Bh & - LCD monitor (Contrast adjustment) & 0 (pale) to 10 (dark) & 5 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline F60 & f60_f & UINT & \%MW11.60 & 003Ch & Output unit (HP/kW) setting & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
0: kW \\
1: HP \\
Switches indication unit for inverter output (power consumption) on the keypad LED monitor and LCD monitor, and \\
selection list (kW-HP) on P02 "Motor Selection (M1)".
\end{tabular} & 0 & 53 & Yes \\
\hline F61 & f61_f & UINT & \%MW11.61 & 003Dh & ASR 1 setting - ASR 1-P (Gain) & 0.1 to 500.0 (Multiplication) & 10.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline F62 & f62_f & UINT & \%MW11.62 & 003Eh & - ASR 1-I (Integration constant) & \begin{tabular}{l}
0.000 to 10.000 s \\
P control when set to 0.000
\end{tabular} & 0.200 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline F63 & f63_f & UINT & \%MW11.63 & 003Fh & - ASR 1-FF (Gain) & 0.000 to 9.999 s & 0.000 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline F64 & f64_f & UINT & \%MW11.64 & 0040h & - ASR 1 input filter & 0.000 to 5.000 s & 0.040 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline F65 & f65_f & UINT & \%MW11.65 & 0041h & - ASR 1 detection filter & 0.000 to 0.100 s d02 specifies a time constant determining the first order delay of the speed detection filter. & 0.005 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline F66 & f66_f & UINT & \%MW11.66 & 0042h & - ASR 1 output filter & 0.000 to 0.100 s d02 specifies a time constant determining the first order delay of the speed detection filter. & 0.002 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline F67 & f67_f & UINT & \%MW11.67 & 0043h & - S-curve (Acceleration start side 1) & 0 to 50\% & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline F68 & f68_f & UINT & \%MW11.68 & 0044h & - S-curve (Acceleration end side 1) & 0 to 50\% & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline F69 & f69_f & UINT & \%MW11.69 & 0045h & - S-curve (Deceleration start side 1) & 0 to 50\% & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline F70 & f70_f & UINT & \%MW11.70 & 0046h & - S-curve (Deceleration end side 1) & 0 to 50\% & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline F73 & f73_f & UINT & \%MW11.73 & 0049h & Magnetic flux level setting - Magnetic flux level at light load & 10 to 100\% & 100 & 16 & Yes \\
\hline F74 & f74_f & UINT & \%MW11.74 & 004Ah & - Pre-exciting time & \begin{tabular}{l}
0.0 to 10.0 s \\
When the operation command (FWD, REV) turns ON, it automatically enters pre-exciting state for the time set by this function code.
\end{tabular} & 0.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline F75 & f75_f & UINT & \%MW11.75 & 004Bh & - Pre-excitation initial level & 100 to 400\% & 100 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline F76 & f76_f & UINT & \%MW11.76 & 004Ch & \begin{tabular}{l}
Speed limit setting \\
- Speed limit (Mode selection)
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 3 \\
0 : Limit level 1 for forward rotation and limit level 2 forreverse rotation \\
Limit level 1 for both forward and reverse rotation \\
Limit level 1 for upper limit and limit level 2 for lower limit \\
3: Limit level 1 for forward rotation and limit level 2 forreverse rotation \\
Add the [12] input as a bias.
\end{tabular} & 0 & 91 & Yes \\
\hline F77 & f77_f & INT & \%MW11.77 & 004Dh & - Speed limit level 1 & -110.0 to 110.0\% & 100.0 & 6 & Yes \\
\hline F78 & f78_f & INT & \%MW11.78 & 004Eh & -Speed limit level 2 & -110.0 to 110.0\% & 100.0 & 6 & Yes \\
\hline F79 & f79_f & UINT & \%MW11.79 & 004Fh & Motor selection (M1, M2, M3) & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 2 \\
0: M1 selection \\
However, the contact switching by X function is given priority. \\
1: M2 selection ( \(X\) function invalid) \\
2: M3 selection ( \(X\) function invalid) \\
Select motor to be used from M1, M2 and M3.
\end{tabular} & 0 & 54 & Yes \\
\hline F80 & f80_f & UINT & \%MW11.80 & 0050h & Current rating switching & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 3 \\
0,2 : HD (Overload current \(150 \%-1 \mathrm{~min} / 200 \%-3 \mathrm{sec}\) ) \\
1: LD(Overload current \(120 \%-1 \mathrm{~min}\) ) \\
3: MD(Overload current \(150 \%-1 \mathrm{~min}\) ) \\
Switches between the three-fold rating (HD, LD, MD) of the inverter.
\end{tabular} & 0 & 56 & Yes \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
\(\square\) You can change the setting of the shaded setting code during operation. Stop operation to change the setting of the other functions.
}

Table 5-2-23 E: Extension Terminal Functions
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{E code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{|c|}
\hline High- \\
speed \\
Updating \\
address
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Default } \\
& \text { setting }
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Written } \\
& \text { by } \\
& \text { UPAC }
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline E01 & e01_f & UINT & \%MW11.97 & 0101h & \begin{tabular}{l}
X terminal function \\
- X1 terminal function
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
00 to 79 \\
00,01,02,03: Multistep speed selection(1 to 15 steps) \\
[00: SS1, 01: SS2, 02: SS4, 03: SS8 ] \\
04,05: ASR, acceleration / deceleration selection(4 steps) [04:RT1, 5:RT2] \\
06: 3 wire operation stop command [HLD] \\
07: Coast-to-stop command [BX] \\
08: Alarm reset [RST] \\
09: External alarm [THR] \\
10: Jogging operation [JOG] \\
11: Speed setting N2 / speed setting N1 \\
12: Motor M2 selection \\
13: Motor M3 selection \\
14: DC brake command
[DCBRK] \\
15: ACC/DEC zero clear command [CLR] \\
16: Creep speed switching in UP/DOWN control \\
[CRP-N2 /N1] \\
UP command in UP/DOWN control \\
[UP] \\
18: DOWN command in UP/DOWN control [DOWN] \\
19: Write enable for keypad (data can be changed) [WE-KP] \\
20: Cancel PID control [KP/PID] \\
21: Inverse mode changeover [IVS] \\
22: Interlock (52-2) [IL] \\
23: Write enable through link [WE-LK] \\
24: Enable communications link via RS-485 or fieldbus [LE] \\
25: Universal DI [U-DI] \\
26: Pickup start mode [STM] \\
27: Synchronized operation command(PG (PR) option) [SYC] \\
28: Zero speed locking command [LOCK] \\
29: Pre-exciting command \\
30: Speed reference value limiter cancel \\
[N-LIM] \\
31: H41 Cancel [torque command] \\
32: H42 Cancel [torque current command] \\
[H42-CCL] \\
33: H43 [magnetic flux command] cancel \\
[H43-CCL] \\
34: F40[Torque limiting mode 1] cancel \\
[F40-CCL] \\
35: Torque limit (level \(1 / 2\) selection) \\
36: Bypass [BPS] \\
37,38: Torque bias command 1 / 2 \\
[37:TB1,38:TB2] \\
39: Droop selection [DROOP] \\
40: Ai1 zero hold \\
41: Ai2 zero hold \\
[ZH-Al2] \\
42: Ai3 zero hold (AIO option) \\
[ \(\mathrm{ZH}-\mathrm{Al} 3\) ] \\
43: Ai4 zero hold (AIO option) [ZH-Al4] \\
44: Ai 1 polarity inversion \\
45: Ai 2 polarity inversion \\
46: Ai 3 polarity inversion (AIO option) \\
47: Ai 4 polarity inversion (AIO option) \\
48: PID output inversion selection \\
49: Cancel PG alarm \\
50: Undervoltage cancel \\
51: Ai torque bias hold [H-TB] \\
52: STOP 1(The motor decelerates and stops in normal deceleration time.) \\
53: STOP 2(The motor decelerates and stops in "deceleration time 4.") \\
54: STOP3 \\
55: DIA data latch (DIA option) \\
[DIA] \\
56: DIB data latch (DIA option) \\
[DIB] \\
57: Multi-winding motor cancel [MT-CCL] \\
58-67: Custom Di1-Di10 \\
[C-DI1~C-DI10] \\
69: PID clear [PID-CCL] \\
70: PID FF dection valid [PID-FF] \\
72,73: Toggle signal \(1 / 2\) \\
74: External mock alarm \\
[72:TGL1 ,73:TGL2] [FTB] \\
75: NTC thermistor alarm cancel \\
76: Life alarm cancel \\
78: PID Feedback switch signal \\
79: PID torque bias selection
\end{tabular} & 0 & 57 & Yes \\
\hline E02 & e02_f & UINT & \%MW11.98 & 0102h & - X2 terminal function & 0 to 79 (Refer to X1 terminal function.) & 1 & 57 & Yes \\
\hline E03 & e03_f & UINT & \%MW11.99 & 0103h & - X3 terminal function & 0 to 79 (Refer to X1 terminal function.) & 2 & 57 & Yes \\
\hline E04 & e04_f & UINT & \%MW11.100 & 0104h & - X4 terminal function & 0 to 79 (Refer to X1 terminal function.) & 3 & 57 & Yes \\
\hline E05 & e05_f & UINT & \%MW11.101 & 0105h & - X5 terminal function & 0 to 79 (Refer to X1 terminal function.) & 4 & 57 & Yes \\
\hline E06 & e06_f & UINT & \%MW11.102 & 0106h & - X6 terminal function & 0 to 79 (Refer to X1 terminal function.) & 5 & 57 & Yes \\
\hline E07 & e07_f & UINT & \%MW11.103 & 0107h & - X7 terminal function & 0 to 79 (Refer to X1 terminal function.) & 7 & 57 & Yes \\
\hline E08 & e08_f & UINT & \%MW11.104 & 0108h & - X8 terminal function & 0 to 79 (Refer to X1 terminal function.) & 8 & 57 & Yes \\
\hline E09 & e09_f & UINT & \%MW11.105 & 0109h & - X9 terminal function & 0 to 79 (Refer to X1 terminal function.) & 9 & 57 & Yes \\
\hline E10 & e10_f & UINT & \%MW11.106 & 010Ah & - X11 terminal function & 0 to 79 (Refer to X1 terminal function.) & 25 & 57 & Yes \\
\hline E11 & e11_f & UINT & \%MW11.107 & 010Bh & - X12 terminal function & 0 to 79 (Refer to X1 terminal function.) & 25 & 57 & Yes \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{E code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Highspeed Updating address} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Name} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Setting range}} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Default setting} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Written } \\
& \text { by } \\
& \text { UPAC }
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & & & \\
\hline E12 & e12_f & UINT & \%MW11.108 & 010Ch & - X13 terminal function & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{0 to 79 (Refer to \(\mathrm{X1}\) terminal function.)} & 25 & 57 & Yes \\
\hline E13 & e13_f & UINT & \%MW11.109 & 010Dh & - X14 terminal function & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{0 to 79 (Refer to X1 terminal function.)} & 25 & 57 & Yes \\
\hline E14 & e14_f & WORD & \%MW11.110 & 010Eh & X terminal function normally open/closed & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
0000 to 01FF \\
0: Normally open \\
1: Normally closed Open/closed setting is possible for X1 to X9 function terminals.
\end{tabular}} & 0000 & 35 & Yes \\
\hline E15 & e15_f & UINT & \%MW11.111 & 010Fh & \begin{tabular}{l}
Y terminal function \\
-Y 1 terminal function
\end{tabular} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{} & (1) & 58 & Yes \\
\hline E16 & e16_f & UINT & \%MW11.112 & 0110h & - Y2 terminal function & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{0 to 84 (Refer to X1 terminal function.)} & 2 & 58 & Yes \\
\hline E17 & e17_f & UINT & \%MW11.113 & 0111h & -Y3 terminal function & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{0 to 84 (Refer to X1 terminal function.)} & 3 & 58 & Yes \\
\hline E18 & e18_f & UINT & \%MW11.114 & 0112h & - Y4 terminal function & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{0 to 84 (Refer to X1 terminal function.)} & 4 & 58 & Yes \\
\hline E19 & e19_f & UINT & \%MW11.115 & 0113h & - Y5 terminal function & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{0 to 84 (Refer to X1 terminal function.)} & 14 & 58 & Yes \\
\hline E20 & e20_f & UINT & \%MW11.116 & 0114h & - Y11 terminal function & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{0 to 84 (Refer to X1 terminal function.)} & 26 & 58 & Yes \\
\hline E21 & e21_f & UINT & \%MW11.117 & 0115h & - Y12 terminal function & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{0 to 84 (Refer to X1 terminal function.)} & 26 & 58 & Yes \\
\hline E22 & e22_f & UINT & \%MW11.118 & 0116h & - Y13 terminal function & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{0 to 84 (Refer to X1 terminal function.)} & 26 & 58 & Yes \\
\hline E23 & e23_f & UINT & \%MW11.119 & 0117h & - Y14 terminal function & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{0 to 84 (Refer to X1 terminal function.)} & 26 & 58 & Yes \\
\hline E24 & e24_f & UINT & \%MW11.120 & 0118h & - Y15 terminal function & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{0 to 84 (Refer to X1 terminal function.)} & 26 & 58 & Yes \\
\hline E25 & e25_f & UINT & \%MW11.121 & 0119h & - Y16 terminal function & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{0 to 84 (Refer to X1 terminal function.)} & 26 & 58 & Yes \\
\hline E26 & e26_f & UINT & \%MW11.122 & 011Ah & - Y17 terminal function & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{0 to 84 (Refer to X1 terminal function.)} & 26 & 58 & Yes \\
\hline E27 & e27_f & UINT & \%MW11.123 & 011Bh & - Y18 terminal function & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{0 to 84 (Refer to X1 terminal function.)} & 26 & 58 & Yes \\
\hline E28 & e28_f & WORD & \%MW11.124 & 011Ch & Y terminal function normally open/closed & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{```
0000 to 001F
0: Normally open
1: Normally closed
Set the normal state of Y 1 through Y 5 .
```} & 0000 & 36 & Yes \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

You can change the setting of the shaded setting code during operation. Stop operation to change the setting of the other functions.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{E code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Highspeed Updating address} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Default setting} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Written by UPAC} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline E29 & e29_f & UINT & \%MW11.125 & 011Dh & PG pulse output selection & ```
to 10
No division
\(1 / 2\)
\(1 / 4\)
\(1 / 8\)
1/16
1/32
1/64
    0 to 6: Inputs to built-in PG are divided and output.
7: Internal speed command: Pulse generation mode
8: \(\mathrm{PG}(\mathrm{PD})\) : Pulse detection input oscillation mode
9: \(\mathrm{PG}(\mathrm{PR})\) : Pulse command input oscillation mode
10: Built-in PG • PG(SD): Speed detection pulse input
oscillation mode
7 to 10: Input pulses are arbitrarily divided and output.
(AB90 \({ }^{\circ}\) phase difference)
``` & 0 & 92 & Yes \\
\hline E30 & e30_f & UINT & \%MW11.126 & 011Eh & Protective function setting - Motor overheat protection (temp.) & 50 to 200 & 150 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline E31 & e31_f & UINT & \%MW11.127 & 011Fh & - Motor overheat early warning (temp.) & 50 to 200 & 75 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline E32 & e32_f & UINT & \%MW11.128 & 0120h & - M1 to M3 PTC operation level & \begin{tabular}{l}
0.00 to 5.00 V \\
If "PTC thermistor" is selected to be used in thermistor selection, operation starts when input voltage on PTC terminal reaches or exceeds the set voltage (operation level).
\end{tabular} & 1.60 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline E33 & e33_f & UINT & \%MW11.129 & 0121h & - Inverter overload early warning & 25 to 100\% & 90 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline E34 & e34_f & UINT & \%MW11.130 & 0122h & - Motor overload early warning & 25 to 100\% & 90 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline E35 & e35_f & UINT & \%MW11.131 & 0123h & - DB overload protection & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 100\% \\
Set \%ED for the braking resistor to inverter capacity. \\
The braking resistor overheating alarm ( \(d b h\) ) is enabled when set to 0 .
\end{tabular} & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline E36 & e36_f & UINT & \%MW11.132 & 0124h & - DB overload early warning & 0 to 100\% & 80 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline E37 & e37_f & UINT & \%MW11.133 & 0125h & - DB thermal time constant & 0 to 1000 s & 300 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline E38 & e38_f & WORD & \%MW11.134 & 0126h & \begin{tabular}{l}
Speed detection setting \\
- Speed detection method
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
000 to 111 \\
Detection method for 0x[E39][E40][E41] \\
0: Speed detection \\
1: Speed setting \\
The command value only is valid during V/f control.
\end{tabular} & 000 & 9 & Yes \\
\hline E39 & e39_f & UINT & \%MW11.135 & 0127h & - Speed detection level 1 & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\) \\
Detection signal is output when the speed detection level 1, set in Speed Detection 1 [ \(\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{FB} 1 \pm\) ] (or Speed Setting 4 [ N REF4]) is reached or exceeded.
\end{tabular} & 1500 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline E40 & e40_f & INT & \%MW11.136 & 0128h & - Speed detection level 2 & -30000 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\) & 1500 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline E41 & e41_f & INT & \%MW11.137 & 0129h & - Speed detection level 3 & -30000 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\) & 1500 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline E42 & e42_f & UINT & \%MW11.138 & 012Ah & - Speed arrival (hysteresis) & \begin{tabular}{l}
\[
1.0 \text { to } 20.0 \%
\] \\
When speed detection enters the detection range of both + polarity and - polarity from speed detection 2 , detection signal is output.
\end{tabular} & 3.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline E43 & e43_f & UINT & \%MW11.139 & 012Bh & - Speed agreement (hysteresis) & \begin{tabular}{l}
\[
1.0 \text { to } 20.0 \%
\] \\
When speed detection enters the detection range of both + polarity and - polarity from speed detection 4 , detection signal is output.
\end{tabular} & 3.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline E44 & e44_f & UINT & \%MW11.140 & 012Ch & - Speed agreement (offdelay timer) & 0.000 to 5.000 s & 0.100 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline E45 & e45_f & UINT & \%MW11.141 & 012Dh & \begin{tabular}{l}
- Speed disagreement alarm Used / \\
Not used
\end{tabular} & ```
00 to 21
Units digit: Speed disagreement alarm (er9)
    0: Not used
    1: Used
Tens digit: Lin phase lack detection (lin )
    0: Standard level
    1: Reserved for particular manufacturers
2: Disable
``` & 00 & 9 & Yes \\
\hline E46 & e46_f & UINT & \%MW11.142 & 012Eh & Torque / magnetic flux detection level setting - Torque detection level 1 & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to \(300 \%\) \\
Calculated value during V/f control \\
When the torque command value reaches or exceeds set value, detection signal is output.
\end{tabular} & 30 & 16 & Yes \\
\hline E47 & e47_f & UINT & \%MW11.143 & 012Fh & - Torque detection level 2 & 0 to 300\% & 30 & 16 & Yes \\
\hline E48 & e48_f & UINT & \%MW11.144 & 0130h & - Magnetic flux detection level & \begin{tabular}{l}
10 to 100\% \\
When the magnetic flux calculated value reaches or exceeds set value, detection signal is output.
\end{tabular} & 100 & 16 & Yes \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{E code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Highspeed Updating address} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Default setting} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Written by UPAC} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline E49 & e49_f & UINT & \%MW11.145 & 0131h & \begin{tabular}{l}
Ai terminal function \\
- Ai1 terminal function
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
00 to 27 \\
\(\begin{array}{lll}\text { 00: Input signal shutoff } & \text { [OFF] } & \\ \text { 01: Auxiliary speed setting } 1 & \text { [AUX-N1] } & \text { 10V/Nmax }\end{array}\) \\
02: Auxiliary speed setting 2 [AUX-N2] 10V/Nmax \\
03: Torque limiter level 1 [TL-REF1] \(\pm 10 \mathrm{~V} / \pm 150 \%\) \\
04: Torque limiter level 2 [TL-REF2] \(\pm 10 \mathrm{~V} / \pm 150 \%\) \\
05: Torque bias [TB-REF] \(\pm 10 \mathrm{~V} / \pm 150 \%\) \\
06: Torque command [T-REF] 10V/150\% \\
07: Torque current command [IT-REF] 10V/150\% \\
08: Creep speed 1 in UP/DOWN control [CRP-N1] \\
10V/Nmax \\
09: Creep speed 1 in UP/DOWN control [CRP-N1] \\
26: Current input speed setting(DC4-20mA)[N-REFC] \(\pm 10 \mathrm{~V} / \pm \mathrm{Nmax}\) \\
(26: Current input speed setting is only available for Ai 2 .) \\
27: PID feedback 2 \\
[PID-FB2] \(\pm 10 \mathrm{~V} / \pm 20000\) (d)
\end{tabular} & 0 & 59 & Yes \\
\hline E50 & e50_f & UINT & \%MW11.146 & 0132h & - Ai2 terminal function & 0 to 27 (Refer to Ai1 terminal function.) & 0 & 59 & Yes \\
\hline E51 & e51_f & UINT & \%MW11.147 & 0133h & - Ai3 terminal function & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 27 (Refer to Ai1 terminal function.) \\
(26: Current input speed setting is only available for Ai2.)
\end{tabular} & 0 & 59 & Yes \\
\hline E52 & e52_f & UINT & \%MW11.148 & 0134h & - Ai4 terminal function & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 27 (Refer to Ai1 terminal function.) \\
(26: Current input speed setting is only available for Ai2.)
\end{tabular} & 0 & 59 & Yes \\
\hline E53 & e53_f & INT & \%MW11.149 & 0135h & Ai gain setting - Ai1 gain setting & -10.000 to 10.000 (Multiplication) & 1.000 & 8 & Yes \\
\hline E54 & e54_f & INT & \%MW11.150 & 0136h & - Ai2 gain setting & -10.000 to 10.000 (Multiplication) & 1.000 & 8 & Yes \\
\hline E55 & e55_f & INT & \%MW11.151 & 0137h & - Ai3 gain setting & -10.000 to 10.000 times (Displayed for models with AIO option.) & 1.000 & 8 & Yes \\
\hline E56 & e56_f & INT & \%MW11.152 & 0138h & - Ai4 gain setting & -10.000 to 10.000 times (Displayed for models with AIO option.) & 1.000 & 8 & Yes \\
\hline E57 & e57_f & INT & \%MW11.153 & 0139h & Ai bias setting - Ai1 bias setting & -100.0 to 100.0\% & 0.0 & 6 & Yes \\
\hline E58 & e58_f & INT & \%MW11.154 & 013Ah & - Ai2 bias setting & -100.0 to 100.0\% & 0.0 & 6 & Yes \\
\hline E59 & e59_f & INT & \%MW11.155 & 013Bh & - Ai3 bias setting & -100.0 to 100.0\% (Displayed for models with AIO option.) & 0.0 & 6 & Yes \\
\hline E60 & e60_f & INT & \%MW11.156 & 013Ch & - Ai4 bias setting & -100.0 to 100.0\% (Displayed for models with AIO option.) & 0.0 & 6 & Yes \\
\hline E61 & e61_f & UINT & \%MW11.157 & 013Dh & Ai filter setting - Ai1 filter setting & 0.000 to 0.500 s & 0.010 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline E62 & e62_f & UINT & \%MW11.158 & 013Eh & - Ai2 filter setting & 0.000 to 0.500 s & 0.010 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline E63 & e63_f & UINT & \%MW11.159 & 013Fh & - Ai3 filter setting & 0.000 to 0.500 s & 0.010 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline E64 & e64_f & UINT & \%MW11.160 & 0140h & - Ai4 filter setting & 0.000 to 0.500 s & 0.010 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline E65 & e65_f & UINT & \%MW11.161 & 0141h & Increment / decrement limiter (Ai) setting - Increment / decrement limiter (Ai1) & \begin{tabular}{l}
0.00 to 60.00 s \\
Sets time for change of inverter's internal data from 0 V data to 10 V data, when voltage 0 to 10 V is input to analog input terminal.
\end{tabular} & 0.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline E66 & e66_f & UINT & \%MW11.162 & 0142h & - Increment / decrement limiter (Ai2) & 0.00 to 60.00 s & 0.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline E67 & e67_f & UINT & \%MW11.163 & 0143h & - Increment / decrement limiter (Ai3) & 0.00 to 60.00 s & 0.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline E68 & e68_f & UINT & \%MW11.164 & 0144h & - Increment / decrement limiter (Ai4) & 0.00 to 60.00 s & 0.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\square\) You can change the setting of the shaded setting code during operation. Stop operation to change the setting of the other functions.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{E code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{|c|}
\hline High- \\
speed \\
Updating \\
address
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Default setting} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Written by UPAC} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline E69 & e69_f & UINT & \%MW11.165 & 0145h & \begin{tabular}{l}
AO terminal function setting \\
- AO1 terminal function
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
00 to 40 \\
00: Detected speed 1 (speedometer, swing on single side) \\
[N-FB1+] Nmax10V \\
01: Detected speed 1 (speedometer, swing on both sides) \\
[N-FB1] Nmax10V \\
02: Speed setting 2(before acceleration / deceleration calculation) \\
[N-REF2] Nmax10V \\
03: Speed setting 4 (ASR input) \\
[N-REF4] Nmax10V \\
04: Detected speed 2 (ASR input) \\
[ \(\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{FB} 2\) ] \\
Nmax10V \\
05: Line speed detection \\
[LINE-N \(\pm\) ] \(\pm \mathrm{Nmax} / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}\) \\
06: Torque current command (torque ammeter, swing on both sides) \\
\([I T-R E F \pm] \pm 150 \% / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}\) \\
07: Torque current command (torque ammeter, swing on single side) \\
[IT-REF+] \(\pm 150 \% / 10 \mathrm{~V}\) \\
08: Torque command(torque meter, swing on both sides) \\
[T-REF] 150\%10V \\
09: Torque command(torque meter, swing on single side) \\
10: Motor current \\
11: Motor voltage \\
13: DC link circuit voltage \\
14: +10V output test \\
[P10], output equivalent to +10 V \\
15: -10V output test \\
[N10], output equivalent to -10 V \\
16: Motor temperature \\
[TMP-M] \(\pm 200 / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}\) \\
30: Universal AO [U-AO] \\
31-37: Custom Ao1-Ao7 \\
[C-AO1~C-AO7] \\
38: Input power [PWR-IN] \\
39: Magnet polar location signal \\
[SMP] TOP \(/ 5 \mathrm{~V}\) \\
40: PID output value \\
[PID-OUT] \\
\(\pm 200 \% / \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}\)
\end{tabular} & 1 & 60 & Yes \\
\hline E70 & e70_f & UINT & \%MW11.166 & 0146h & - AO2 terminal function & 0 to 40 (Refer to AO1 terminal function.) & 6 & 60 & Yes \\
\hline E71 & e71_f & UINT & \%MW11.167 & 0147h & - AO3 terminal function & 0 to 40 (Refer to AO1 terminal function.) & 3 & 60 & Yes \\
\hline E72 & e72_f & UINT & \%MW11.16 & 0148h & - AO4 terminal function & 0 to 40 (Refer to AO1 terminal function.) & 0 & 60 & Yes \\
\hline E73 & e73_f & UINT & 8\%MW11.169 & 0149h & - AO5 terminal function & 0 to 40 (Refer to AO1 terminal function.) & 0 & 60 & Yes \\
\hline E74 & e74_f & INT & \%MW11.170 & 014Ah & AO gain setting - AO1 gain setting & -100.00 to 100.00 (Multiplication) & 1.00 & 7 & Yes \\
\hline E75 & e75_f & INT & \%MW11.171 & 014Bh & - AO2 gain setting & -100.00 to 100.00 (Multiplication) & 1.00 & 7 & Yes \\
\hline E76 & e76_f & INT & \%MW11.172 & 014Ch & - AO3 gain setting & -100.00 to 100.00 (Multiplication) & 1.00 & 7 & Yes \\
\hline E77 & e77_f & INT & \%MW11.173 & 014Dh & - AO4 gain setting & -100.00 to 100.00 times (Displayed for models with AIO
option.) & 1.00 & 7 & Yes \\
\hline E78 & e78_f & INT & \%MW11.174 & 014Eh & - AO5 gain setting & -100.00 to 100.00 times (Displayed for models with AIO
option.) & 1.00 & 7 & Yes \\
\hline E79 & e79_f & INT & \%MW11.175 & 014Fh & AO bias setting - AO1 bias setting & -100.0 to 100.0\% & 0.0 & 6 & Yes \\
\hline E80 & e80_f & INT & \%MW11.176 & 0150h & - AO2 bias setting & -100.0 to 100.0\% & 0.0 & 6 & Yes \\
\hline E81 & e81_f & INT & \%MW11.177 & 0151h & - AO3 bias setting & -100.0 to 100.0\% & 0.0 & 6 & Yes \\
\hline E82 & e82_f & INT & \%MW11.178 & 0152h & - AO4 bias setting & -100.0 to 100.0\% (Displayed for models with AIO option.) & 0.0 & 6 & Yes \\
\hline E83 & e83_f & INT & \%MW11.179 & 0153h & - AO5 bias setting & -100.0 to 100.0\% (Displayed for models with AIO option.) & 0.0 & 6 & Yes \\
\hline E84 & e84_f & UINT & \%MW11.180 & 0154h & AO1-5 filter setting & 0.000 to 0.500 s & 0.010 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\square\) You can change the setting of the shaded setting code during operation. Stop operation to change the setting of the other functions.

Table 5-2-24 C: Control Functions of Frequency
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{C code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Highspeed Updating address} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Default setting} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Written } \\
& \text { by } \\
& \text { UPAC }
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline C01 & c01_f & UINT & \%MW11.193 & 0201h & \begin{tabular}{l}
Jump speed setting \\
- Jump speed 1
\end{tabular} & 0 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\) Have the set speed jump so that the load's mechanical resonance point will not overlap with the motor speed. Three jump points may be set. & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C02 & C02_f & UINT & \%MW11.194 & 0202h & - Jump speed 2 & 0 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\) & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C03 & C03_f & UINT & \%MW11.195 & 0203h & - Jump speed 3 & 0 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\) & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C 04 & c04_f & UINT & \%MW11.196 & 0204h & - Jump width & 0 to \(1000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\) & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C05 & c05_f & UINT & \%MW11.197 & 0205h & \begin{tabular}{l}
Multistep speed setting \\
- Multistep speed 1
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min} / 0.00\) to \(100.00 \% / 0.0\) to \(999.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) (Switched according to C21.) \\
Turning terminal commands SS1, SS2, SS4 and SS8 ON/OFF selectively switches the reference frequency of the inverter in 15 steps.
\end{tabular} & \[
\left|\begin{array}{c}
0 / 0.00 / \\
0.0
\end{array}\right|
\] & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C06 & c06_f & UINT & \%MW11.198 & 0206h & - Multistep speed 2 & 0 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min} / 0.00\) to \(100.00 \% / 0.0\) to \(999.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) (Switched according to C21.) & \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\hline 0 / 0.00 / \\
0.0 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C07 & c07_f & UINT & \%MW11.199 & 0207h & - Multistep speed 3 & 0 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min} / 0.00\) to \(100.00 \% / 0.0\) to \(999.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) (Switched according to C21.) & \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\hline 0 / 0.00 / \\
0.0 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C08 & c08_f & UINT & \%MW11.200 & 0208h & - Multistep speed 4 & 0 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min} / 0.00\) to \(100.00 \% / 0.0\) to \(999.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) (Switched according to C21.) & \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\hline 0 / 0.00 / \\
0.0 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C09 & c09_f & UINT & \%MW11.201 & 0209h & - Multistep speed 5 & 0 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min} / 0.00\) to \(100.00 \% / 0.0\) to \(999.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) (Switched according to C21.) & \[
\begin{gathered}
\hline 0 / 0.00 / \\
0.0 \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
\] & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C10 & c10_f & UINT & \%MW11.202 & 020Ah & - Multistep speed 6 & 0 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min} / 0.00\) to \(100.00 \% / 0.0\) to \(999.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) (Switched according to C21.) & \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\hline 0 / 0.00 / \\
0.0 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C11 & c11_f & UINT & \%MW11.203 & 020Bh & - Multistep speed 7 & 0 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min} / 0.00\) to \(100.00 \% / 0.0\) to \(999.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) (Switched according to C21.) & \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\hline 0 / 0.00 / \\
0.0 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & 0 & Yes \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
\(\square\) You can change the setting of the shaded setting code during operation. Stop operation to change the setting of the other functions.
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{C code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{|c|}
\hline High－ \\
speed \\
Updating \\
address
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Default setting} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Written } \\
& \text { by } \\
& \text { UPAC }
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline C12 & c12＿f & UINT & \％MW11．204 & 020Ch & －Multistep speed 8 & 0 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min} / 0.00\) to \(100.00 \% / 0.0\) to \(999.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) （Switched according to C21．） & \[
\begin{array}{c|}
\hline 0 / 0.00 / \\
0.0 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C13 & c13＿f & UINT & \％MW11．205 & 020Dh & －Multistep speed 9 & 0 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min} / 0.00\) to \(100.00 \% / 0.0\) to \(999.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) （Switched according to C21．） & \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\hline 0 / 0.00 / \\
0.0 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C14 & c14＿f & UINT & \％MW11．206 & 020Eh & －Multistep speed 10 & 0 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min} / 0.00\) to \(100.00 \% / 0.0\) to \(999.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) （Switched according to C21．） & \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\hline 0 / 0.00 / \\
0.0 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C15 & c15＿f & UINT & \％MW11．207 & 020Fh & －Multistep speed 11 & 0 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min} / 0.00\) to \(100.00 \% / 0.0\) to \(999.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) （Switched according to C21．） & \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\hline 0 / 0.00 / \\
0.0 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C16 & c16＿f & UINT & \％MW11．208 & 0210h & －Multistep speed 12 & 0 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min} / 0.00\) to \(100.00 \% / 0.0\) to \(999.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) （Switched according to C21．） & \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\hline 0 / 0.00 / \\
0.0 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C17 & c17＿f & UINT & \％MW11．209 & 0211h & －Multistep speed 13 & 0 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min} / 0.00\) to \(100.00 \% / 0.0\) to \(999.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) （Switched according to C21．） & \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\hline 0 / 0.00 / \\
0.0 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C18 & c18＿f & UINT & \％MW11．210 & 0212h & －Multistep speed 14／ Creep speed 1 & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min} / 0.00\) to \(100.00 \% / 0.0\) to \(999.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) （Switched according to C21．） \\
C18 and C19 also serves as creep speed function while UP／DOWN function is used．
\end{tabular} & \[
\left|\begin{array}{c}
0 / 0.00 / \\
0.0
\end{array}\right|
\] & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C19 & c19＿f & UINT & \％MW11．211 & 0213h & －Multistep speed 15／ Creep speed 2 & 0 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min} / 0.00\) to \(100.00 \% / 0.0\) to \(999.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) （Switched according to C21．） & \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\hline 0 / 0.00 / \\
0.0 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C20 & c20＿f & UINT & \％MW11．212 & 0214h & －Multistep speed command agreement timer & \begin{tabular}{l}
0.000 to 0.100 s \\
When［SS1］，［SS2］，［SS4］and［SS8］have remained in the same state for the time set by this timer，the speed set value is switched．
\end{tabular} & 0.000 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline C21 & c21＿f & UINT & \％MW11．213 & 0215h & －Definition of multistep speed setting & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 2 \\
0 ： 0 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\) \\
1： 0.00 to \(100.00 \%\) \\
2： 0.0 to \(999.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) \\
Unit for setting multistep for C05 to C19 is defined． \\
When＂ 1 ＂is selected，the setting is the ratio to the maximum speed（F03，A06，A106）of the selected motor．
\end{tabular} & 0 & 93 & Yes \\
\hline C25 & c25＿f & UINT & \％MW11．217 & 0219h & Speed setting N2 & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 9 \\
0：Keypad（ \(⿴ 囗 ⿱ 一 一\) \\
1：Analog 12 input（ \(0 \sim \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}\) ） \\
2：Analog 12 input（ \(0 \sim+10 \mathrm{~V}\) ） \\
3：UP／DOWN control（initial value： \\
4：UP／DOWN（initial value：previous value） \\
5：UP／DOWN（initial value：Creep speed 1，2） \\
6：DIA card input \\
7：DIB card input \\
8：Ai（N－REFV）input \\
9：Ai2（N－REFC）input \\
When \(X\) terminal function［N2／N1］goes ON，the speed command set by this function code becomes valid．
\end{tabular} & 0 & 41 & Yes \\
\hline C29 & c29＿f & UINT & \％MW11．221 & 021Dh & Jogging speed & 0 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\) Set speed for motor jogging． & 50 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C30 & c30＿f & UINT & \％MW11．222 & 021Eh & \[
\begin{array}{|l|}
\hline \text { ASR-JOG setting } \\
\text { - ASR-P (gain) JOG } \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & 0.1 to 500.0 （Multiplication） & 10.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline C31 & c31＿f & UINT & \％MW11．223 & 021Fh & －ASR－I（integration constant）JOG & \begin{tabular}{l}
0.000 to 10.000 s \\
P control when set to 0.000
\end{tabular} & 0.200 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline C32 & c32＿f & UINT & \％MW11．224 & 0220h & －ASR－JOG input filter & 0.000 to 5.000 s & 0.040 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline C33 & c33＿f & UINT & \％MW11．225 & 0221h & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { - ASR-JOG detection } \\
\text { filter }
\end{array} \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & 0.000 to 0.100 s & 0.005 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline C34 & c34＿f & UINT & \％MW11．226 & 0222h & －ASR－JOG output filter & 0.000 to 0.100 s & 0.002 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline C35 & c35＿f & WORD & \％MW11．227 & 0223h & －Acceleration time JOG & 0.01 to 99.99 s 100.0 to 999.9 s 1000 to 3600 s & 5.00 & 13 & Yes \\
\hline C36 & c36＿f & WORD & \％MW11．228 & 0224h & －Deceleration time JOG & 0.01 to 99.99 s 100.0 to 999.9 s 1000 to 3600 s & 5.00 & 13 & Yes \\
\hline C37 & c37＿f & UINT & \％MW11．229 & 0225h & －S－curve starting side JOG & 0 to 50\％ & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C38 & c38＿f & UINT & \％MW11．230 & 0226h & －S－curve end side JOG & 0 to 50\％ & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C40 & c40＿f & UINT & \％MW11．232 & 0228h & ASR 2 setting －ASR 2－P gain & 0.1 to 500.0 （Multiplication） & 10.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline C41 & c41＿f & UINT & \％MW11．233 & 0229h & －ASR 2－I（integration
constant） & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 0.000 \text { to } 10.000 \mathrm{~s} \\
& \mathrm{P} \text { control when set to } 0.000 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & 0.200 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline C42 & c42＿f & UINT & \％MW11．234 & 022Ah & －ASR 2－FF（gain） & 0.000 to 9.999 s & 0.000 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline C43 & c43＿f & UINT & \％MW11．235 & 022Bh & －ASR 2 input filter & 0.000 to 5.000 s & 0.040 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline C44 & c44＿f & UINT & \％MW11．236 & 022Ch & －ASR 2 detection filter & 0.000 to 0.100 s & 0.005 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline C45 & c45＿f & UINT & \％MW11．237 & 022Dh & －ASR 2 output filter & 0.000 to 0.100 s & 0.002 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline C46 & c46＿f & WORD & \％MW11．238 & 022Eh & －Acceleration time 2 & 0.01 to 99.99 s 100.0 to 999.9 s 1000 to 3600 s & 5.00 & 13 & Yes \\
\hline C47 & c47＿f & WORD & \％MW11．239 & 022Fh & －Deceleration time 2 & 0.01 to 99.99 s 100.0 to 999.9 s 1000 to 3600 s & 5.00 & 13 & Yes \\
\hline C48 & c48＿f & UINT & \％MW11．240 & 0230h & －S－curve starting side 2 & 0 to 50\％ & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C49 & c49＿f & UINT & \％MW11．241 & 0231h & －S－curve end side 2 & 0 to 50\％ & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C50 & c50＿f & UINT & \％MW11．242 & 0232h & \begin{tabular}{l}
ASR 3 setting \\
－ASR 3－P gain
\end{tabular} & 0.1 to 500.0 （Multiplication） & 10.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline C51 & c51＿f & UINT & \％MW11．243 & 0233h & －ASR 3－I（integration constant） & 0.000 to 10.000 s
P control when set to 0.000 & 0.200 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline C52 & c52＿f & UINT & \％MW11．244 & 0234h & －ASR 3－FF（gain） & 0.000 to 9.999 s & 0.000 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline C53 & c53＿f & UINT & \％MW11．245 & 0235h & －ASR 3 input filter & 0.000 to 5.000 s & 0.040 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\square\) You can change the setting of the shaded setting code during operation．Stop operation to change the setting of the other functions．
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{C code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Highspeed Updating address} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Default setting} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Written } \\
& \text { by } \\
& \text { UPAC }
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline C54 & c54_f & UINT & \%MW11.246 & 0236h & - ASR 3 detection filter & 0.000 to 0.100 s & 0.005 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline C55 & c55_f & UINT & \%MW11.247 & 0237h & - ASR 3 output filter & 0.000 to 0.100 s & 0.002 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline C56 & c56_f & WORD & \%MW11.248 & 0238h & - Acceleration time 3 & 0.01 to 99.99 s 100.0 to 999.9 s 1000 to 3600 s & 5.00 & 13 & Yes \\
\hline C57 & c57_f & WORD & \%MW11.249 & 0239h & - Deceleration time 3 & 0.01 to 99.99 s 100.0 to 999.9 s 1000 to 3600 s & 5.00 & 13 & Yes \\
\hline C58 & c58_f & UINT & \%MW11.250 & 023Ah & - S-curve starting side 3 & 0 to 50\% & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C59 & c59_f & UINT & \%MW11.251 & 023Bh & - S-curve end side 3 & 0 to 50\% & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C60 & c60_f & UINT & \%MW11.252 & 023Ch & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \hline \text { ASR } 4 \text { setting } \\
& \text {-ASR 4-P gain } \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & 0.1 to 500.0 (Multiplication) & 10.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline C61 & c61_f & UINT & \%MW11.253 & 023Dh & - ASR 4-I (integration
constant) & \begin{tabular}{l}
0.000 to 10.000 s \\
P control when set to 0.000
\end{tabular} & 0.200 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline C62 & c62_f & UINT & \%MW11.254 & 023Eh & - ASR 4-FF (gain) & 0.000 to 9.999 s & 0.000 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline C63 & c63_f & UINT & \%MW11.255 & 023Fh & - ASR 4 input filter & 0.000 to 5.000 s & 0.040 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline C64 & c64_f & UINT & \%MW11.256 & 0240h & - ASR 4 detection filter & 0.000 to 0.100 s & 0.005 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline C65 & c65_f & UINT & \%MW11.257 & 0241h & - ASR 4 output filter & 0.000 to 0.100 s & 0.002 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline C66 & c66_f & WORD & \%MW11.258 & 0242h & - Acceleration time 4 & 0.01 to 99.99 s 100.0 to 999.9 s 1000 to 3600 s & 5.00 & 13 & Yes \\
\hline C67 & c67_f & WORD & \%MW11.259 & 0243h & - Deceleration time 4 & 0.01 to 99.99 s 100.0 to 999.9 s 1000 to 3600 s & 5.00 & 13 & Yes \\
\hline C68 & c68_f & UINT & \%MW11.260 & 0244h & - S-curve starting side 4 & 0 to 50\% & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C69 & c69_f & UINT & \%MW11.261 & 0245h & - S-curve end side 4 & 0 to 50\% & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline C70 & c70_f & UINT & \%MW11.262 & 0246h & ASR switching time & 0.00 to 2.55 s & 1.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline C71 & c71_f & UINT & \%MW11.263 & 0247h & Acceleration / deceleration time switching speed & 0.00 to 100.00\% & 0.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline C72 & c72_f & UINT & \%MW11.264 & 0248h & ASR switching speed & 0.00 to 100.00\% & 0.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline C73 & c73_f & WORD & \%MW11.265 & 0249h & Creep speed selection (during UP/DOWN) & \begin{tabular}{l}
00 to 11 \\
(Creep speed 1)(Creep speed 2) \\
0: Code (C18, C19) \\
1: Ai (CRP1, CRP2)
\end{tabular} & 00 & 9 & Yes \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\square\) You can change the setting of the shaded setting code during operation. Stop operation to change the setting of the other functions.
Table 5-2-25 P: Motor Parameters
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{P code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Highspeed Updating address} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Default setting} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Written } \\
& \text { by } \\
& \text { UPAC }
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline P01 & p01_f & UINT & \%MW11.289 & 0301h & M1 control method & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 5 \\
Vector control (induction motor) \\
Vector control without sensor (induction motor) \\
Mock operation mode \\
Vector control (induction motor) \\
- \\
V/f control (induction motor)
\end{tabular} & 0 & 55 & Yes \\
\hline P02 & p02_f & UINT & \%MW11.290 & 0302h & \begin{tabular}{l}
M1 motor parameter setting \\
- M1 motor selection
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
00 to 50 \\
When \(\mathrm{F} 60=0,1\), the indicated table ( \(\mathrm{kW}, \mathrm{HP}\) ) is changed. \\
00 to 35: Motor setting dedicated to FRENIC-VG Automatically sets data for the relevant motor to F04,F05,P03~P27. \\
F04, F05, and P03 through P27 are write protected. \\
36: P-OTHER (keypad panel indication: P-OTR) \\
F04, F05 and P03 through P27 do not change. \\
F04, F05, and P03 through P27 are write protected. \\
37: OTHER \\
F04, F05 and P03 through P27 do not change. F04, F05 and P03 through P27 are not writeprotected. \\
38 to 50: Dedicated setting for FRENIC-VG(8 type) Automatically sets data for the relevant motor to F04,F05,P03~P27. \\
F04, F05, and P03 through P27 are write protected. Handling of set value and motor is of 4.2.3.2 type [82]: Refer to M1 Motor Selection.
\end{tabular} &  & 82 & No \\
\hline P03 & p03_f & UINT & \%MW11.291 & 0303h & - M1 rated capacity & \begin{tabular}{l}
Inverter capacity 400 kW or less \\
When F60 \(=0,0.00\) to 500.00 kW \\
When \(\mathrm{F} 60=1,0.00\) to 600.00 HP \\
Inverter capacity 500 kW or more \\
When F60 \(=0,0.00\) to 1200 kW \\
When F60 \(=1,0.00\) to 1600 HP \\
In the case of multi-winding motor, set motor capacity for single winding.
\end{tabular} &  & 3 & Yes \\
\hline P04 & p04_f & WORD & \%MW11.292 & 0304h & - M1 rated current & 0.01 to 99.99 A 100.0 to 999.9 A 1000 to 2000A & \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\hline \text { By } \\
\text { capacit } \\
\text { y }
\end{array}
\] & 13 & Yes \\
\hline P05 & p05_f & UINT & \%MW11.293 & 0305h & - M1 poles & 2 to 100 poles & 4 & 1 & Yes \\
\hline P06 & p06_f & UINT & \%MW11.294 & 0306h & -M1-\%R1 & 0.00 to 30.00\% & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { By } \\
\text { capacit } \\
\text { y } \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
\] & 3 & Yes \\
\hline P07 & p07_f & UINT & \%MW11.295 & 0307h & - M1-\%X & 0.00 to 200.00\% & \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\hline \text { By } \\
\text { capacit } \\
y
\end{array}
\] & 3 & Yes \\
\hline P08 & p08_f & WORD & \%MW11.296 & 0308h & - M1 exciting current & 0.01 to 99.99 A 100.0 to 999.9 A 1000 to 2000A & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { By } \\
\text { capacit }
\end{gathered}
\] & 13 & Yes \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

You can change the setting of the shaded setting code during operation. Stop operation to change the setting of the other functions.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{P code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{|c|}
\hline High- \\
speed \\
Updating \\
address
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Default setting} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Written } \\
& \text { by } \\
& \text { UPAC }
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline P09 & p09_f & WORD & \%MW11.297 & 0309h & - M1 torque current & 0.01 to 99.99A 100.0 to 999.9A 1000 to 2000A & By capacity & 13 & Yes \\
\hline P10 & p10_f & UINT & \%MW11.298 & 030Ah & - M1 slip (driving) & 0.001 to 10.000 Hz & By capacity & 4 & Yes \\
\hline P11 & p11_f & UINT & \%MW11.299 & 030Bh & - M1 slip (braking) & 0.001 to 10.000 Hz & By capacity & 4 & Yes \\
\hline P12 & p12_f & UINT & \%MW11.300 & 030Ch & - M1 iron loss coefficient 1 & 0.00 to 10.00\% & By capacity & 3 & Yes \\
\hline P13 & p13_f & UINT & \%MW11.301 & 030Dh & - M1 iron loss coefficient 2 & 0.00 to 10.00\% & By capacity & 3 & Yes \\
\hline P14 & p14_f & UINT & \%MW11.302 & 030Eh & - M1 iron loss coefficient 3 & 0.00 to 10.00\% & By capacity & 3 & Yes \\
\hline P15 & p15_f & UINT & \%MW11.303 & 030Fh & - M1 magnetic saturation coefficient 1 & \begin{tabular}{l}
0.0 to \(100.0 \%\) \\
Adjustment coefficient for exciting current with magnetic flux command at \(93.75 \%\)
\end{tabular} & By capacity & 2 & Yes \\
\hline P16 & p16_f & UINT & \%MW11.304 & 0310h & - M1 magnetic saturation coefficient 2 & 0.0 to \(100.0 \%\) Adjustment coefficient for exciting current with magnetic flux command at \(87.5 \%\) & By capacity & 2 & Yes \\
\hline P17 & p17_f & UINT & \%MW11.305 & 0311h & - M1 magnetic saturation coefficient 3 & \begin{tabular}{l}
\[
0.0 \text { to } 100.0 \%
\] \\
Adjustment coefficient for exciting current with magnetic flux command at \(75 \%\)
\end{tabular} & By capacity & 2 & Yes \\
\hline P18 & p18_f & UINT & \%MW11.306 & 0312h & - M1 magnetic saturation coefficient 4 & \begin{tabular}{l}
0.0 to \(100.0 \%\) \\
Adjustment coefficient for exciting current with magnetic flux command at \(62.5 \%\)
\end{tabular} & By capacity & 2 & Yes \\
\hline P19 & p19_f & UINT & \%MW11.307 & 0313h & - M1 magnetic saturation coefficient 5 & \begin{tabular}{l}
0.0 to 100.0\% \\
Adjustment coefficient for exciting current with magnetic flux command at \(50 \%\)
\end{tabular} & By capacity & 2 & Yes \\
\hline P20 & p20_f & UINT & \%MW11.308 & 0314h & - M12 secondary time constant & 0.001 to 9.999 s & By capacity & 4 & Yes \\
\hline P21 & p21_f & UINT & \%MW11.309 & 0315h & - M1 induction voltage coefficient & 0 to 999 V & By capacity & 0 & Yes \\
\hline P22 & p22_f & UINT & \%MW11.310 & 0316h & - M1 - R2 correction coefficient 1 & 0.500 to 5.000 & By capacity & 4 & Yes \\
\hline P23 & p23_f & UINT & \%MW11.311 & 0317h & - M1-R2 correction coefficient 2 & 0.500 to 5.000 & By capacity & 4 & Yes \\
\hline P24 & p24_f & UINT & \%MW11.312 & 0318h & - M1 - R2 correction coefficient 3 & 0.010 to 5.000 & By capacity & 4 & Yes \\
\hline P25 & p25_f & UINT & \%MW11.313 & 0319h & - M1 exciting current correction coefficient & 0.000 to 5.000 & By capacity & 4 & Yes \\
\hline P26 & p26_f & UINT & \%MW11.314 & 031Ah & - M1 - ACR-P (gain) & 0.1 to 20.0 & 1.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline P27 & p27_f & UINT & \%MW11.315 & 031Bh & - M1 - ACR-I (integration time) & 0.1 to 100.0 ms & 1.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline P28 & p28_f & UINT & \%MW11.316 & 031Ch & M1-PG pulses & 100 to 60000 & 1024 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline P29 & p29_f & WORD & \%MW11.317 & 031Dh & M1 external PG correction coefficient & 0000 to 4FFF & 4000 & 9 & Yes \\
\hline P30 & p30_f & UINT & \%MW11.318 & 031Eh & M1 thermistor selection & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 3 \\
0: Without thermistor \\
1: Select NTC thermistor \\
2: Select PTC thermistor \\
3: Ai[M-TMP] \\
Set the protection level of the motor protection function using E30 through E32.
\end{tabular} & 1 & 84 & Yes \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\square\) You can change the setting of the shaded setting code during operation. Stop operation to change the setting of the other functions.

Table 5-2-26 H: High Performance Functions
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{H code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Highspeed Updating address} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{|l|}
\hline \text { Default } \\
\text { setting }
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Written by UPAC} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline H01 & h01_f & UINT & \%MW11.321 & 0401h & Tuning operation selection & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 4 \\
0 : Inactive \\
1: ASR auto-tuning (will become available shortly) \\
2: Motor constant auto-tuning R1,L \(\sigma\) \\
3: Motor stop auto-tuning \\
4: Motor rotation auto-tuning \\
The setting is automatically reset to zero after the data is written. \\
To retain the data, validate H 02 (all save function).
\end{tabular} & 0 & 61 & No \\
\hline H02 & h02_f & UINT & \%MW11.322 & 0402h & All save function & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
When auto-tuning is executed by H 01 , or when data is overwritten via linked system (T link, field bus, RS-485, etc.), data is deleted once the inverter is powered off. To retain data, activate this function. The setting is automatically reset to zero after the data is written.
\end{tabular} & 0 & 11 & No \\
\hline H03 & h03_f & UINT & \%MW11.323 & 0403h & Data initialization & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
The data changed by the customer is initialized to the default factory setting. \\
The initialized code includes all the \(\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{E}, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{o}, \mathrm{L}\) and U codes excluding the motor parameters ( P and A ), F04, F05, and F10 through F12, and F58. \\
The setting is automatically reset to zero after the data is written.
\end{tabular} & 0 & 11 & No \\
\hline H04 & h04_f & UINT & \%MW11.324 & 0404h & Retry (times) & ```
0 to }1
0: Inactive
1 to }10\mathrm{ times
The retry operation signal can be output to the output
terminal.
``` & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline H05 & h05_f & UINT & \%MW11.325 & 0405h & Retry (interval) & 0.01 to 20.00 s & 5.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline H06 & h06_f & UINT & \%MW11.326 & 0406h & Cooling fan ON/OFF control & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
0 : Inactive \\
1: Active \\
The cooling fan operation signal can be output in interlock with this function. \\
Selects whether to automatically detect temperature of cooling fin inside the inverter, and enable ON/OFF control of the cooling fan.
\end{tabular} & 0 & 68 & Yes \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
\(\square\) You can change the setting of the shaded setting code during operation. Stop operation to change the setting of the other functions.
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{H code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{|c} 
High- \\
speed \\
Updating \\
address
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Default setting} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Written by UPAC} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline H08 & h08_f & UINT & \%MW11.328 & 0408h & Reverse phase sequence lock & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
0: Invalid \\
1: Effective
\end{tabular} & 0 & 68 & Yes \\
\hline H09 & h09_f & UINT & \%MW11.329 & 0409h & Starting characteristic (rotating motor pick-up) & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 2 \\
0 : Inactive \\
1: Active (only when restarting after momentary power failure) \\
2: Active \\
Detects motor speed at start, and outputs the same speed as the motor speed.
\end{tabular} & 2 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline H10 & h10_f & UINT & \%MW11.330 & 040Ah & Automatic energysaving operation & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
0 : Invalid \\
1: Effective
\end{tabular} & 0 & 68 & Yes \\
\hline H11 & h11_f & UINT & \%MW11.331 & 040Bh & Automatic operation OFF function & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 4 \\
0 : The motor decelerates and stops when OFF between FWD-CM and REV-CM. \\
1: Operation OFF at speeds lower than F37 stoppingspeed even if connection across FWD-CM and REV-CM is ON. \\
2: Coast to stop when OFF between FWD-CM and REV-CM. \\
3: ASR decelerates and stops under torque control when OFF between FWD-CM,REV-CM. \\
4: Coast to stop under torque control when OFF between FWD-CM and REV-CM.
\end{tabular} & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline H13 & h13_f & UINT & \%MW11.333 & 040Dh & Start after momentary power failure - Delay & 0.1 to 5.0 s & 0.5 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline H14 & h14_f & UINT & \%MW11.334 & 040Eh & - Speed fall rate & 1 to \(3600 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\) & 500 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline H15 & h15_f & UINT & \%MW11.335 & 040Fh & - Holding voltage on continuous operation & \begin{tabular}{l}
3 phase 200V: 200 to 300 V \\
3 phase 400 V : 400 to 600 V \\
This is related to when set value 2 (Trip after decelerate-tostop) or 3 (continuation of operation) is selected for restart after momentary power failure (F14: mode selection).
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 235 / \\
& 470
\end{aligned}
\] & 0 & Yes \\
\hline H16 & h16_f & UINT & \%MW11.336 & 0410h & - Operation command self- hold setting & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
0: Designation at H 17 \\
1: Maximum time (The inverter judges momentary power failure and holds the operation command while the control power is established in the inverter or until the main circuit DC voltage becomes almost zero.)
\end{tabular} & 1 & 94 & Yes \\
\hline H17 & h17_f & UINT & \%MW11.337 & 0411h & - Operation command self- holding time & 0.0 to 30.0 s & 30.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline H19 & h19_f & UINT & \%MW11.339 & 0413h & Active drive & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
0 : Invalid \\
1: Effective \\
Under vector control, output torque is automatically limitted, and overload or other trips are avoided.
\end{tabular} & 0 & 68 & Yes \\
\hline H2O & h20_f & UINT & \%MW11.340 & 0414h & \begin{tabular}{l}
PID control setting \\
- Function select
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 3 \\
0: Inactive \\
1: Active \\
2: Inverse action 1 \\
3: Inverse action 2
\end{tabular} & 0 & 69 & Yes \\
\hline H21 & h21_f & UINT & \%MW11.341 & 0415h & - Command select & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
0: Keypad or input 12 \\
1: Analog input [PID-REF]
\end{tabular} & 0 & 70 & Yes \\
\hline H22 & h22_f & UINT & \%MW11.342 & 0416h & -P gain & 0.000 to 10.000 (Multiplication) & 1.000 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline H23 & h23_f & UINT & \%MW11.343 & 0417h & - I gain & 0.00 to 100.00 s & 1.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline H24 & h24_f & UINT & \%MW11.344 & 0418h & - D gain & 0.000 to 10.000 s & 0.000 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline H25 & h25_f & INT & \%MW11.345 & 0419h & - Upper limit & -300 to 300\% & 100 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline H26 & h26_f & INT & \%MW11.346 & 041Ah & - Lower limit & -300 to 300\% & -100 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline H27 & h27_f & UINT & \%MW11.347 & 041Bh & - Speed command select & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 2 \\
0 : Invalid \\
1: PID selection \\
2: Auxiliary speed selection
\end{tabular} & 0 & 95 & Yes \\
\hline H28 & h28_f & UINT & \%MW11.348 & 041Ch & Droop control & 0.0 to 25.0\% & 0.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline H29 & h29_f & UINT & \%MW11.349 & 041Dh & \begin{tabular}{l}
Link function \\
- Data protection via link
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
0: Code can be written from the link. \\
1: Protected against Code writing from the link. This function is to prevent code overwriting from the link (T link, RS-485, etc.) \\
The link area is divided into two areas: regular code area (mentioned above) and command data area (S area). The S area is defined with H 30 .
\end{tabular} & 0 & 40 & Yes \\
\hline H30 & h30_f & UINT & \%MW11.350 & 041Eh & - Link operation & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 3 \\
Monitor, command data, operation control (FWD, REV)
\end{tabular} & 0 & 72 & Yes \\
\hline H31 & h31_f & UINT & \%MW11.351 & 041Fh & \begin{tabular}{l}
RS485 setting \\
- Station address
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 255 \\
Broadcast: (0: RTU),(99: Fuji) \\
address: 1 to 255 \\
Specifies the station address for the RS-485.
\end{tabular} & 1 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline H32 & h32_f & UINT & \%MW11.352 & 0420h & - Function select upon error & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 3 \\
0: Forced stop (er5) \\
1: Operation for H33 time, and alarm (er5) \\
2: Operation for H33 time, and stop if continuation of communication alarm is judged (er5). \\
3: Continuation of operation
\end{tabular} & 3 & 73 & Yes \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
\(\square\) You can change the setting of the shaded setting code during operation. Stop operation to change the setting of the other functions.
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{H code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Highspeed Updating address} & \multirow{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Default \\
setting
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline H33 & h33_f & UINT & \%MW11.353 & 0421h & - Timer & 0.01 to 20.00 s & 2.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline H34 & h34_f & UINT & \%MW11.354 & 0422h & - Transmission speed & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 4 \\
0: 38400bps \\
1: 19200bps \\
2: 9600bps \\
3: 4800bps \\
4: 2400bps
\end{tabular} & 0 & 74 & Yes \\
\hline H35 & h35_f & UINT & \%MW11.355 & 0423h & - Data length & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
0: 8bit \\
1: 7bit
\end{tabular} & 0 & 75 & Yes \\
\hline H36 & h36_f & UINT & \%MW11.356 & 0424h & - Parity bit & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 2 \\
0 : None \\
1: Even parity \\
2: Odd parity
\end{tabular} & 1 & 76 & Yes \\
\hline H37 & h37_f & UINT & \%MW11.357 & 0425h & - Stop bits & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
0: 2bit \\
1: 1bit
\end{tabular} & 1 & 77 & Yes \\
\hline H38 & h38_f & UINT & \%MW11.358 & 0426h & - No response error detection time & \[
\begin{array}{|l|}
\hline 0.0 \text { to } 60.0 \mathrm{~s} \\
0.0: \text { Broken wire detection invalid } \\
0.1 \text { to } 60.0: \text { Broken wire detection valid } \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & 60.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline H39 & h39_f & UINT & \%MW11.359 & 0427h & - Response interval & 0.00 to 1.00 s & 0.01 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline H40 & h40_f & UINT & \%MW11.360 & 0428h & - Protocol & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 2 \\
0: Fuji general-purpose inverter protocol \\
1: FRENIC Loader protocol (SX protocol) \\
2: Modbus RTU protocol \\
When PC loader dedicated to FRENIC-VG is used, set \\
"1: SX protocol".
\end{tabular} & 1 & 78 & Yes \\
\hline H41 & h41_f & UINT & \%MW11.361 & 0429h & \begin{tabular}{l}
Torque and magnetic flux control setting \\
- Torque command selection
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 5 \\
0: Internal ASR \\
1: Ai (T-REF) \\
2: DIA card valid \\
3: DIB card valid \\
4: Link valid \\
5: PID
\end{tabular} & 0 & 64 & Yes \\
\hline H42 & h42_f & UINT & \%MW11.362 & 042Ah & - Torque current command selection & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 4 \\
0: Internal ASR \\
1: Ai (IT-REF) \\
2. DIA card valid \\
3: DIB card valid \\
4: Link valid
\end{tabular} & 0 & 65 & Yes \\
\hline H43 & h43_f & UINT & \%MW11.363 & 042Bh & - Magnetic flux command selection & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 3 \\
0 : Internal calculation \\
1: Ai (MF-REF) \\
2: Function code H 44 valid \\
3: Link valid
\end{tabular} & 0 & 66 & Yes \\
\hline H44 & h44_f & UINT & \%MW11.364 & 042Ch & - Magnetic flux reference value & 10 to 100\% & 100 & 16 & Yes \\
\hline H46 & h46_f & UINT & \%MW11.366 & 042Eh & \begin{tabular}{l}
Observer setting \\
- Observer type selection
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 2 \\
0 : Observer inactive \\
1: Load disturbance observer \\
2: Vibration suppression observer
\end{tabular} & 0 & 79 & Yes \\
\hline H47 & h47_f & UINT & \%MW11.367 & 042Fh & - M1 compensation gain & 0.00 to 1.00 (Multiplication) & 0.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline H48 & h48_f & UINT & \%MW11.368 & 0430h & - M2 compensation gain & 0.00 to 1.00 (Multiplication) & 0.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline H49 & h49_f & UINT & \%MW11.369 & 0431h & - M1 integration time & 0.005 to 1.000 s & 0.100 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline H50 & h50_f & UINT & \%MW11.370 & 0432h & - M2 integration time & 0.005 to 1.000 s & 0.100 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline H51 & h51_f & UINT & \%MW11.371 & 0433h & - M1 load inertia & \begin{tabular}{l}
0.001 to \(50.000 \mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m} 2\) \\
Setting multiplication can be selected by H 228 .
\end{tabular} & By capacity & 4 & Yes \\
\hline H52 & h52_f & UINT & \%MW11.372 & 0434h & - M2 load inertia & \begin{tabular}{l}
0.001 to \(50.000 \mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m} 2\) \\
Setting multiplication can be selected by H 228 .
\end{tabular} & 0.001 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline H53 & h53_f & UINT & \%MW11.373 & 0435h & Line speed feedback selection & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 3 \\
0: Line speed invalid (built-in PG valid) \\
With UPAC, select between Ai input or PG(LD) high, \\
1: Analog line speed detection (AI-LINE) \\
2: Digital line speed detection (PG(LD)) \\
3: High selector (select high levels for motor speed and line speed)
\end{tabular} & 0 & 67 & Yes \\
\hline H55 & h55_f & UINT & & 0437h & Zero speed control
setting
- Zero speed control
(gain) & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 100 (Multiplication) \\
For details, see [LOCK] in "X function selection" for function codes E01 to E13.
\end{tabular} & 5 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline H56 & h56_f & UINT & \begin{tabular}{l}
\%MW11.375 \\
\%MW11.376
\end{tabular} & 0438h & Zero speed control (completion width) & 0 to 100 pulses & 100 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline H57 & h57_f & UINT & \%MW11.377 & 0439h & \begin{tabular}{l}
Suppression function setting \\
- Over voltage suppression function
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
0 : Inactive \\
1: Active
\end{tabular} & 0 & 68 & Yes \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\square\) You can change the setting of the shaded setting code during operation. Stop operation to change the setting of the other functions.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{H code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{High-
speed
Updating
address} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Default setting} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Written } \\
& \text { by } \\
& \text { UPAC }
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline H58 & h58_f & UINT & \%MW11.378 & 043Ah & - Over current suppression function & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
0 : Inactive \\
1: Active
\end{tabular} & 0 & 68 & Yes \\
\hline H60 & h60_f & UINT & \%MW11.380 & 043Ch & Load adaptive control function setting - Load adaptive control function definition 1 & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 3 \\
0: Invalid \\
1: Type 1 \\
2: Type 2 \\
3: Type 3
\end{tabular} & 0 & 80 & Yes \\
\hline H61 & h61_f & UINT & \%MW11.381 & 043Dh & - Load adaptive control function definition 2 & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
0 : Wind up upon forward rotation of motor \\
1. Wind down upon forward rotation of motor
\end{tabular} & 0 & 81 & Yes \\
\hline H62 & h62_f & UINT & \%MW11.382 & 043Eh & - Winding speed & 0.0 to \(999.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) & 0.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline H63 & h63_f & UINT & \%MW11.383 & 043Fh & - Counterweight & 0.00 to 600.00 t & 0.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline H64 & h64_f & UINT & \%MW11.384 & 0440h & - Safety coefficient & 0.50 to 1.20 & 1.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline H65 & h65_f & UINT & \%MW11.385 & 0441h & - Mechanical efficiency & 0.500 to 1.000 & 0.500 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline H66 & h66_f & UINT & \%MW11.386 & 0442h & - Rated load & 0.00 to 600.00 t & 0.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline H68 & h68_f & UINT & \%MW11.388 & 0444h & Alarm data delete & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
The setting is automatically reset to zero after the data is written. \\
Internally retained alarm history, alarm causes, and alarm information are all deleted.
\end{tabular} & 0 & 11 & No \\
\hline H70 & h70_f & UINT & \%MW11.390 & 0446h & Adjustment for manufacturer - For manufacturer 1 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \hline 0 \text { to } 9999 \\
& \text { For manufacturer (Do not specify.) }
\end{aligned}
\] & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline H71 & h71_f & UINT & \%MW11.391 & 0447h & - For manufacturer 2 & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 10 \\
For manufacturer (Do not specify.)
\end{tabular} & 0 & 62 & Yes \\
\hline \multicolumn{10}{|r|}{You can change the setting of the shaded setting code during operation. Stop operation to change the setting of the other functions.} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Table 5-2-27 A: Alternative Motor Parameters
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{A code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Highspeed Updating address} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{|l|} 
Default \\
setting
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Written } \\
& \text { by } \\
& \text { UPAC }
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline A01 & a01_f & UINT & \%MW11.401 & 0501h & \begin{tabular}{l}
M2 motor parameter setting \\
- M2 control method
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
to 5 \\
Vector control (induction motor) \\
Vector control without sensor (induction motor) \\
- \\
Vector control (induction motor) \\
- \\
V/f control (induction motor)
\end{tabular} & 0 & 55 & Yes \\
\hline A02 & a02_f & UINT & \%MW11.402 & 0502h & - M2 rated capacity & \begin{tabular}{l}
Inverter capacity 400 kW or less \\
When \(\mathrm{F} 60=0,0.00\) to 500.00 kW \\
When F60 \(=1,0.00\) to 600.00 HP \\
Inverter capacity 500 kW or more \\
When F60 \(=0,0.00\) to 1200 kW \\
When F60 \(=1,0.00\) to 1600 HP \\
In the case of multi-winding motor, set motor capacity for single winding.
\end{tabular} & 0.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline A03 & a03_f & WORD & \%MW11.403 & 0503h & - M2 rated current & \[
\begin{array}{|l|}
\hline 0.01 \text { to } 99.99 \mathrm{~A} \\
100.0 \text { to } 999.9 \mathrm{~A} \\
1000 \text { to } 2000 \mathrm{~A} \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & 0.01 & 13 & Yes \\
\hline A04 & a04_f & UINT & \%MW11.404 & 0504h & - M2 rated voltage & 80 to 999 V & 80 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline A05 & a05_f & UINT & \%MW11.405 & 0505h & - M2 rated speed & 50 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\) & 1500 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline A06 & a06_f & UINT & \%MW11.406 & 0506h & - M2 maximum speed & 50 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\) & 1500 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline A07 & a07_f & UINT & \%MW11.407 & 0507h & - M2 poles & 2 to 100 poles & 4 & 1 & Yes \\
\hline A08 & a08_f & UINT & \%MW11.408 & 0508h & - M2-\%R1 & 0.00 to 30.00\% & 0.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline A09 & a09_f & UINT & \%MW11.409 & 0509h & - M2-\%X & 0.00 to 200.00\% & 0.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline A10 & a10_f & WORD & \%MW11.410 & 050Ah & - M2 exciting current & 0.01 to 99.99 A 100.0 to 999.9A 1000 to 2000A & 0.01 & 13 & Yes \\
\hline A11 & a11_f & WORD & \%MW11.411 & 050Bh & - M2 torque current & 0.01 to 99.99 A 100.0 to 999.9A 1000 to 2000A & 0.01 & 13 & Yes \\
\hline A12 & a12_f & UINT & \%MW11.412 & 050Ch & - M2 slip (driving) & 0.001 to 10.000 Hz & 0.001 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline A13 & a13_f & UINT & \%MW11.413 & 050Dh & - M2 slip (braking) & 0.001 to 10.000 Hz & 0.001 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline A14 & a14_f & UINT & \%MW11.414 & 050Eh & - M2 iron loss coefficient 1 & 0.00 to 10.00\% & 0.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline A15 & a15_f & UINT & \%MW11.415 & 050Fh & - M2 iron loss coefficient 2 & 0.00 to 10.00\% & 0.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline A16 & a16_f & UINT & \%MW11.416 & 0510h & - M2 iron loss coefficient 3 & 0.00 to \(10.00 \%\) & 0.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline A17 & a17_f & UINT & \%MW11.417 & 0511h & - M2 magnetic saturation coefficient 1 & 0.0 to 100.0\% & 93.8 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline A18 & a18_f & UINT & \%MW11.418 & 0512h & - M2 magnetic saturation coefficient 2 & 0.0 to 100.0\% & 87.5 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
\(\square\) You can change the setting of the shaded setting code during operation. Stop operation to change the setting of the other functions
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{A code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{High-speed Updating address} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Default setting} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Written by UPAC} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline A19 & a19_f & UINT & \%MW11.419 & 0513h & - M2 magnetic saturation coefficient 3 & 0.0 to 100.0\% & 75.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline A20 & a20_f & UINT & \%MW11.420 & 0514h & - M2 magnetic saturation coefficient 4 & 0.0 to 100.0\% & 62.5 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline A21 & a21_f & UINT & \%MW11.421 & 0515h & - M2 magnetic saturation coefficient 5 & 0.0 to 100.0\% & 50.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline A22 & a22_f & UINT & \%MW11.422 & 0516h & - M2 secondary time constant & 0.001 to 9.999 s & 0.001 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline A23 & a23_f & UINT & \%MW11.423 & 0517h & - M2 induction voltage coefficient & 0 to 999 V & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline A24 & a24_f & UINT & \%MW11.424 & 0518h & - M2-R2 correction coefficient & 0.000 to 5.000 & 1.000 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline A25 & a25_f & UINT & \%MW11.425 & 0519h & - M2-R2 correction coefficient & 0.000 to 5.000 & 1.000 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline A26 & a26_f & UINT & \%MW11.426 & 051Ah & - M2-R2 correction coefficient & 0.010 to 5.000 & 1.000 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline A27 & a27_f & UINT & \%MW11.427 & 051Bh & - M2 exciting current correction coefficient & 0.000 to 5.000 & 0.000 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline A28 & a28_f & UINT & \%MW11.428 & 051Ch & - M2-ACR-P (gain) & 0.1 to 20.0 & 1.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline A29 & a29_f & UINT & \%MW11.429 & 051Dh & - M2-ACR-I (integration time) & 0.1 to 100.0 ms & 1.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline A30 & a30_f & UINT & \%MW11.430 & 051Eh & M2-PG pulses & 100 to 60000 & 1024 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline A31 & a31_f & UINT & \%MW11.431 & 051Fh & M2 thermistor selection & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 3 \\
0 : Without thermistor \\
1: Select NTC thermistor \\
2: Select PTC thermistor \\
3: Ai[M-TMP] \\
Set the protection level of the motor protection function using E30 through E32.
\end{tabular} & 1 & 84 & Yes \\
\hline A32 & a32_f & UINT & \%MW11.432 & 0520h & M2 electronic thermal overload relay setting - M2 electronic thermal overload relay (function selection) & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 2 \\
0: Inactive (with special motor for VG) \\
1: Enable (for general-purpose motor: to be used for self-cooling fan) \\
2: Enable (for inverter motor: to be used for separately-driven fan)
\end{tabular} & 0 & 85 & Yes \\
\hline A33 & a33_f & WORD & \%MW11.433 & 0521h & - M2 electronic thermal overload relay (operation level) & 0.01 to 99.99 A 100.0 to 999.9A 1000 to 2000A & 0.01 & 13 & Yes \\
\hline A34 & a34_f & UINT & \%MW11.434 & 0522h & - M2 electronic thermal overload relay (thermal time constant) & 0.5 to 75.0 min & 0.5 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline A102 & a35_f & UINT & \%MW11.435 & 2402h & - M3 rated capacity & \begin{tabular}{l}
Inverter capacity 400 kW or less \\
When F60 \(=0,0.00\) to 500.00 kW \\
When F60 \(=1,0.00\) to 600.00 HP \\
Inverter capacity 500 kW or more \\
When F60 \(=0,0.00\) to 1200 kW \\
When F60 \(=1,0.00\) to 1600 HP \\
In the case of multi-winding motor, set motor capacity for single winding.
\end{tabular} & 0.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline A103 & a36_f & WORD & \%MW11.436 & 2403h & - M3 rated current & 0.01 to 99.99 A 100.0 to 999.9A 1000 to 2000A & 0.01 & 13 & Yes \\
\hline A104 & a37_f & UINT & \%MW11.437 & 2404h & - M3 rated voltage & 80 to 999 V & 80 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline A153 & a38_f & UINT & \%MW11.438 & 2435h & -M3 maximum output voltage & 80 to 999 V & 80 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline A105 & a39_f & UINT & \%MW11.439 & 2405h & - M3 rated speed & 50 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\) & 1500 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline A106 & a40_f & UINT & \%MW11.440 & 2406h & - M3 maximum speed & 50 to \(30000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\) & 1500 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline A107 & a41_f & UINT & \%MW11.441 & 2407h & - M3 poles & 2 to 100 poles & 4 & 1 & Yes \\
\hline A108 & a42_f & UINT & \%MW11.442 & 2408h & - M3-\%R1 & 0.00 to 30.00\% & 0.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline A109 & a43_f & UINT & \%MW11.443 & 2409h & - M3-\%X & 0.00 to 200.00\% & 0.00 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline A110 & a44_f & WORD & \%MW11.444 & 240Ah & - M3 exciting current & 0.01 to 99.99 A 100.0 to 999.9A 1000 to 2000A & 0.01 & 13 & Yes \\
\hline A154 & a45_f & INT & \%MW11.445 & 2436h & - M3 slip compensation variable & -20.000 to 5.000 Hz & 0.000 & 8 & Yes \\
\hline A155 & a46_f & UINT & \%MW11.446 & 2437h & M3 torque boost & \begin{tabular}{l}
0.0 to 20.0 \\
This function is unique to \(\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{f}\) control. The following options are available.
\end{tabular} & 0.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline A131 & a47_f & UINT & \%MW11.447 & 241Fh & M3 thermistor selection & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 3 \\
0: Without thermistor \\
1: Select NTC thermistor \\
2: Select PTC thermistor \\
3: Ai[M-TMP] \\
Set the protection level of the motor protection function using E30 through E32.
\end{tabular} & 1 & 84 & Yes \\
\hline A132 & a48_f & UINT & \%MW11.448 & 2420h & M3 electronic thermal overload relay setting - M3 electronic thermal overload relay (function selection) & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 2 \\
0: Inactive (with special motor for VG) \\
1: Enable (for general-purpose motor: to be used for self-cooling fan) \\
2: Enable (for inverter motor: to be used for separately-driven fan)
\end{tabular} & 0 & 85 & Yes \\
\hline A133 & a49_f & WORD & \%MW11.449 & 2421h & - M3 electronic thermal overload relay (operation level) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \hline 0.01 \text { to } 99.99 \mathrm{~A} \\
& 100.0 \text { to } 999.9 \mathrm{~A} \\
& 1000 \text { to } 2000 \mathrm{~A} \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & 0.01 & 13 & Yes \\
\hline A134 & a50_f & UINT & \%MW11.450 & 2422h & - M3 electronic thermal overload relay (thermal time constant) & 0.5 to 75.0 min & 0.5 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\square\) You can change the setting of the shaded setting code during operation. Stop operation to change the setting of the other functions.
Note)
When you switch over from the VG7 series, function codes A35 to 50 in VG7 series are changed to A102 to 134 and A53 to 155 in the VG1 series. Also note that high-speed updating addresses also differ.

Table 5-2-28 O: Optional Functions
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{o code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Highspeed Updating address} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Default setting} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Written by UPAC} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline 001 & 001_f & UINT & \%MW11.465 & 0601h & - DIA function selection & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 0 \text { to } 1 \\
& 0: \text { binary } \\
& \text { 1: BCD } \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & 0 & 86 & Yes \\
\hline 002 & 002_f & UINT & \%MW11.466 & 0602h & - DIB function selection & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 0 \text { to } 1 \\
& 0: \text { binary } \\
& \text { 1: BCD }
\end{aligned}
\] & 0 & 86 & Yes \\
\hline 003 & 003_f & UINT & \%MW11.467 & 0603h & - DIA BCD input setting & 99 to 7999 & 1000 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline 004 & 004_f & UINT & \%MW11.468 & 0604h & - DIB BCD input setting & 99 to 7999 & 1000 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline 005 & 005_f & UINT & \%MW11.469 & 0605h & PG (PD) option setting - Feedback pulse selection & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 2 \\
0 : PG built in main body \\
1: \(\mathrm{PG}(\mathrm{PD})\) options \\
2: SPGT options
\end{tabular} & 0 & 96 & Yes \\
\hline 006 & 006_f & UINT & \%MW11.470 & 0606h & PG (LD) option setting Digital line speed detection Definitions (no. of encoder pulses) & 100 to 60000 P/R & 1024 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline 007 & 007_f & UINT & \%MW11.471 & 0607h & Digital line speed
detection
Definitions (Detection
pulse correction 1) & 1 to 9999 & 1000 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline 008 & 008_f & UINT & \%MW11.472 & 0608h & Digital line speed detection Definitions (Detection pulse correction 2) & 1 to 9999 & 1000 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline 009 & 009_f & UINT & \%MW11.473 & 0609h & M1 ABS signal input definition & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 16 \\
Set in accordance with the encoder specification. \\
Define operational interface to detect the magnetic pole locaion. \\
1bit (terminal ; F0) Z phase interface (will become available shortly) \\
3bit (terminal ; F0,F1,F2) U,V,W phase interface \\
4bit (terminal ; F0,F1,F2,F3) gray code interface \\
SPGT 17bit seven interface
\end{tabular} & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline o10 & o10_f & WORD & \%MW11.474 & 060Ah & - Magnetic pole position offset & 0.0 to \(359.9\left(0^{\circ} \sim 359.9^{\circ} \mathrm{CCW}\right.\) direction) Specify the reference position of encoder and the offset amount to the actual motor magnetic pole position. & 0.0 & 9 & Yes \\
\hline 011 & o11_f & UINT & \%MW11.475 & 060Bh & - Salient pole ratio (\%Xq/\%Xd) & \begin{tabular}{l}
1.000 to 5.000 \\
Set the synchronous motor salient pole ratio. \\
Set value \(=\mathrm{Lq} / \mathrm{Ld}\) \\
When SPM motor is to be driven, set to 1,000 .
\end{tabular} & 1.000 & 4 & Yes \\
\hline 012 & 012_f & UINT & \%MW11.476 & 060Ch & \begin{tabular}{l}
PG (PR) pulse string option setting \\
- Command pulse selection
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 1 \\
0: PG(PR) options \\
1: Internal speed command
\end{tabular} & 0 & 97 & Yes \\
\hline 013 & 013_f & UINT & \%MW11.477 & 060Dh & - Pulse string input form selection & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 2 \\
0 : Phase difference 90 between \(A\) and \(B\) phases \\
1: A phase: Command pulse, \(B\) phase: Command sign \\
2: A phase: Forward rotation pulse, B phase: Reverse rotation pulse
\end{tabular} & 0 & 98 & Yes \\
\hline 014 & 014_f & UINT & \%MW11.478 & 060Eh & - Command pulse correction & 1 to 9999 & 1000 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline 015 & o15_f & UINT & \%MW11.479 & 060Fh & - Command pulse correction & 1 to 9999 & 1000 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline 016 & 016_f & UINT & \%MW11.480 & 0610h & - APR gain & 0.1 to 999.9 (Multiplication) & 1.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline 017 & 017_f & UINT & \%MW11.481 & 0611h & - F/F gain & 0.0 to 1.5 (Multiplication) & 0.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline 018 & o18_f & UINT & \%MW11.482 & 0612h & - Excessive deviation tolerance & 0 to 65535 pulses & 65535 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline 019 & 019_f & UINT & \%MW11.483 & 0613h & - Deviation zero width & 0 to 1000 pulses & 20 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline o30 & o30_f & UINT & \%MW11.494 & 061Eh & Link option setting - Action upon transmission error & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 3 \\
0 : immediate trip (er4) \\
1: Trip after operation has been continued for the specified operation time (er4) \\
2: Trip after communication error has continued for the specified operation time or longer (er4) \\
3: Continuation of operation \\
Set action when Link communication error occurs. \\
Set value 0 to 3 for CC-Link varies from the action above.
\end{tabular} & 0 & 73 & Yes \\
\hline 031 & o31_f & UINT & \%MW11.495 & 061Fh & - Operation time upon transmission error & \begin{tabular}{l}
\[
0.01 \text { to } 20.00 \mathrm{~s}
\] \\
Set time before communication error is issued after link communication error occurs.
\end{tabular} & 0.10 & 3 & Yes \\
\hline 032 & o32_f & UINT & \%MW11.496 & 0620h & - Transmission format & \begin{tabular}{ll}
0 to 4 \\
0:Transmission format1 & \(1:\) Transmission format2 \\
2:Transmission format3 & \(3:\) Transmission format4 \\
4:Transmission format5 &
\end{tabular} & 0 & 87 & Yes \\
\hline o33 & 033_f & UINT & \%MW11.497 & 0621h & Multi-system control method & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 5 \\
0: Invalid \\
1: Multi-winding system \\
2: Multi-system 1 (direct para system) \\
3: Multi-system 2 \\
4,5: Spare 1,2 \\
Select whether to use a high-speed serial communicationenabled terminal block as a multi-winding system or multisystem. If set to invalid, single-unit operation becomes possible. \\
Also see "Multi-system cancel" section in "X function selection" for E01 to E13.
\end{tabular} & 0 & 68 & Yes \\
\hline o34 & o34_f & UINT & \%MW11.498 & 0622h & Multi-system No. of slave units & 1 to 5 When multi-system is enabled, set the number of slave units excluding master unit. & 1 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{o code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Highspeed Updating address} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Default setting} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Written by \\
UPAC
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline 035 & o35_f & UINT & \%MW11.499 & 0623h & \begin{tabular}{l}
SIO option setting \\
- SIU link station address
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 255 \\
Define the link station address for SIU option used in UPAC link. \\
0 : Master address \\
1 to 11: Slave address \\
100: Master address (broadcasting) \\
101 to 255: Slave address (broadcasting)
\end{tabular} & 0 & 0 & No \\
\hline 036 & o36_f & UINT & \%MW11.500 & 0624h & - SIU link system slave stations & \begin{tabular}{l}
1 to 155 \\
Number of slave stations linked with SIU option in a system of multiple inverters with UPAC inverter being the master
\end{tabular} & 1 & 0 & No \\
\hline 038 & o38_f & UINT & \%MW11.502 & 0626h & - UPAC start / stop & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 2 \\
0: UPAC stop \\
1: UPAC start \\
2: UPAC start (initial start) \\
Controls starting and stopping of UPAC.
\end{tabular} & 0 & 68 & No \\
\hline 039 & o39_f & WORD & \%MW11.503 & 0627h & - UPAC memory mode & \begin{tabular}{l}
00 to \(1 F\) \\
Set the corresponding area for changing UPAC duringstoppage. 0 : Hold1: Zero clear \\
Bit 1 : IQ area \\
Bit 2 : M area \\
Bit 3 : RM area \\
Bit 4 : FM area \\
Bit 5 : SFM area
\end{tabular} & 0 & 9 & No \\
\hline 040 & 040_f & UINT & \%MW11.504 & 0628h & UPAC Address & \begin{tabular}{l}
\[
100 \text { to } 255
\] \\
Station address of UPAC for communication over RS485 in a system where PC accesses (refers to or downloads) UPAC application.
\end{tabular} & 100 & 0 & No \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\square\) You can change the setting of the shaded setting code during operation. Stop operation to change the setting of the other functions.
Table 5-2-29 L: Lift Functions
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{L code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Highspeed Updating address} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Default setting} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Written } \\
& \text { by } \\
& \text { UPAC }
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline L01 & I01_f & UINT & \%MW11.511 & 0901h & Password data 1 & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 9999 \\
By setting eight digits of password data in total for L01 and L02, changes and checks of function code data can be limited. By setting either L01 or L02 to data other than 0, limitation by password becomes valid.
\end{tabular} & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline L02 & I02_f & UINT & \%MW11.512 & 0902h & Password data 2 & 0 to 9999 & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline L03 & I03_f & UINT & \%MW11.513 & 0903h & Rated lift speed & 0.0 to \(999.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{min}\) & 100.0 & 2 & Yes \\
\hline L04 & 104_f & UINT & \%MW11.514 & 0904h & S-curve setting - Fixed S-curve pattern & \begin{tabular}{l}
0 to 2 \\
0: Not used Regular acceleration and deceleration, S-curve (15 steps, S-curve 5) \\
1: Type 1 VG3, VG5 method. Acceleration / deceleration can be controlled via terminal 12 when all of SS1, SS2 and SS4 are OFF. \\
2: Type 2 VG7,FRENIC-VG method. Zero speed when all of SS1, SS2 and SS4 are OFF. \\
Select application modes for S-curve setting and for multistep speed setting.
\end{tabular} & 0 & 80 & Yes \\
\hline L05 & I05_f & UINT & \%MW11.515 & 0905h & - S-curve setting 1 & 0 to 50\% & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline L06 & I06_f & UINT & \%MW11.516 & 0906h & -S-curve setting 2 & 0 to 50\% & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline L07 & 107_f & UINT & \%MW11.517 & 0907h & - S-curve setting 3 & 0 to 50\% & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline L08 & I08_f & UINT & \%MW11.518 & 0908h & - S-curve setting 4 & 0 to 50\% & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline L09 & I09_f & UINT & \%MW11.519 & 0909h & - S-curve setting 5 & 0 to 50\% & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline L10 & I10_f & UINT & \%MW11.520 & 090Ah & - S-curve setting 6 & 0 to 50\% & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline L11 & I11_f & UINT & \%MW11.521 & 090Bh & - S-curve setting 7 & 0 to 50\% & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline L12 & I12_f & UINT & \%MW11.522 & 090Ch & - S-curve setting 8 & 0 to 50\% & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline L13 & I13_f & UINT & \%MW11.523 & 090Dh & - S-curve setting 9 & 0 to 50\% & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline L14 & I14_f & UINT & \%MW11.524 & 090Eh & - S-curve setting 10 & 0 to 50\% & 0 & 0 & Yes \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\square\) You can change the setting of the shaded setting code during operation. Stop operation to change the setting of the other functions.

Table 5-2-30 U: User Functions
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{U code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{|c|}
\hline High- \\
speed \\
Updating \\
address
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Default setting} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Written
by
UPAC} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline U01 & u01_f & INT & \%MW11.531 & 0B01h & USER P1 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U02 & u02_f & INT & \%MW11.532 & OB02h & USER P2 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U03 & u03_f & INT & \%MW11.533 & 0B03h & USER P3 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U04 & u04_f & INT & \%MW11.534 & OB04h & USER P4 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U05 & u05_f & INT & \%MW11.535 & 0B05h & USER P5 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U06 & u06_f & INT & \%MW11.536 & 0B06h & USER P6 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U07 & u07_f & INT & \%MW11.537 & 0B07h & USER P7 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U08 & u08_f & INT & \%MW11.538 & 0B08h & USER P8 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U09 & u09_f & INT & \%MW11.539 & 0B09h & USER P9 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U10 & u10_f & INT & \%MW11.540 & 0B0Ah & USER P10 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U11 & u11_f & INT & \%MW11.541 & OBOBh & USER P11 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U12 & u12_f & INT & \%MW11.542 & 0B0Ch & USER P12 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U13 & u13_f & INT & \%MW11.543 & 0B0Dh & USER P13 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U14 & u14_f & INT & \%MW11.544 & OB0Eh & USER P14 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U15 & u15_f & INT & \%MW11.545 & 0B0Fh & USER P15 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U16 & u16_f & INT & \%MW11.546 & OB10h & USER P16 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U17 & u17_f & INT & \%MW11.547 & OB11h & USER P17 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U18 & u18_f & INT & \%MW11.548 & OB12h & USER P18 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U19 & u19_f & INT & \%MW11.549 & OB13h & USER P19 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U20 & u20_f & INT & \%MW11.550 & OB14h & USER P20 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U21 & u21_f & INT & \%MW11.551 & OB15h & USER P21 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U22 & u22_f & INT & \%MW11.552 & OB16h & USER P22 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U23 & u23_f & INT & \%MW11.553 & OB17h & USER P23 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U24 & u24_f & INT & \%MW11.554 & OB18h & USER P24 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U25 & u25_f & INT & \%MW11.555 & OB19h & USER P25 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U26 & u26_f & INT & \%MW11.556 & 0B1Ah & USER P26 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U27 & u27_f & INT & \%MW11.557 & 0B1Bh & USER P27 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U28 & u28_f & INT & \%MW11.558 & 0B1Ch & USER P28 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U29 & u29_f & INT & \%MW11.559 & 0B1Dh & USER P29 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U30 & u30_f & INT & \%MW11.560 & 0B1Eh & USER P30 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U31 & u31_f & INT & \%MW11.561 & 0B1Fh & USER P31 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U32 & u32_f & INT & \%MW11.562 & OB20h & USER P32 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U33 & u33_f & INT & \%MW11.563 & OB21h & USER P33 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U34 & u34_f & INT & \%MW11.564 & OB22h & USER P34 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U35 & u35_f & INT & \%MW11.565 & OB23h & USER P35 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U36 & u36_f & INT & \%MW11.566 & OB24h & USER P36 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U37 & u37_f & INT & \%MW11.567 & OB25h & USER P37 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U38 & u38_f & INT & \%MW11.568 & OB26h & USER P38 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U39 & u39_f & INT & \%MW11.569 & OB27h & USER P39 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U40 & u40_f & INT & \%MW11.570 & OB28h & USER P40 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U41 & u41_f & INT & \%MW11.571 & OB29h & USER P41 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U42 & u42_f & INT & \%MW11.572 & 0B2Ah & USER P42 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U43 & u43_f & INT & \%MW11.573 & 0B2Bh & USER P43 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U44 & u44_f & INT & \%MW11.574 & 0b2Ch & USER P44 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U45 & u45_f & INT & \%MW11.575 & 0B2Dh & USER P45 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U46 & u46_f & INT & \%MW11.576 & OB2Eh & USER P46 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U47 & u47_f & INT & \%MW11.577 & 0B2Fh & USER P47 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U48 & u48_f & INT & \%MW11.578 & OB30h & USER P48 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U49 & u49_f & INT & \%MW11.579 & OB31h & USER P49 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U50 & u50_f & INT & \%MW11.580 & 0B32h & USER P50 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U51 & u51_f & INT & \%MW11.581 & 0B33h & USER P51 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U52 & u52_f & INT & \%MW11.582 & OB34h & USER P52 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U53 & u53_f & INT & \%MW11.583 & OB35h & USER P53 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U54 & u54_f & INT & \%MW11.584 & OB36h & USER P54 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U55 & u55_f & INT & \%MW11.585 & 0B37h & USER P55 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U56 & u56_f & INT & \%MW11.586 & OB38h & USER P56 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U57 & u57_f & INT & \%MW11.587 & 0B39h & USER P57 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U58 & u58_f & INT & \%MW11.588 & 0B3Ah & USER P58 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U59 & u59_f & INT & \%MW11.589 & 0B3Bh & USER P59 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U60 & u60_f & INT & \%MW11.590 & OB3Ch & USER P60 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U61 & u61_f & INT & \%MW11.591 & 0B3Dh & USER P61/U-Ai1 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U62 & u62_f & INT & \%MW11.592 & OB3Eh & USER P62/U-Ai2 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U63 & u63_f & INT & \%MW11.593 & OB3Fh & USER P63/U-Ai3 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline U64 & u64_f & INT & \%MW11.594 & OB40h & USER P64/U-Ai4 & -32768 to 32767 & 0 & 5 & Yes \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Table 5-2-31 M: Monitor Functions
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{M code} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{60 ms updating and referencing data} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Highspeed Updating address} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Name} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Setting range} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned}
& \text { Default } \\
& \text { setting }
\end{aligned}\right.
\]} & \multirow{2}{*}{Type} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline & Variable name & Type & Address & & & & & & \\
\hline M01 & m01_f & INT & \%MW11.611 & No & Speed setting 4 (ASR input) & -32000 to 32000: (data)*Nmax/20000 r/min & - & 31 & No \\
\hline M02 & m02_f & INT & \%MW11.612 & No & Torque command & 0.01\% / 1d & - & 7 & No \\
\hline M03 & m03_f & INT & \%MW11.613 & No & Torque current command & 0.01\% / 1d & - & 7 & No \\
\hline M04 & m04_f & INT & \%MW11.614 & No & Magnetic flux command & 0.01\% / 1d & - & 7 & No \\
\hline M05 & m05_f & UINT & \%MW11.615 & No & Output frequency command & 0.1Hz / 1d & - & 2 & No \\
\hline M06 & m06_f & INT & \%MW11.616 & No & Detected speed & -32000 to 32000 : (data)*Nmax/20000 r/min & - & 31 & No \\
\hline M07 & m07_f & INT & \%MW11.617 & No & Calculated torque & 0.01\% / 1d & - & 7 & No \\
\hline M08 & m08_f & INT & \%MW11.618 & No & Calculated torque current & 0.01\% / 1d & - & 7 & No \\
\hline M09 & m09_f & UINT & \%MW11.619 & No & Output frequency & 0.1Hz / 1d & - & 2 & No \\
\hline M10 & m10_f & UINT & \%MW11.620 & No & Motor output & \(0.1 \mathrm{~kW} / 1 \mathrm{~d}\) & - & 2 & No \\
\hline M11 & m11_f & UINT & \%MW11.621 & No & Effective output current & 0.1A / 1d & - & 2 & No \\
\hline M12 & m12_f & UINT & \%MW11.622 & No & Effective output voltage & \(0.1 \mathrm{~V} / 1 \mathrm{~d}\) & - & 2 & No \\
\hline M13 & m13_f & WORD & \%MW11.623 & No & Operation command (final command) & 0000 to FFFF & - & 32 & No \\
\hline M14 & m14_f & WORD & \%MW11.624 & No & Operation status & 0000 to FFFF & - & 21 & No \\
\hline M15 & m15_f & WORD & \%MW11.625 & No & Output terminal Y1 to Y18 & 0000 to FFFF & - & 33 & No \\
\hline M16 & m16_f & WORD & \%MW11.626 & No & Latest alarm & 0000 to 552F & - & 14 & No \\
\hline M17 & m17_f & WORD & \%MW11.627 & No & Previous alarm & 0000 to 552F & - & 15 & No \\
\hline M18 & m18_f & WORD & \%MW11.628 & No & Alarm before previous one & 0000 to 552F & - & 15 & No \\
\hline M19 & m19_f & WORD & \%MW11.629 & No & Alarm before two previous ones & 0000 to 552F & - & 15 & No \\
\hline M20 & m20_f & UINT & \%MW11.630 & No & Cumulative operation time & 0 to 65535 h & - & 0 & No \\
\hline M21 & m21_f & UINT & \%MW11.631 & No & DC link circuit voltage & 1V/1d & - & 0 & No \\
\hline M22 & m22_f & INT & \%MW11.632 & No & Motor temperature & 1 /1d & - & 5 & No \\
\hline M23 & m23_f & WORD & \%MW11.633 & No & Model code & 0000 to FFFF 200V type: 1313h 400V type: 1314h & - & 29 & No \\
\hline M24 & m24_f & UINT & \%MW11.634 & No & Capacity code & 0 to 34 & - & 28 & No \\
\hline M25 & m25_f & WORD & \%MW11.635 & No & \begin{tabular}{l}
Inverter ROM \\
(Main control) version
\end{tabular} & 0000 to FFFF & - & 9 & No \\
\hline M26 & m26_f & UINT & \%MW11.636 & No & Transmission error code & 0000 to FFFF & - & 34 & No \\
\hline M27 & m27_f & INT & \%MW11.637 & No & Speed setting on alarm & -32000 to 32000 : (data)*Nmax/20000 r/min & - & 31 & No \\
\hline M28 & m28_f & INT & \%MW11.638 & No & Torque command on alarm & 0.01\% / 1d & - & 7 & No \\
\hline M29 & m29_f & INT & \%MW11.639 & No & Torque current command on alarm & 0.01\% / 1d & - & 7 & No \\
\hline M30 & m30_f & UINT & \%MW11.640 & No & Magnetic flux command on alarm & 0.01\% / 1d & - & 3 & No \\
\hline M31 & m31_f & UINT & \%MW11.641 & No & Output frequency command on alarm & \(0.1 \mathrm{~Hz} / 1 \mathrm{~d}\) & - & 2 & No \\
\hline M32 & m32_f & INT & \%MW11.642 & No & Detected speed on alarm & -32000 to 32000 : (data)*Nmax/20000 r/min & - & 31 & No \\
\hline M33 & m33_f & INT & \%MW11.643 & No & Calculated torque on alarm & 0.01\% / 1d & - & 7 & No \\
\hline M34 & m34_f & INT & \%MW11.644 & No & Calculated torque current on alarm & 0.01\% / 1d & - & 7 & No \\
\hline M35 & m35_f & UINT & \%MW11.645 & No & Output frequency on alarm & 0.1Hz / 1d & - & 2 & No \\
\hline M36 & m36_f & UINT & \%MW11.646 & No & Motor output on alarm & \(0.1 \mathrm{~kW} / 1 \mathrm{~d}\) & - & 2 & No \\
\hline M37 & m37_f & UINT & \%MW11.647 & No & Effective output current on alarm & \(0.1 \mathrm{~A} / 1 \mathrm{~d}\) & - & 2 & No \\
\hline M38 & m38_f & UINT & \%MW11.648 & No & Effective output voltage on alarm & 0.1V/1d & - & 2 & No \\
\hline M39 & m39_f & WORD & \%MW11.649 & No & Operation command on alarm & 0000 to FFFF & - & 32 & No \\
\hline M40 & m40_f & WORD & \%MW11.650 & No & Operation status on alarm & 0000 to FFFF & - & 21 & No \\
\hline M41 & m41_f & WORD & \%MW11.651 & No & Output terminal on alarm & 0000 to FFFF & - & 33 & No \\
\hline M42 & m42_f & UINT & \%MW11.652 & No & Cumulative operation hours on alarm & 0 to 65535 h & - & 0 & No \\
\hline M43 & m43_f & UINT & \%MW11.653 & No & DC link circuit voltage on alarm & 1V/1d & - & 0 & No \\
\hline M44 & m44_f & INT & \%MW11.654 & No & Inverter internal temperature on alarm & \(1 / 1 \mathrm{~d}\) & - & 5 & No \\
\hline M45 & m45_f & INT & \%MW11.655 & No & Heat sink temperature on alarm & \(1 / 1 \mathrm{~d}\) & - & 5 & No \\
\hline M46 & m46_f & UINT & \%MW11.656 & No & Main circuit capacitor life & 0 to 100\% & - & 0 & No \\
\hline M47 & m47_f & UINT & \%MW11.657 & No & PCB capacitor life & 0 to 65535 [10h] & - & 0 & No \\
\hline M48 & m48_f & UINT & \%MW11.658 & No & Cooling fan life & 0 to 65535 [10h] & - & 0 & No \\
\hline M49 & m49_f & INT & \%MW11.659 & No & \begin{tabular}{l}
Speed setting 1 \\
(Before multi-step speed command)
\end{tabular} & -32000 to 32000 : (data)*Nmax/20000 r/min & - & 31 & No \\
\hline M50 & m50_f & INT & \%MW11.660 & No & \begin{tabular}{l}
Speed setting 2 \\
(Before ACC/DEC calculation)
\end{tabular} & -32000 to 32000 : (data)*Nmax/20000 r/min & - & 31 & No \\
\hline M51 & m51_f & INT & \%MW11.661 & No & Speed setting 3 (after speed control) & -32000 to 32000 : (data)*Nmax/20000 r/min & - & 31 & No \\
\hline M52 & m52_f & WORD & \%MW11.662 & No & Control output 1 & 0000 to FFFF & - & 125 & No \\
\hline M53 & m53_f & WORD & \%MW11.663 & No & Control output 2 & 0000 to FFFF & - & 126 & No \\
\hline M54 & m54_f & WORD & \%MW11.664 & No & Control output 3 & 0000 to FFFF & - & 127 & No \\
\hline M55 & m55_f & WORD & \%MW11.665 & No & Option monitor 1 & 0000 to FFFF & - & 9 & No \\
\hline M56 & m56_f & WORD & \%MW11.666 & No & Option monitor 2 & 0000 to FFFF & - & 9 & No \\
\hline M57 & m57_f & UINT & \%MW11.667 & No & Option monitor 3 & 0 to 65535 & - & 0 & No \\
\hline M58 & m58_f & UINT & \%MW11.668 & No & Option monitor 4 & 0 to 65535 & - & 0 & No \\
\hline M59 & m59_f & INT & \%MW11.669 & No & Option monitor 5 & -32768 to 32767 & - & 5 & No \\
\hline M60 & m60_f & INT & \%MW11.670 & No & Option monitor 6 & -32768 to 32767 & - & 5 & No \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
You can change the setting of the shaded setting code during operation. Stop operation to change the setting of the other functions.
}

\subsection*{5.2.3.4 Data format list}

Data format list
This format is for access to function code from the link, and is common to FRENIC-VG.
Data type 0 to 13
In principle, all data exchange is executed using 0 to 13 codes.
Table 5-2-32
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Type & Description & Display/setting & Resolution & Remark \\
\hline 0 & Integer & 0, 1, 2, 3,..... & 1 & \\
\hline 1 & Integer & 0, 2, 4, 6,..... & 2 & Number of motor poles only \\
\hline 2 & \multirow{3}{*}{Fixed point} & 0.0, 0.1, 0.2,..... & 0.1 & \\
\hline 3 & & 0.00, 0.01, 0.02,..... & 0.01 & \\
\hline 4 & & 0.001, 0.002, 0.003,..... & 0.001 & \\
\hline 5 & Integer (signed) & \(-2,-1,0,1,2, \ldots \ldots\) & 1 & \\
\hline 6 & \multirow{3}{*}{Fixed point (signed)} & -0.1, 0.0, 0.1,...... & 0.1 & \\
\hline 7 & & -0.01, 0.00, 0.01,..... & 0.01 & \\
\hline 8 & & \(-0.001,0.000,0.001, \ldots \ldots\). & 0.001 & \\
\hline 9 & HEX & 1A8E & 1h & \begin{tabular}{l}
Initial cursor position is left end. Cursor does not move automatically. \\
When setting range is from 00 to 11 , you should specify individual digits toset only 00 , 01, 10, or 11.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 10 & Special data 3 & \(0.75,1,2, \ldots 14,15\) & & Carrier frequency setting \\
\hline 11 & Operation data & & 1 & The setting is automatically reset to zero after the data is written. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Data type 12 to 145
The following data have special formats.
Type [12]: Time, current, power, PID process values


Mantissa Exponent \(=0: 0\) to 999, Exponent \(=1\) to \(3: 100\) to 999
Exponent \(=0: 0.01\) times ( 0.00 to 9.99)
1: 0.1 times (10.0 to 99.9)
2: 1 times (100 to 999)
3: 10 times (1000 to 9990)
Polarity
0 : Positive (+), 1: Negative (-)

Type [13]: Current and others


Mantissa Exponent = 0: 0 to 9999, Exponent = 1, 2 to 3: 1000 to 9999
Exponent \(=0: 0.01\) times (0.00 to 99.99)
1: 0.1 times (100.0 to 999.9)
2: 1 times (1000 to 9999)
3: 10 times (10000 to 99990)

\section*{Type［14］：Cause of alarm}


Table 5－2－33 Alarm codes
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Code & Display & Description & Code & Display & Description & Code & Display & Description \\
\hline 0 & －－－ & No alarm & 22 & （17）12 & External failure & 44 & ， & Error code C for specified users \\
\hline 1 & －－ & No alarm & 23 & 1711イフ & Inverter internal overheat & 45 &  & Error code D for specified users \\
\hline 2 & ロ゙イいで & Braking resistor overheat & 24 &  & Motor overheat & 46 & A1， & Error code E for specified users \\
\hline 3 & ธ1\％ & DC fuse break & 25 & 保 & Motor 1 overload（M1） & 47 & A1， & Error code F for specified users \\
\hline 4 & ロ゙いて & Excessive positioning deviation & 26 & ぐ1゙くて & Motor 2 overload（M2） & 48 & ロ11イ & Braking transistor broken \\
\hline 5 & E－1 & Ground fault & 27 & ilit 7 & Motor 3 overload（M3） & 49 & に， & Safety circuit error \\
\hline 6 & E－i & Memory error & 28 & 倞じし & Inverter overload & 50 & Eール & Hardware error \\
\hline 7 & にーご & Keypad communication error & 29 & 年谷 & Excessive speed & 51 & ！，－ィ－ & Mock alarm \\
\hline 8 & E－J & CPU error & 30 & Lill \({ }^{\prime \prime}\) & Overvoltage & 52 & 二iII & Starting jam \\
\hline 9 & Eーム & Network error & 31 & イ゙でし & Charging circuit error & 53 & －11\％イ9 & DC fan locked \\
\hline 10 & E－S & RS－485 error & 32 & \(1 \times 1\) & PG wire breakage （including incorrect wiring） & 54 & ELi & Serial encoder error \\
\hline 11 & EーG & Operation step error & 33 & A17 & Error code 1 for specified users & 55 & －－－ & No alarm \\
\hline 12 & E－7 & Output wiring error & 34 & パーブ & Error code 2 for specified users & 56 & E＇－ & \begin{tabular}{l}
Serial encoder \\
Communication error
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 13 & E－G & A／D converter error & 35 & A11－7 & Error code 3 for specified users & 57 & －－ & No alarm \\
\hline 14 & E－G & Speed disagreement & 36 & ， & Error code 4 for specified users & 58 & －－ & No alarm \\
\hline 15 & E－17 & UPAC error & 37 &  & Error code 5 for specified users & 59 & －－ & No alarm \\
\hline 16 & にーム & Link between inverters communication error & 38 & A17 & Error code 6 for specified users & 60 & －－ & No alarm \\
\hline 17 & －117 & Power phase loss & 39 & A－7 & Error code 7 for specified users & 61 & （11） & Output phase loss \\
\hline 18 & L Ĺ＇ & Undervoltage & 40 &  & Error code 8 for specified users & 62 & 5115 & Functional safety card error \\
\hline 19 & ハーム & NTC thermistor break & 41 & A17－9 & Error code 9 for specified users & 63 & SM－I＇ & Functional safety card error \\
\hline 20 & LiII & Overcurrent & 42 & A1， & Error code A for specified users & 64 & － & No alarm \\
\hline 21 & ＇2717＇＇ & Heat sink overheat & 43 & A1， & Error code B for specified users & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Type [15]: Alarm history


Type [16]: Percentage


\section*{Type [21]: Operation status}


\section*{Type [26]: DIOB option input state}

Type [27]: DIOB option output state


\section*{[26] Input state}
[27] Output state
0) X 2
1) \(X 22\)
2) \(X 23\)
3) \(\times 24\)
4) \(X 25\)
5) \(X 26\)
6) \(\times 27\)
7) \(X 28\)
8) \(\times 29\)
9) X 30
10) \(X 31\)
11) \(X 32\)
12) \(X 33\)
13) \(X 34\)
14) \(X 35\)
15) \(\times 36\)

1: Remarks

\section*{Type [28]: Inverter capacity}

Table 5-2-34
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Code & Inverter capacity & Code & Inverter capacity & Code & Inverter capacity & Code & Inverter capacity & Code & Inverter capacity \\
\hline 0 & 0.05 & 8 & 5.5 & 16 & 45 & 24 & 220 & 32 & 630 \\
\hline 1 & 0.1 & 9 & 7.5 & 17 & 55 & 25 & 250 & 33 & 710 \\
\hline 2 & 0.2 & 10 & 11 & 18 & 75 & 26 & 280 & 34 & 800 \\
\hline 3 & 0.4 & 11 & 15 & 19 & 90 & 27 & 315 & & \\
\hline 4 & 0.75 & 12 & 18.5 & 20 & 110 & 28 & 355 & & \\
\hline 5 & 1.5 & 13 & 22 & 21 & 132 & 29 & 400 & & \\
\hline 6 & 2.2 & 14 & 30 & 22 & 160 & 30 & OTHER & & \\
\hline 7 & 3.7 & 15 & 37 & 23 & 200 & 31 & 500 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Type [29]: Inverter model (common to entire FUJI inverter system)}

The number is fixed to 1313 or 1314 for the FRENIC-VG inverters
200V system: Fixed to 1313 h
400V system: Fixed to 1314 h

\section*{Type [31]: Speed}


Data \((0\) to \(\pm 20,000) \rightarrow(0\) to \(\pm 12,000 \times r / m i n):(\) Data \() \times\) Nmax/20,000 conversion
(Example) When the maximum speed is Nmax \(=1,500 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\),
- If you want to direct a speed reference of \(1,000 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}\),

Specify a data of
\[
\frac{1000}{1500} \times 20000 \rightarrow 13333
\]

Note 1) If the read out data is 3,500 ,
You can determine the speed is
\[
\frac{1500}{20000} \times 3,500 \rightarrow 262.5 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min} .
\]

Type [32]: Operation commands, [33]: Y1 to Y18
This type is the same as S 06 and S07.


0: OFF,
1: Remarks

Type [34]: Communication error codes


Description of alarms in the communication through the link (RS485, T-Link, field bus). The following data is set to the monitor data M26 according to the communication status. The codes listed in the column "KEYPAD panel display" is displayed on the KEYPAD panel as a communication error
Table 5-2-35
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { M26 } \\
\text { (HEX.) }
\end{gathered}
\] & Keypad panel display & Communication error name & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Description} \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
0 \\
(0 \mathrm{H})
\end{gathered}
\] & - & No communication error & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
1 Normal communication \\
2 A data is written to an unused address of the function code (writing to address out of the specified range is defined separately). \\
3 A data is read from an unused address. The data will be "0000". \\
4 Writing to the \(S\) area while link operation is disabled. The data will not be reflected and cause no error. \\
5 A data out of range is written to the \(S\) area. The data is written afteradjusted to the upper or the lower limit. \\
6 Access from another link or the KEYPAD panel occurs during datawriting (EEPROM other than the \(S\) area is accessed). \\
7 Writing to operation data (such as tuning or initialization) duringmultiple function codes are being written once through the link. The inverter decides that the procedure is canceled and continues the writing. \\
8 Writing to/reading from option function codes that are not displayedon the KEYPAD panel
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline 1 to 32 & - & & & \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
33 \text { to } \\
70
\end{gathered}
\] & - & Not used & & \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
71 \\
(47 \mathrm{H})
\end{gathered}
\] & 04 & Checksum error: CRC error & Software error & Checksum value or CRC value does notmatch. \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
72 \\
(48 \mathrm{H})
\end{gathered}
\] & 05 & Parity error & Hardware error & Parity does not match. \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
73 \\
(49 \mathrm{H})
\end{gathered}
\] & 06 & Others (such as overrun, framing) & & Physical (reception) errors other than above. \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
74 \\
(4 \mathrm{AH})
\end{gathered}
\] & 01 & Format error & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Incorrect format. Characters requesting transmission are incorrect. Characters terminating transmission are not in the specified order.} \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
75 \\
(4 \mathrm{BH})
\end{gathered}
\] & 01 & Command error & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Codes other than the specified commands are transmitted.} \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
76 \\
(4 \mathrm{CH})
\end{gathered}
\] & 07 & Link priority error & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1 Writing to the S area through RS485 while a link option is installed. 2 Writing to the \(S\) area through a link with lower priority while multiple link options are installed.} \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
77 \\
(4 \mathrm{DH})
\end{gathered}
\] & 07 & No right to write functioncode data & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Not used} \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
78 \\
(4 \mathrm{EH})
\end{gathered}
\] & 02 & Function code error & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
1 Access to a data out of the address range of the function codes (such as access to a data over F86). \\
2 Writing data over 16 words.
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
79 \\
(4 \mathrm{FH})
\end{gathered}
\] & 07 & Error on writing to writedisableddata & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
1 Write-disabled function codes (Read-only data or the M area). \\
2 Function codes write-disabled during operation. \\
3 Writing through the link to data out of the S area in "write-disabledthrough link" mode. Note that F00 or "Write enable for KEYPAD" cannot protect from writing through the link. \\
4 Function codes that cannot be written through the link (link function codes: H31 to H40) \\
5 Writing to M1 function code \((\mathrm{P})\) area when motor parameters areprotected. \\
6 Writing through the link in the copy mode operation of the KEYPADpanel.
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
80 \\
(50 \mathrm{H})
\end{gathered}
\] & 03 & Data error & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Written data is out of the setting range.} \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
81 \\
(51 \mathrm{H})
\end{gathered}
\] & 07 & Error during writing & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Another writing request comes from the same source while writingfunction code data (EEPROM other than the S area is accessed).} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Note: The alarm codes 1 to 32 constitute a code system specific to the FRENIC-VG different from the assignment for the general purpose inverters.
The communication error codes 71 to 81 are common to the different models. Note that some causes of alarm arespecific to models.
The KEYPAD panel does not display raw communication error codes but the values in the "KEYPAD panel display"column in the table above.
The KEYPAD panel displays "**" when it receives data that does not have a corresponding "KEYPAD panel display"in the table above.

Type [35]: X function normally open/closed
Type [36]: Y function normally open/closed


\section*{Type [40] to [99]}

These types are reserved for the manufacturer. Users can considers these types as type [0] to use.

\section*{Type [82]: M1 Motor Selection}

Table 5-2-36
\begin{tabular}{|c|l|l||c|l|l||l|l|l|}
\hline Code & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ kW indication } & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ HP indication } & Code & kW indication & HP indication & Code & kW indication & HP indication \\
\hline 0 & \(00: 0.75-2\) & \(00: 1-2\) & 17 & \(17: 3.7-4\) & \(17: 5-4\) & 34 & \(34: 200-4\) & \(34: 250-4\) \\
\hline 1 & \(01: 1.5-2\) & \(01: 2-2\) & 18 & \(18: 5.5-4\) & \(18: 7.5-4\) & 35 & \(35: 220-4\) & \(35: 300-4\) \\
\hline 2 & \(02: 2.2-2\) & \(02: 3-2\) & 19 & \(19: 7.5-4\) & \(19: 10-4\) & 36 & \(36:\) P-OTR & \(36:\) P-OTR \\
\hline 3 & \(03: 3.7-2\) & \(03: 5-2\) & 20 & \(20: 11-4\) & \(20: 15-4\) & 37 & \(37:\) OTHER & \(37:\) OTHER \\
\hline 4 & \(04: 5.5-2\) & \(04: 7.5-2\) & 21 & \(21: 15-4\) & \(21: 20-4\) & 38 & \(38: 30-2 A\) & \(38: 40-2 A\) \\
\hline 5 & \(05: 7.5-2\) & \(05: 10-2\) & 22 & \(22: 18.5-4\) & \(22: 25-4\) & 39 & \(39: 55-2 \mathrm{~A}\) & \(39: 75-2 \mathrm{~A}\) \\
\hline 6 & \(06: 11-2\) & \(06: 15-2\) & 23 & \(23: 22-4\) & \(23: 30-4\) & 40 & \(40: 75-2 \mathrm{~A}\) & \(40: 100-2 \mathrm{~A}\) \\
\hline 7 & \(07: 15-2\) & \(07: 20-2\) & 24 & \(24: 30-4\) & \(24: 40-4\) & 41 & \(41: 90-2 \mathrm{~A}\) & \(41: 125-2 \mathrm{~A}\) \\
\hline 8 & \(08: 18.5-2\) & \(08: 25-2\) & 25 & \(25: 37-4\) & \(25: 50-4\) & 42 & \(42: 30-4 \mathrm{~A}\) & \(42: 40-4 \mathrm{~A}\) \\
\hline 9 & \(09: 22-2\) & \(09: 30-2\) & 26 & \(26: 45-4 \mathrm{Y}\) & \(26: 60-4 \mathrm{Y}\) & 43 & \(43: 55-4 \mathrm{~A}\) & \(43: 75-4 \mathrm{~A}\) \\
\hline 10 & \(10: 30-2\) & \(10: 40-2\) & 27 & \(27: 45-4 \mathrm{~S}\) & \(27: 60-4 \mathrm{~S}\) & 44 & \(44: 75-4 \mathrm{~A}\) & \(44: 100-4 \mathrm{~A}\) \\
\hline 11 & \(11: 37-2\) & \(11: 50-2\) & 28 & \(28: 55-4\) & \(28: 75-4\) & 45 & \(45: 90-4 \mathrm{~A}\) & \(45: 125-4 \mathrm{~A}\) \\
\hline 12 & \(12: 45-2 \mathrm{Y}\) & \(12: 60-2 \mathrm{Y}\) & 29 & \(29: 75-4\) & \(29: 100-4\) & 46 & \(46: 110-4 \mathrm{~A}\) & \(46: 150-4 \mathrm{~A}\) \\
\hline 13 & \(13: 45-2 \mathrm{~S}\) & \(13: 60-2 \mathrm{~S}\) & 30 & \(30: 90-4\) & \(30: 125-4\) & 47 & \(47: 132-4 \mathrm{~A}\) & \(47: 175-4 \mathrm{~A}\) \\
\hline 14 & \(14: 55-2\) & \(14: 75-2\) & 31 & \(31: 110-4\) & \(31: 150-4\) & 48 & \(48: 160-4 \mathrm{~A}\) & \(48: 200-4 \mathrm{~A}\) \\
\hline 15 & \(15: 75-2\) & \(15: 100-2\) & 32 & \(32: 132-4\) & \(32: 175-4\) & 49 & \(49: 200-4 \mathrm{~A}\) & \(49: 250-4 \mathrm{~A}\) \\
\hline 16 & \(16: 90-2\) & \(16: 125-2\) & 33 & \(33: 160-4\) & \(33: 200-4\) & 50 & \(50: 220-4 \mathrm{~A}\) & \(50: 300-4 \mathrm{~A}\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Type [125]: Control output 1

0) Inverter running
[RUN]
1) Speed existence
[ \(\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{EX}\) ]
2) Speed agreement
[N-AG]
3) Speed equivalence
[N-AR]
4) Detected speed 1
[N-DT1]
5) Detected speed 2
[N-DT2]
6) Detected speed 3
[N-DT3]
7) Stopping on undervoltage
[LU]
8) Torque polarity detection (braking/driving)
[B/D]
9) Torque Limiting
[TL]
10) Torque detection 1
[T-DT1]
11) Torque detection 2
[T-DT2]
12) Keypad operation enabled
[KP]
13) Inverter stoppage
[STOP]
14) Operation ready
15) Magnetic flux detection signal

Type [126]: Control output 2

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 0) & Motor M2 selection status & [SW-M2] \\
\hline 1) & Motor M3 selection status & [SW-M3] \\
\hline & Brake release signal & [BRK] \\
\hline 3) & Alarm indication & [AL1] \\
\hline 4) & Alarm indication & [AL2] \\
\hline 5) & Alarm indication & [AL4] \\
\hline 6) & Alarm indication & [AL8] \\
\hline & Cooling fan operation & [FAN] \\
\hline & Auto-resetting & [TRY] \\
\hline 9) & Universal DO & [U-DO] \\
\hline 10) & Heat sink overheat early warning & [ \(\mathrm{INV}-\mathrm{OH}\) ] \\
\hline & Synchronization completion & [SY-C] \\
\hline 12) & Life alarm & [LIFE] \\
\hline 13) & Accelerating & [U-ACC] \\
\hline 14) & Decelerating & [U-DEC] \\
\hline & Inverter overload early warning & [INV-OL] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Type [127]: Control output 3


\subsection*{5.2.4 Option Monitor Area Address Assignment}

Data in UPAC can be displayed on the LED monitor of the KEYPAD panel of the inverter where theUPAC is installed whether FRN-VG six-unit system or FRN-VG twelve-unit system is selected.
Data are reflected at about 60ms fixed cycle.
When you use this feature, select a code from the Function List or specify the address (\%MW area) in thetable to register a variable.
This area is used for writing from UPAC to INV1.
See the section for the KEYPAD panel operation for the option monitor indication on the KEYPAD panel.

OP1-OP6
Table 5-2-37
\begin{tabular}{|c|l|l|}
\hline \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Code } & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Address } & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ Type } \\
\hline OP1 & \%MW11.681 & WORD \\
\hline OP2 & \%MW11.682 & WORD \\
\hline OP3 & \%MW11.683 & UINT \\
\hline OP4 & \%MW11.684 & UINT \\
\hline OP5 & \%MW11.685 & INT \\
\hline OP6 & \%MW11.686 & INT \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\subsection*{5.2.5 User Application RAS Area Address Assignment}

An application designed by user can monitor the state and activate the inverter protective action (alarmstate) whether FRN-VG six-unit system or FRN-VG twelve-unit system is selected.
Sixteen bits (16 types) are provided corresponding to cause of alarms. When any bit is set to ON, theinverter generates an "ErA" alarm and enters into the protective function activation state. You cannotcancel (reset) the ErA alarm unless you set all bits to OFF.

User RAS
Table 5-2-38
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Address & Type \\
\hline \%MW11.690 & WORD \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{FRENIC-VG}

\section*{Chapter 6 Maintenance and Inspection}

This chapter describes the items of periodic inspection and the procedure of battery replacement.

\section*{Contents}
6.1 General Inspection Points ..... 6-1
6.1.1 Inspection Intervals ..... 6-1
6.1.2 Inspection items ..... 6-1
6.2 Replacing the Battery ..... 6-2
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\subsection*{6.1 General Inspection Points}

The UPAC must be regularly inspected to enable it to operate to its maximum performance.

\section*{©CAUTION}
- Confirm that the unit is used at the rated voltage specified in the FRENIC-VG INSTRUCTION MANUAL and USER'S MANUAL.

\section*{A fire or malfunction may occur.}
- Confirm that the unit is used under the environmental conditions specified in the FRENIC-VG INSTRUCTION MANUAL and USER'S MANUAL.
- Do not use the unit in a hot or humid environment or an environment where it is subjected to dew, dust, corrosive gas, oil, organic solvent or serious vibration or impact.
A fire, electric shock or malfunction may occur.
- Confirm the unit to see if there are foreign substances inside, such as dirt, wire scraps, and iron chips, and proper measures are taken to prevent them.

\section*{A fire or malfunction may occur.}
- Regularly confirm that the terminal screws and the setscrews are securely tightened.

A fire or malfunction may occur.

\subsection*{6.1.1 Inspection Intervals}

The UPAC consists mainly of semiconductor elements and is a highly reliable product. However, the elements may deteriorate depending on the ambient environment, and it is, therefore, necessary to perform a regular inspection on the UPAC. The unit must be inspected once or twice a year, but it should be inspected at shorter intervals according to the ambient environment. If any of the inspection results does not meet the criterion, take appropriate corrective measures.

\subsection*{6.1.2 Inspection Items}

Follow the items in the table below to inspect your facility.
Table 6-1-1
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Inspection items} & What to inspect & Criteria & How to inspect \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{UPAC operation state} & Failure diagnosis display with D300win & Normal display. No major or minor fault. & Visual inspection \\
\hline \multirow{4}{*}{Ambient condition} & Temperature & Within the specification (temperature inside the panel if installed in the panel) & -10 to \(+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\) & Maximum and minimum thermometer \\
\hline & Humidity & Condensation. Excessive color change or rust. & 20\% to 95\%RH & Visual inspection/ hygrometer \\
\hline & Vibration & Vibration & None & Tactile inspection \\
\hline & Dust & Attached dust or foreign object & None & Visual inspection \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow{4}{*}{Mounting state}} & Individual cards are fixed firmly & No loose cards & Visual inspection \\
\hline & & Screws of terminals for external wiring are not loose & No loose screws & Screwdriver \\
\hline & & Connector for connecting cable is inserted firmly & No loose or playing connectors & Visual inspection, screwdriver \\
\hline & & Disconnecting external wiring cable & No abnormal appearance & Visual inspection \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Battery} & Expiration date is reached (Note) & Expiration label display & Visual inspection, "2) Battery change" \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Maintenance parts} & Required number of parts exist. Stored properly. & Inspection record & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Program} & No abnormality when referred. Source program is stored properly. & No abnormality & Program reference \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Note: Voltage of battery decreases in storage due to self discharge. Change to new battery before expiration date is reached.

\subsection*{6.2 Replacing the Battery}

\section*{WARNING}
- When an ErA alarm (UPAC alarm) is displayed on the FRENIC-VG and the minor failure of lower battery voltage is discovered by the D300win failure diagnosis, replace the battery immediately. Applications operating with backup memory do not undergo an ErA alarm (critical failure: memory backup error) when the control power of the inverter is turned on, even if the power voltage drops (backup failure during a power outage). However, once the power is turned off, an ErA alarm will be issued upon power-on and the retained data will be lost.

An accident may occur.

\section*{CAUTION}

Precautions for handling the battery
- Do not short both of the poles.
- Do not throw the battery into fire.
- Do not charge or dismantle the battery.
- Dispose of the battery according to the regulations stipulated by the competent local administrative agency.

Replace the battery with a new one when it reaches the effective period even if no battery failure message is displayed.

Replace the battery immediately with a new one when an "ErA (UPAC alarm" occurs on the FRENIC-VG and the minor failure of lower battery voltage is discovered by the D300win failure diagnosis.
Although the battery can be used for another one week or so after an ErA alarm (minor failure relating to the battery) is issued, replace it immediately.

Table 6-2-1
\begin{tabular}{l|l}
\hline Replacement timing & \begin{tabular}{l} 
The year and month are displayed on the battery (guarantee period). \\
Note: The battery replacement timing is the year and month five years \\
after manufacture.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Replacement battery model & OPK-BP \\
\hline Nominal voltage & 3.6 V \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\subsection*{6.2.1 Battery Replacement Procedure}

\section*{CAUTION}
- Improper operations during battery mounting or removal may cause damage to the product.
- Before mounting or removing the battery, turn OFF the inverter input power and confirm that the charge lamp (CHARGE) is OFF. If the external control circuit is powered by a separate power supply, the power is applied to the inverter control terminals 30A, 30B, 30C, Y5A, and Y5C even if all of the inverter main circuit, control, and auxiliary power supplies are turned OFF (open).
- Turn OFF (open) the external power supply as well to prevent electric shocks.

\section*{CAUTION}
- An ErA alarm (critical failure: memory backup error) may occur when the power is first turned ON after battery replacement. If this happens, leave the power turned on for about 30 seconds, and turn the power off then on again.

Follow the procedure below to properly replace the battery:
1) Remove the front cover from the FRENIC-VG.

See the supplied instruction manual before removing the front cover.
As shown in the figure below, remove the front cover from the inverter. Note that the removing method is different between applicable inverter models (capacities).
2) How to handle the optional UPAC

The battery can be replaced with the optional UPAC attached. However, it is advisable to remove the spacers before replacing the battery, as guided by the supplied instruction manual.
3) Replacing the battery
(1) Disconnect the battery connector from the CN2, and cut the band securing the battery with nippers.
(2) Replace the battery with a new one, and secure the battery with a new band as shown in the figure below. The contents of backup data (retain memory) will be lost if the battery is kept removed. It is advisable to save required data before turning OFF the power.
(3) Connect the battery connector to the CN2.
(4) Mount the optional UPAC and replace the FRENIC-VG front cover by reversing the above procedure, and turn ON the power.
(5) A critical failure (memory backup error) may occur when the power is first turned ON after battery replacement. In this case, keep the power ON for approximately 30 seconds, then turn it OFF and ON again.


Fig. 6-2-1

High performance vector control inverter

\section*{FRENIC-VG}

\section*{User's Manual (UPAC edition)}

First Edition, June 2013
Second Edition, July 2013
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[^0]:    Note Ignorance of these indications and incorrect handling may invalidate FRENIC-VG's intended performances, or cause such incorrect operations and settings to result in an accident.
    Tip Convenient tips for reference in inverter operations and settings
    (1]) References

[^1]:    * Design the number of inputs and outputs with some spare points.

    If the number of inputs and outputs is in shortage or there is no spare points, installation of an external PLC is recommended.

[^2]:    * The IQ area is the control data area for speed, torque and other data items exchanged at a high speed.
    * Items related directly to the user in the M area is the function code area (F, E, C, P, H, A, o, L, U).
    * The RM area is the retain memory area assigned by the user for applications.

[^3]:    Note 1: Though the setting range of U01 through U63 is from -32768 to 32767, enter the settings in the above effective setting ranges.

